The New-York Times.

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OUR RELATIONS WITH SPAIN

RESULT OF RECENT NEGOTIATIONS.

RIGHTS OF AMERICAN CITIZENS IN CUBA FULLY CONCEDED AND IN FUTURE TO BE PROTECTED—THE CLAIMS OF OUR GOVERNMENT PRESSED WITH FIRMNESS—THE NAVY AS AN ELEMENT IN DIPLOMACY.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—There is reason to believe that all questions at issue between the United States and Spain have been satisfactorily settled by Spain yielding to the requests or demands of the United States. The note which the Madrid press reports say was handed to Mr. Cushing yesterday is understood to be of a friendly character, but its text has not yet been received by the Government. The recent negotiations have been conducted by Mr. Cushing, and there has been no unfriendly discussion, nor has there been anything in his notes at which the Spanish Government has taken offense. It is probable that certain objects have been sought by the United States with a great deal of firmness, the principal one being the better protection of the rights of American citizens in Cuba. It was stated in a dispatch from here last night that Spain had conceded that hereafter American citizens on trial before courts-martial in Cuba shall have the right of defense by counsel of their own nationality and own selection. This is an important right, which has never been exercised heretofore, and which, under the old treaty, could not be enforced. Securing the Spanish Claims Commission, which has been in existence about four years, was the first step by this Government in the direction of enforcing the rights of American citizens in Cuba, and the conclusion of its work, and the compliance with its decrees, would remove all causes of difference growing out of the wrongs inflicted upon our citizens in the past, but would secure nothing for the future. Probably the recent correspondence refers to the work of this commission, and its decrees will be enforced and concessions made which will remove the possibility of similar difficulties in future, and provide for just adjudication of cases as they arise. In accordance with the policy of the Government in its dealings with Spain heretofore, the rights of American citizens in Cuba have been the basis of our representations in regard to affairs in that island, whether an end of the civil war, or emancipation of slaves, or the independence of the island, were the subject of immediate discussion. The policy of the Government has been unchanged in this respect, and the object has now been the same as heretofore. Neither war with Spain, the purchase of Cuba, the independence of Cuba, nor the suppression of the rebellion has ever been the prime object of negotiations. It is probable that the time had at last come when it was necessary that the purpose which has always been uppermost in our Spanish correspondence should be very strongly presented, and therefore it may be supposed that the concessions which have been made are of a nature to satisfy the Government that the rights of American citizens in Cuba shall be fully and absolutely respected, and that delays and prevarications by subordinate officers, and obstacles thrown in the way by local tribunals, are not longer to be tolerated. If such concessions have been made there will remain no excuse for interference in Cuban affairs. The relations between Spain and the United States would thus be made more harmonious and cordial than they have been for many years.

There have been some preparations and orders by the Navy Department which have been treated, for the last two days, in an unauthorized and sensational manner by a portion of the press. It is stated, not officially, but on seemingly good authority, that the orders for certain vessels to be ready to go to sea have been countermanded. The vessels made ready for sea two years ago, after the capture of the Virginius, have been kept in good condition, and the work of making them ready for sea has been easily and cheaply done. The first and most important reason for fitting out these vessels was that the Government might not, in the course of negotiations pending, be brought to the necessity of making demands which it was not prepared to enforce. The moral support of a good navy in diplomatic controversies is undoubtedly of great importance. If the activity in the navy-yards had any more belligerent purpose it has been most carefully concealed. It is certain that no purpose of warlike action has been entertained.

Of course the occasion has been seized upon by the Cuban Bond Ring, but that it is losing strength is shown by its success in creating so little excitement with such an excellent opportunity. One of the agents of the bondholders claimed, a few days ago, to have assurances from Collector Casey that the President would recommend, in the very beginning of his Message, that appropriations be immediately made for sending an army to Cuba, and would urge the recognition of the Cuban Government. The same agent was also informed by Casey a week ago that all the iron-clads in the Navy were ready for sea at twenty-four hours' notice. It would appear, therefore, the Bond Ring had an inkling of the negotiations, but entirely misunderstood their real nature. This ring has existed and fed upon the chronic difficulties between the United States and Spain, which it has sought by every means to aggravate. With the settlement of long standing and just claims of this Government the possibilities of war will cease, and the Bond Ring will fall to pieces. From the well-known character of Secretary Fish and his tone of peace, when peace is honorable, it may be confidently believed that he has acted in the interest of permanent friendly and honorable relations between the two Governments, and that he seeks, before he leaves the office he now holds, to establish conditions which will render such relations possible.

LETTER OF DON CARLOS TO KING ALFONSO PROPOSING A TRUCE IN THE EVENT OF WAR WITH THE UNITED STATES—COMMENT OF THE SPANISH PRESS.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—The evening papers of this city publish the text of the letter written by Don Carlos to King Alfonso.

"The attitude of President Grant," the letter says, "is a prelude to war between Spain and the United States if you do not recognize the independence of Cuba. The revolution which you represent is responsible for this parricidal rebellion. Had I reigned it would not have occurred, at least not gained strength. Now, however, the integrity of the country is at stake, and all her children are bound to defend it. Should war break out, I offer you a truce as long as the contest lasts, but maintain my rights to the crown, as I retain the conviction that I shall one day wear it. I cannot send my loyal volunteers to Cuba, but I will defend these provinces, and the Cantabrian coast will send out privateers manned by the indomitable population of that coast, which will pursue the merchant ships of our enemies, and perhaps chase them into their own harbors. If you accept the truce, let us appoint representatives to settle the conditions. If you refuse, the world will be the witness that Catholic Spain has nobly done her duty."

HENDAYE, Nov. 17.—Intelligence from a Carlist source asserts that the letter Don Carlos recently wrote to the King did not make any proposals for an arrangement, but offered to agree to a truce should the Cuban difficulty cause a war between Spain and the United States. In that case Don Carlos, while reserving his rights to the throne of Spain, offered to unite his forces with those of King Alfonso to defend the integrity of Spanish territory.

MADRID, Nov. 17.—The *Cronista*, the ministerial organ, states in reference to the reported letter of Don Carlos to King Alfonso: "We believe Don Carlos is more uncompromising than any of his partisans." The *Cronista* also says: "We are at the beginning of the end. The war will be speedily terminated either by the submission or the overwhelming of the Carlists." The *Correspondencia* says that the pretensions of Don Carlos are exaggerated and inadmissible. The royal army in the field will be 300,000 strong by the 1st of December. The *Tiempo* hails the action of Don Carlos as the harbinger of peace.

THE REVENUE SWINDLERS.

GEN. M'DONALD'S TRIAL—TESTIMONY IMPLICATING GEN. BABCOCK—CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN HIM AND JOYCE—CHIEF CLERK AVERY'S SHARE OF THE SPOILS.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 17.—Great excitement prevails over the developments in the case of ex-Supervisor McDonald, now on trial for revenue frauds. The court-room was uncomfortably crowded to-day an hour before the arrival of the Judge. The most important testimony elicited was that of Joseph M. Fitzroy, the cashier of the Ring, after Megrue had left it. He testified that from the Fall of 1872 to the Fall of 1874, he collected from each distiller certain amounts of money, averaging eight thousand dollars per week. This money he paid over to Joyce and McDonald, and it was equally divided between those two, himself, McKee, and Collector Ford. The store-keepers and gaugers also received small amounts every week, and Chief Clerk Avery, of Washington, received weekly remittances of amounts ranging from one to three hundred dollars. Fitzroy also testified that Joyce frequently showed him letters dated at Washington, and signed "Bab," about the crooked whisky business, which Joyce said were from Gen. Babcock. Joyce uniformly said that Babcock was in the Ring.

Two of the indicted distillers, Alfred R. Bevis and Rudolph W. Ulrici, who recently pleaded guilty, gave their testimony to the effect that they were inveigled into the frauds against the Government by the representations of the agents of McDonald and Joyce; that they had established certain connections in Washington that would insure their safety. Bevis testified that one day Joyce exhibited a letter to him signed "Bab," from Washington. The letter was in connection with illicit whisky, and Joyce told witness the writer of it was Gen. Babcock. Lehon D. Thorp, a storekeeper, testified that under instructions of Joyce he had collected money from the illicit distilleries, but that he never knew of McDonald's connection with the frauds. Thorpe also said that Joyce always represented that he stood firm with Babcock and other parties in Washington who were in the ring and would protect everybody here from harm.

Chief Clerk Avery, with his wife, arrived here to-day from Washington. Benjamin F. Butler, counsel for Avery, also arrived, and has been in consultation with his client. Daniel W. Voorhees, counsel for McKee and McGuire, spent the day in the court-room watching the progress of the case against McDonald. The Grand Jury met again to-day, after an interim of four days.

A rumor is in circulation to the effect that Gen. Babcock is to be summoned to testify in the McDonald case. It is said that this course is prompted by his friends, who want to give him an opportunity to clear himself from the imputations cast upon him by members of the Whisky Ring here.

THE INDIANA RING.

DISTILLERS AND OFFICIALS ARRESTED AT EVANSVILLE TAKEN TO INDIANAPOLIS.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Nov. 17.—John W. Bingham, a distiller, P. C. Eberware, a gauger, and David M. Lewis, a storekeeper, who were arrested here last night on warrants from Indianapolis, and George Thimson, a gauger, who was arrested at the same time at Mount Vernon, left this morning for Indianapolis in the custody of Government officials. Byron Bingham, the other member of the firm of Bingham Brothers, is sick at his home in Patoka, but will go to Indianapolis as soon as he is able. Henry Allias, the book-keeper of Bingham Brothers, has thus far kept out of the way of the officers. It is suspected that he has left the city. James Gray was arrested on an attachment sent as a witness, and Hon. William Hartman, summoned as a witness, also left for the State Capitol.

JUDGE VAN BRUNT'S DIVORCE.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Nov. 17.—The *Republican* this evening publishes a decree of divorce by Judge Balcom, in Binghamton, the 26th of December last, in the case of Amelia C. Van Brunt against Charles H. Van Brunt. It is decreed: "It shall not be lawful for the said defendant, Charles H. Van Brunt, to marry again until the said plaintiff is actually dead." The plaintiff is granted alimony of $4,000 a year, and the custody of the two children.

SEVEN MURDERERS IN CUSTODY.

DENVER, Colorado, Nov. 17.—Frank Valendire, one of the party who murdered the four Italians in this city several weeks ago, has been captured, and was to-day brought to this city. He was the only one of the murderers at large, all being now secured. They will soon be brought to trial. Several of the band have confessed the crime since their incarceration, and it is believed that all of them, seven in number, will be hanged.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

THE AUDITORS OF THE TREASURY.

DISAPPEARANCE OF VOUCHERS FROM THE THIRD AUDITOR'S OFFICE—A GRATUITOUS TRIP TO CALIFORNIA BY A COMMISSION OF OFFICIALS.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Another case which furnishes additional evidence of the loose manner in which business has been done in some of the auditing offices of the Treasury Department has just been developed. An act passed in 1872 provides that in all cases where mechanics and laborers employed on the public works between June, 1868, and May, 1869, were to work ten hours without increase of wages, or whose wages were reduced when the hours for daily labor were reduced to eight hours, shall, upon application to the accounting officers of the Treasury, be entitled to receive such amounts as may have been withheld in contravention of the spirit of the Eight-hour law of 1868. For the purpose of ascertaining the amount thus due to men employed by the Army Engineers on the Pacific coast, Secretary Boutwell appointed, in 1872, a commission consisting of Third Auditor Rutherford and three clerks from the Third Auditor's, Second Controller's, and Chief of Engineer's offices, to proceed to San Francisco and Portland, Oregon. This commission upon visiting the Pacific coast, found that the amount withheld from workmen was $236, and to ascertain this fact cost the Government, for extra pay and mileage of the commission, $4,500. This amount was disbursed to the commission at San Francisco by Major Mendell, disbursing officer, and the vouchers were subsequently passed upon and approved by Third Auditor Rutherford. Recently the accounts of Mendell were reached for examination and final settlement by the Second Controller, when it was discovered that these particular vouchers were missing from the files of the Third Auditor's office. The appointment of the commission was an unnecessary expense and must have been known to be such by Rutherford, because all the vouchers for payments made to workmen on the Pacific coast were at the time on file in the Third Auditor's office, and all the information necessary to adjust their pay could have been obtained by him without leaving Washington. The abstraction of the vouchers upon which the commission was paid looks as if the parties most interested desired to conceal the fact of payment and prevent the entire transaction from becoming a part of the public records. The Sugg Fort and Witkowski frauds were passed through the Third Auditor's office, and this eight-hour case furnishes additional evidence that a reform is imperatively demanded in the prevailing methods of doing business in the accounting offices of the Treasury.

THE TARIFF LAWS.

EFFECT OF THE SUSPENSION OF A DECISION—A NEW TREASURY CIRCULAR.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—A circular has been prepared at the Treasury Department stating that in view of the extent and variety of interests sometimes affected by decisions upon tariff questions, especially where it is proposed to adopt a new or different construction of law from that which has prevailed, the suspension of a decision for the purpose of reconsideration before such decision has gone into practical effect virtually leaves the whole matter where it stood before such suspended decision was made. The recent decision on "washed wools," which was promptly suspended upon presentation of facts not before the Department at the time the decision was made, can have no injurious effect upon any parties concerned so far as a present increase of duties is involved. It is possible that a review of the whole subject may indicate the necessity of legislative action in order to purge the existing tariff from the numerous ambiguities with which it is now interspersed.

THE NAVY.

FORTHCOMING REPORT OF THE CHIEF OF THE BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION—RECENT ORDERS.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The annual report of the Chief of the Bureau of Construction and Repair at the Navy Department will show that while we lack powerful iron-clad sea-going vessels, like those in foreign navies, our Navy will compare favorably with that of any European Government so far as discipline and general efficiency are concerned, and that our vessels for mere police duty are equal if not superior to those of greater tonnage and of more formidable armament. The condition of our iron-clads will also be referred to, and their fitness for coast defense shown, as also the fact that there were not two of such vessels fit for service in 1870, while now we have sixteen which can be placed in service within five days. The report will recommend that a policy be adopted of building a certain number of war vessels annually, of both iron and wood, until our Navy shall be able to compete with that of any nation of the world.

Ensign R. F. Nicholson is ordered to the Hydrographic Office; Assistant Surgeon Samuel W. Battle to the Naval Hospital at Chelsea, Mass.; Assistant Surgeon C. W. Deane to the Naval Hospital at Norfolk, Va.; Passed Assistant Engineer A. C. Engard to the naval rendezvous at Philadelphia. Lieut. Charles M. Thomas is detached from the Philadelphia Navy-yard and ordered to duty connected with the Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia.

REPORT OF THE PAYMASTER GENERAL OF THE NAVY—A DEPOSIT SYSTEM SIMILAR TO THAT OF THE ARMY SUGGESTED FOR SAILORS.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The annual report of James H. Watmough, Paymaster General of the Navy, has been submitted to the Secretary. He recommends that a plan somewhat similar to that provided for the Army by act of Congress approved May 15, 1872, be adopted in the Navy to encourage thrift and economy among the sailors, and suggests as to the manner of carrying this plan into effect, that upon the close of each quarter any balance remaining on the books of a Paymaster to the credit of a sailor shall bear interest at the yearly rate of four per cent., to be calculated from the first of each quarter, and shall remain on the Paymaster's book until the end of the cruise; money allowed to remain on interest to be forfeited by desertion, but to be exempt from forfeiture by sentence of court-martial. This method will not add materially to the Paymaster's duties, and will obviate the necessity of deposit books and separate banking accounts as required by the Army system. It is the opinion of the bureau that the passage of an act of Congress authorizing a provision of this nature would not only tend to prevent desertions, but would be beneficial to the sailors as well as to the service. It is also respectfully recommended that appointments to the Paymaster's Corps of the Navy be made from the graduates at the Naval Academy, as it is the opinion of the bureau, strengthened by the favorable results produced by the appointments to the Engineer Corps of the Navy under the new system, that the proposed change would tend to promote unity of feeling between the line and staff officers and add materially to the efficiency of the naval service. He renews his recommendation that in view of the outfit of clothing recommended by several of his predecessors, a credit of three months' pay be given to each enlisted man when he shall have been shipped three months, which, in the opinion of the Paymaster General, would be more effectual to prevent desertion than an outfit to each man at the time of his shipment.

THE VICE PRESIDENT.

DR. BAXTER'S REPORTS OF HIS CONDITION YESTERDAY.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The Vice President did not rest well last night, his sleep being broken and irregular from 10 o'clock until 4 o'clock this morning, when he fell asleep and slept soundly until 8 o'clock. He took a quinine pill every four hours, and once during the night a dose of bromide of potassium. Dr. Baxter called at 10 o'clock this morning, and reports Mr. Wilson much improved by his rest and the quiet preserved during the past twenty-four hours.

Mr. Wilson suffers less nervous prostration to-night than yesterday, and shows signs of the same steady, though not rapid, improvement that he exhibited this morning. He sat about an hour and a half to-day. Dr. Baxter saw him at 6 o'clock this evening, prescribed no change in treatment, and expressed the opinion that he will be able to ride out on Saturday.

ORES OR METALS FROM MEXICO.

MODIFICATION OF THE RULES OF CLASSIFICATION FROM THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The following letter has been sent to the Collector of Customs at Indianola, Texas, under date of Nov. 16, 1875:

SIR: The department has recently had under consideration the question of the proper classification of certain ores or metals, the product of certain mines in Mexico, free entry of which is claimed under those clauses of section 2,505, Revised Statutes, allowing entry free of duty of "ores of gold and silver," or of "bullion gold or silver." It appears that the articles in question are not exported from Mexico in their primitive state, but have been there subjected to a process of smelting or refining, whereby their character has been changed from that of ore to that of metal. An assay of the various specimens presented shows that they contain lead and silver in the proportion of 320 pounds of lead to one pound of silver in some, and, in the richest specimens submitted, forty pounds of lead to one pound of silver. The department is credibly informed that the Mexican Government does not permit the exportation of silver bullion, nor of lead containing over a certain percentage of silver. A metal, therefore, entitled to exportation from Mexico must contain a less percentage of silver than would amount to a prohibition under the laws of that Republic. Moreover, it is known that the several mining companies in Mexico, whose ores, when refined or smelted, produce the same in similar metals to those under consideration, are designated in some instances as "silver mining" and in others as "lead mining" companies. After a full consideration, therefore, of the subject, the department is of the opinion that mixed metals, the product of ores smelted or refined, should be classified according to the preponderance of weight and quantity, and not the value of the respective metals therein contained. This is the practice adopted at the mints of the United States and at the several assay offices in the designation of metals. The specimens presented showing a large percentage of lead over other metals should therefore be classified as lead and assessed accordingly. Entertaining these views the department therefore revokes the letter of instructions of the 19th of December, 1874, relative to importations of so-called base silver bullion by the San Rafael Silver Mining Company at your port, and in lieu of those heretofore given directs the substitution of these instructions for your future government.

I am, very respectfully, B. H. BRISTOW,
Secretary of the Treasury.

RIFLE SHOOTING.

LONG AND SHORT RANGE MATCHES AT GOSHEN, N. Y., YESTERDAY.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Nov. 17.—The match for members of the American Rifle Team, to be one of three for the silver service set won at Providence, was arranged to take place at Goshen to-day. In the absence of Fulton, Canfield, and Bodine, a competitive match was shot instead, six members of the American Rifle Team, and R. R. Murray and J. W. Booth, of the Goshen Leather Stockings Club, taking part. The following is the score out of a possible 35: At the 800 yards range—W. B. Farwell, 29; R. C. Coleman, 28; Gen. Dakin, 27; H. S. Jewell, 26; G. W. Yale, 23; R. R. Murray, 23; L. C. Bruce, 20; J. W. Booth, 19. At the 1,000 yards range—Dakin, 25; Bruce, 21; Jewell, 18; Farwell, 14; Booth, 12; Coleman, 6; Yale, 5.

In the match for the Landlord's Prize of $50, at 200 yards range, in which four members of the American Rifle Team and twelve others competed, C. W. Coleman, the marksman's brother, scored 19 out of a possible 25; R. C. Coleman second, Farwell third, Booth fourth. A stiff raw wind was blowing all day. The attendance of spectators was not large. The members of the American Rifle Team are the guests of Mr. Coleman.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

A fire broke out in the Louisville (Ky.) City Hall yesterday, which at first it was feared would destroy the entire building, but by the energetic efforts of the Fire Department it was confined to the tower of the building where it originated. Water had to be thrown 150 feet high, which was done by two engines playing into the same hose. The loss will come under the insurance, which is as follows: Royal, of Liverpool, $10,000; Merchants', of Louisville, $5,000; Franklin, of Louisville, $5,000; Underwriters', of New-York, $5,000; Union, of Louisville, $2,000; German Security, of Louisville, $2,000; German Insurance Company, of Louisville, $2,000; Phœnix, of Hartford, $2,000; Hamburg, of Bremen, $2,500; Hartford, $2,500; Continental, of New-York, $2,500, and American Central, of St. Louis, $2,500.

The propeller Montauk, of the Western Transportation Company's line, was destroyed by fire at Buffalo, N. Y., yesterday morning. The origin of the fire is unknown. She was valued at $25,000; no insurance. The vessel had been lying at Coit slip for the past six weeks and had no cargo on board.

WOMAN'S TEMPERANCE CONVENTION.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 17.—The second annual convention of the Woman's Temperance Union met at St. Paul's Methodist Church in this city this morning, the President, Mrs. Wittenmeyer, of Philadelphia, in the chair. An address of welcome was made by Mrs. S. K. Leavitt, which was responded to by Mrs. Jennie F. Willing, of Illinois. The President, in her annual address, stated that during the past year forty-five State Conventions were held, and a large number of documents distributed. She also suggested that a lecture bureau should be formed, a medical commission appointed to investigate and report upon the use of liquor, and that the association should be incorporated. Miss Frances E. Willard, Corresponding Secretary, reported twenty-three State auxiliaries organized, and great advancement in every department of the work. Some two hundred delegates, representing nineteen States, are present at the convention.

CHARLEY ROSS FOUND AGAIN.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Nov. 17.—Information was received in this city to-night that Charley Ross had been found in a town in Connecticut, near the place where Bill Mosher stole the boat in which he made the cruise. The boy is in the custody of a woman. Joseph Ross and Police Capt. Heins left at midnight for the boy's father's residence at Germantown. In Police circles it is thought that this is the lost boy, from the description given. The dispatch is out of the ordinary line, and seems so authentic that great reliance is placed on its being true.

LATEST NEWS BY CABLE.

TURKEY.

A SUCCESS OVER THE INSURGENTS REPORTED FROM CONSTANTINOPLE.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—A telegram to the second edition of the *Times* to-day, from Constantinople, contains the following: A serious encounter occurred on the 12th of November, at Piva, in Bosnia, between the Turkish troops and a large body of insurgents. The Sublime Porte is officially informed that sixteen battalions of troops, under Chefket Pasha, were engaged. It is reported that the insurgents were completely routed, leaving 600 killed on the field.

GREAT BRITAIN.

NEW LAW APPOINTMENTS—DEPRESSION IN THE IRON TRADE.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—Solicitor General Sir John Holker, M. P. for Preston, has been appointed Attorney General. Hardinge Stanley Giffard, Q. C., has been appointed Solicitor General, vice Holker.

Messrs. Blockow, Vaughn & Co., iron producers of Leeds, have been compelled, owing to the depression of trade in iron, to discharge between two and three thousand operatives.

RACING IN ENGLAND.

THE GREAT SHROPSHIRE HANDICAP WON BY CŒRULEUS.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—At Shrewsbury today the race took place for the Great Shropshire Handicap of 500 sovereigns in specie, added to a sweepstakes of 25 sovereigns each, 15 forfeit; entrance, 3 sovereigns; the second horse to save his stakes; new straight mile; 123 subscribers. Thirteen horses started. The race was won by Cœruleus. The following is the summary:

Sir J. Hawley's b. c. Cœruleus, by Beardsman, out of Bas Bleu, 3 years old.......... 1
Mr. T. Jennings' ch. c. Conseil, by Consul, out of No Chance, 4 years old.......... 2
——'s Caramel, aged.......... 3

The betting just before the start was as follows: Four to one against Cœruleus; seven to one against Conseil, and twenty-five to one against Caramel.

SPAIN.

A MINISTERIAL CHANGE.

MADTID, Nov. 17.—The *Cronista* says that Calderon Collantes, the present Minister of Justice, will be appointed Ambassador to the Vatican.

GERMANY.

THE CROWN PRINCE NOT COMING TO THE UNITED STATES.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—The statement made in a dispatch from Berlin to the *Morning Post* that the German Crown Prince purposed visiting the United States is denied by the Reuter Telegram Company, who say he never intended making the trip.

MEXICO.

ORGANIZATION OF THE SENATE—A COMPULSORY EDUCATION BILL.

HAVANA, Nov. 17.—The steamer City of Merida, from Vera Cruz, brings advices from the City of Mexico to the 9th inst.

The Mexican Senate has elected Romero Rubio President and Senor Saavedra Vice President, and the lower house has elected Vidal Castaneda President and Sebastian Camacho Vice President.

A compulsory education bill has been introduced in Congress.

CUBA.

ARRIVAL OF THE ROYAL COMMISSIONER RUBI.

HAVANA, Nov. 17.—Señor Rubi, the Royal Commissioner, has arrived here. The military and civil authorities have saluted him. Many good results are expected from his presence.

THE RAILROADS.

THE NEW-YORK AND CANADA RAILROAD EXCURSIONISTS ENTERTAINED IN MONTREAL.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

MONTREAL, Nov. 17.—The New-York and Canada Railroad excursion party, which arrived in Montreal this morning from Plattsburg, was entertained at a banquet given by the Mayor and Aldermen of this city this afternoon. Mayor Hingston presided. Other distinguished Canadians present were Hon. Mr. Jette, M. P.; William Darling, President of the Board of Trade; Hon. John Young, Aldermen Hood and Nelson, and many others. The gentlemen named spoke for Canada, and for the United States the following, among other gentlemen: Thomas Dickson, President of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company; Chancellor J. V. L. Pruyn, of Albany; President Cattell, of Lafayette College, and Hon. Galusha A. Grow. A number of the Canadian speakers intimated that the proposal to annex Canada to the United States found no response in the hearts of the people of the Dominion. The excursionists leave Montreal on the return trip to New-York to-morrow morning.

THE RICHMOND, FREDERICKSBURG, AND POTOMAC ROAD.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 17.—The annual meeting of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad Company was held to-day. President Robinson submitted the report of the Board of Directors, which represents the company to be in a flourishing condition, and has much to say about the Pennsylvania Central.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE ROAD—THE UNION PACIFIC RUNNING ON TIME.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 17.—The annual meeting of the Boston and Providence Railroad Company was held here to-day. The gross receipts for the current year were $1,581,258 31, a falling off from last year of $106,020 88. The expenses, however, were but $1,216,476 11, a reduction of $67,627 66. The report shows a wise and careful administration of affairs. Messrs. J. H. Clifford, G. W. Hallet, T. P. J. Goddard, W. R. Robeson, F. M. Weld, Joseph W. Balch, and H. A. Whitney were elected Directors.

A dispatch received here from the Auditor of th Union Pacific Railroad states that all the passenger trains are on time.

THE TEXAS PACIFIC RAILROAD CONVENTION.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 17.—All the preliminary arrangements for the Texas Pacific Railroad Convention, which meets here on the 19th inst., are completed.

THE CITY OF WACO DISASTER.

GALVESTON, Texas, Nov. 17.—A schooner from East Bay brings a report that a body supposed to be that of Henry Rodgers, of Brooklyn, a passenger on the City of Waco, was found and buried on the beach near High Island, thirty miles from Galveston.

CREDIT MOBILIER IN COURT.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Nov. 17.—In the Common Pleas Court to-day, Judge Pratt presiding, an application for an injunction was made to restrain the stockholders of the Credit Mobilier of America from ratifying a compromise contract with the Union Pacific Railroad Company. The complainant is Rowland O. Hazard. He charged that the whole scheme was intended to advance the interests of the Union Pacific Railroad Company at the expense of the Credit Mobilier, and was illegal and fraudulent. He therefore prayed for a preliminary injunction to restrain the stockholders, Directors, and officers of the Credit Mobilier of America from ratifying the proposed contract of compromise, &c. The preliminary injunction was granted.

RAILROAD COMBINATION.

THE "POOL" FORMED AT CHICAGO—ITS CHARACTER AND PROBABLE PERMANENCE—THE BALTIMORE AND OHIO NOT TO OPPOSE IT.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—Another conference of the Michigan Central, Lake Shore and Michigan Southern, and Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroads was held at the general offices of the Pennsylvania Company, in this City, to-day, for the purpose of considering some further matters respecting the newly-formed pools of the Eastern lines. Mr. W. C. Quincy, General Superintendent of the Chicago Division of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, was present during the session, and was called upon to state the policy of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad concerning freight and passenger rates. Mr. Quincy stated that although the Baltimore and Ohio had not joined the existing combination, it was the intention of its managers to act with it in endeavoring to maintain remunerative rates between this city and the East. His company proposed to secure fair rates, and could not be moved from this stand by any influence on the part of the press or the public.

From the remarks of Mr. Quincy it is to be inferred that, although not in the combination, the Baltimore and Ohio intends to operate with it. An effort was made at the meeting to reduce the existing passenger rates between this city and New-York from $22 to $20, which failed, beyond which no action of any public importance was taken.

The exact character of the present combination between the Eastern lines is as follows: The pool is composed of the Michigan Central from Chicago to Detroit, and all its connecting roads; the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern between Chicago and Buffalo, and all lines under its control; the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad and all connecting lines under its control. One-half of the gross earnings from all business, local and otherwise, over each of the roads is to be retained to cover operating expenses, the remainder to be pooled on a basis of the comparative earnings of the various lines during the years 1873 and 1874. The compact under which the combination is made is to remain in force for two years, and any road desiring to withdraw will be compelled to give six months' notice of its intention to do so. It is the further intention of the pool to combine as far as possible the various agencies of roads into one, and in every manner possible reduce operating expenses.

The argument made in defense of the organization of this combination is that any further reckless competition between the lines cannot but result in bankruptcy. The compact sets forth that exorbitant rates cannot result in benefit to the people, but that moderate rates will alike benefit the public and the lines. In case of competition on the part of any outside line, like the Baltimore and Ohio, the pool roads will act conjointly in meeting any reduction that is made. In regard to the working of the pool, it may be stated that the railroad officials have thus far worked in unison, and that there is every prospect that the present combination will continue to exist for some time to come. With regard to an increase on the freight rates at present in force, it is announced officially that no increase will take place previous to Dec. 1.

THE WEATHER.

PROBABILITIES.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18—1 A. M.—*For the Middle States, high, followed by falling barometer, westerly winds, backing to southerly, continued cold and clear weather.*

For New-England, rising barometer, north-west to south-west winds, diminishing in force, decidedly cold and clear weather.

For the canal region of New-York, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Maryland, temperature decidedly below freezing Thursday night.

VELOCITY OF THE WIND, AND THE TEMPERATURE AT VARIOUS POINTS.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The Signal Office report at 4:35 o'clock this afternoon shows the weather to be cold and windy throughout the country. The velocity of the wind at Mount Washington, N. H., was at that time 144 miles an hour, with the temperature 5° below zero.

At Washington, 12 miles an hour; Baltimore, 14 miles; New-York, 32 miles; Philadelphia, 21 miles; Boston, 30 miles; Cincinnati, 5 miles; Omaha, 26 miles; Montreal, 32 miles; New-Orleans, 9 miles; St. Louis, 12 miles; Breckenridge, Minn., 40 miles; Chicago, 28 miles; Davenport, Iowa, 24 miles; Cape May, 28 miles.

The temperature at 4:35 this afternoon was: At Washington, D. C., 35°; New-York, 32°; Boston, 28°; Chicago, 33°; New-Orleans, 50°; Breckenridge, Minn., 29°; Cincinnati, 37°; St. Louis, 36°; Montreal, 20°.

MARINE DISASTERS.

VESSELS ASHORE OR OTHERWISE IN DISTRESS ALL ALONG THE COAST—A SCHOONER SUNK BY A STEAMER.

CHARLOTTETOWN, Prince Edward Island, Nov. 17.—The bark Katie McDonald, ashore here, has been condemned and will be sold on Saturday next, he 20th inst.

LIVERPOOL, Nova Scotia, Nov. 17.—The schooner Magic, of Gloucester, Mass., put into this port on the 15th inst., with loss of mainboom.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Nov. 17.—The brig Chance (reported ashore, &c.,) was hauled off yesterday, leaking badly. She will go on the Marine Railway for repairs.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 17.—The schooner Thomas C. Worrell was run into this morning and almost immediately sunk, off Fort McHenry, by the steamer George Leary, of the Baltimore and Norfolk Line. The Leary was slightly damaged.

NORFOLK, Va., Nov. 17.—A large three-masted schooner is reported ashore near Cobb's Island; name unknown. Wreckers have gone to her assistance.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The signal observer a Sandy Hook reports that the brig reported ashore this morning is the Antilles, from Perth Amboy, for Portland. She is loaded with coal. Tug-boats have been sent to her.

DETROIT, Nov. 17.—The schooner Pensankee is ashore near Kincardine, on Lake Huron. Assistance has been sent to her from Port Huron, and she will be rescued if the weather continues favorable.

PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 17.—The schooner Abbie Oakes, from Yarmouth for Portland, ran ashore on Clapboard Island on Monday, and remains high and dry, but will get off uninjured.

QUEBEC, Nov. 17.—A telegram from Charlotte-Town, Prince Edward's Island, announces the wreck on the Labrador coast of the bark Dunbrody, from Quebec, Oct. 9, with a cargo of timber for Birkenhead.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H. Nov. 17.—The schooner S. and B. Small, from this port, for Machias, in ballast, ran ashore this afternoon near Kittery Point, where she lies in a critical position. Soon after an unknown schooner, deeply laden, ran ashore on the eastern end of Fishing Island, where she still remains high and dry.

THE PULSIFER MURDER.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 17.—The Coroner's jury to investigate the circumstances of the death of Thomas P. Pulsifer, held their first session for taking testimony to-day. The evidence adduced points strongly to William Kelley, now under arrest, as one of the two men who assaulted the deceased.

THE CHICAGO WALKING MATCH.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—At 11:30 o'clock to-night, O'Leary had walked 271 miles and Weston 267.

THE MEMORY OF POE.

BALTIMORE'S TRIBUTE TO THE POET.

HIS MONUMENT UNVEILED AND DEDICATED YESTERDAY—LETTERS FROM OTHER POETS—HISTORICAL AND CRITICAL ADDRESSES—INTERESTING PERSONAL REMINISCENCES OF POE.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 17.—The ceremonies attending the unveiling and dedication of the monument in memory of the poet, Edgar Allan Poe, in Westminster Churchyard, took place this afternoon, the exercises preliminary to the unveiling taking place in the Western Female High School, in which building, adjoining the churchyard, the initial movement was taken in October, 1865, to devise some means best adapted to perpetuate the memory of one who has contributed so largely to American literature. Before 2 o'clock—the hour of commencing—the vast hall of the school-house was crowded, many unable to obtain seats standing in the aisles. The platform was occupied by invited guests, nearly all of whom were citizens of Baltimore, with the exception of Walt Whitman, who was the only poet present. At 2:15 o'clock the exercises commenced with the singing of the "Pilgrim's Chorus," from Verdi's "I Lombardi," by the Philharmonic Society, after which Prof. William Elliott, President of the Baltimore City College, rose and delivered a historical sketch of the movement for erecting a monument.

At the conclusion of his address Miss Sarah S. Rice read the following letters from poets invited to be present:

CUMMINGTON, Mass., Sept. 18.

I return my thanks for the obliging invitation contained in your letter of the 14th. For various reasons, however, among which is my advanced age, it is not in my power to be present at the ceremonial of which you speak, and I have only to make my best acknowledgment to those who have done me the honor to think of me in connection with them. I am, truly yours,

WILLIAM C. BRYANT.

BOSTON, Sept. 18, 1875.

I regret that I cannot be present at the ceremony of placing a monument over the grave of your poet. Your city has already honored valor and patriotism by the erection of stately columns.

Republics are said to be ungrateful, perhaps because they have short memories, forgetting wrongs as quickly as benefits, but your city has shown that it can remember, and has taught us all the lesson of gratitude.

No one, surely, needs a mausoleum less than the poet.

> "His monument shall be his gentle verse,
> Which eyes not yet created shall o'er read,
> And tongues to be, his being shall rehearse,
> When all the breathers of this world are dead."

Yet we would not leave him without a stone to mark the spot where the hands that waked to ecstacy the living lyre were laid in the dust. He who can confer an immortality which will outlast bronze and granite deserves this poor tribute, not so much for his sake as for ours. The hearts of all who reverence the inspiration of genius, who can look tenderly upon the infirmities attending it too often, who can feel for its misfortunes, will sympathize with you as you gather around the resting place of all that was mortal of Edgar Allan Poe, and raise the stone inscribed with one of the few names which will outlive the graven record raised to perpetuate its remembrance.

Believe me, very truly yours,

O. W. HOLMES.

AMESBURY, Ninth Month, 21, 1875.

The extraordinary genius of Edgar Poe is now acknowledged the world over, and the proposed tribute to his memory indicates a full appreciation of his rare intellectual gifts on the part of the city of his birth. As a matter of principle I do not favor ostentatious monuments for the dead, but sometimes it seems the only way to express the appreciation which circumstances in some measure may have denied to the living man.

I am not able to be present at the inauguration of the monument. Pray express my thanks to the ladies and gentlemen for whom thy letter speaks for the invitation, acknowledging the kind terms in which that invitation was conveyed on thy part.

I am, very truly, thy friend,

JOHN G. WHITTIER.

LEXINGTON, Va., Oct. 8.

I thank you for the good opinion which led you to propose the writing of a poem on my part for the prospective inauguration of the Poe memorial.

While it is not in my power to comply with the flattering request, or to be present at the ceremonial, I tender to the committee my thanks, nevertheless, for the honor conferred on me.

There would seem to be a slight appropriateness in the proposal made to me, inasmuch as my husband (Col. Preston, of the Virginia Military College,) was a boyish friend of Poe's when they went to school together in Richmond, who used to sit on the same bench with him, and together with him pore over the same pages of Horace. To him as his earliest literary critic—a boy of fourteen—Poe was accustomed to bring his first verses. Even then, youth as he was, he was distinguished by many of the characteristics which marked his after life.

With every good wish for the entire success of your memorial services, and with renewed thanks to your committee for this mark of regard, believe me sincerely yours,

MARGARET J. PRESTON.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 10.

It is with the deepest regret that I find myself unable to accept the invitation to attend the unveiling ceremonies of the monument to Edgar Allen Poe.

I have just returned from a long absence abroad, and my private affairs demand my closest attention. But for this I would come in person to lay my tribute with the other more worthy offerings on Poe's grave. Your desire to honor his genius is in the heart of every man of letters, though perhaps no American author stands so little in need of a monument to perpetuate his memory as the author of "The Raven."

His imperishable fame is in all lands.

With thanks for your courtesy I remain very truly yours,

THOMAS BAILEY ALDRICH.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Oct. 10, 1875.

Of all my letters, received during a long confinement by sickness, yours of the 15th is the first I have attempted to answer. I thank you for the kind invitation to assist at the Poe monument ceremonies. As I cannot hope to be present on that occasion, I avail myself of your friendly note to express my interest in the event and my admiration of the noble-hearted men and women of Baltimore, who, by the erection of a beautiful and appropriate monument to the memory of Edgar A. Poe, perform a patriotic office, which was primarily and peculiarly the duty, as it should have been the pride, of the American *literati* toward one whose original genius has done so much to adorn and distinguish American literature.

Yours truly,

JOHN GODFREY SAXE.

CAMBRIDGE, 18th October.

I regret very much that it will be quite impossible for me to be present at the very interesting ceremony of unveiling the monument to Poe. I need not assure you that I sympathize heartily with the sentiment which led to its erection.

I remain very truly yours, J. R. LOWELL.

FARINGFORD, FRESHWATER,
ISLE OF WIGHT, Jan. 1, 1875.

I have long been acquainted with Poe's works and am an admirer of them. I am obliged to you for your expressions about myself and your promise of sending me the design for the poet's monument, and beg you to believe me

Yours, very truly,

A. TENNYSON.

CAMBRIDGE, Aug. 20, 1875.

The only lines of Mr. Poe that I now recall as in any way appropriate to the purpose you mention, are from a poem entitled "For Annie." They are:

> "The fever called 'Living'
> Is conquered at last."

But, I dare say you will be able to find something better.

In great haste, yours truly,

HENRY W. LONGFELLOW.

At the conclusion of the letters Miss Rice read a poem by William Winter.

The chorus "He Watches over Israel," from the oratorio of "Elijah," was sung.

Prof. Elliott read the following letter from G. W. Childs, of Philadelphia, regretting that he could not be present:

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15, 1875.

It would be very agreeable to my regard for the memory of Edgar A. Poe to accept your invitation to be present at the dedicatory ceremonies of the Poe monument on the 17th inst., but it is quite improbable that I can be with you on that occasion. There is a mournful satisfaction even in this late tribute to one whose rare genius and sensitive nature were accompanied by so many unhappy experiences of life. Poor Poe! His working-day world was more than full of sorrows, and he seems to have been happy only in his visions outside of real life or in his dream of a world beyond that in which we all live.

What is now being done by affectionate friends and by those who feel that injustice has been done to his memory may prove to be the starting point of a changed and juster view of his life and character. Although it is far too late to be of service to him, it is not too late to be of benefit to ourselves and others. Those of us who may have felt disposed to censure him can read with profit the following lines from his "Tamerlane," and especially the last couplet:

> "I firmly do believe—
> I know—for Death who comes for me
> From regions of the blest afar,
> Where there is nothing to deceive,
> Hath left his iron gate ajar,
> And rays of truth you cannot see
> Are flashing through eternity."

Yours respectfully, GEORGE W. CHILDS.

Prof. H. C. Shepherd, Superintendent of Public Instruction in Baltimore, then delivered an address on the literary character of Edgar Allan Poe. The address was an appreciative and scholarly analysis of Poe's genius, illustrating the elements and peculiarities of his greatness, and noting the quality of his mind and his art. It was listened to with the greatest interest.

After a solo by Miss Ella Gordon, W. F. Gill, Esq., of Boston, recited with fine effect the poem, "The Raven."

J. H. B. Latrobe, Esq., then read a paper giving personal reminiscences of Poe, which was the most interesting exercise of the day: He said:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: It has been announced that I am to give to this meeting "my personal recollections" of the great poet whose name has attracted the crowds before me. The inference from such an announcement would be that my acquaintance was such as to enable me to describe him as one friend or close acquaintance has it in his power to describe another. You may be surprised, then, when I say that I never saw Edgar Allan Poe but once, and that our interview did not last an hour. Those, therefore, who invited me to be present here to-day gave to my assent a scope which was not justified by what I said, or by what it was in my power to do. The opportunity is afforded, however, of narrating the circumstances that led to our brief interview, and of correcting misstatements in regard, as it turned out, to a not unimportant event of his life. In adding an account of what occurred when we met, I shall have excused myself for taking the liberty, under the circumstances, of appearing before you at all.

About the year 1832, there was a newspaper in Baltimore called *The Saturday Visitor*, an ephemeral publication, that aimed at amusing its readers with light literary productions rather than the news of the day. One of its efforts was to procure original tales, and to this end it offered, on this occasion two prizes, one for the best story and the other for the best short poem—$100 for the first and $50 for the last. The judges appointed by the editor of the *Visitor* were the late John P. Kennedy, Dr. James H. Miller, now deceased, and myself, and accordingly we met, one pleasant afternoon, in the back parlor of my house, and began our critical labors.

Most of the productions were rejected at once. Some were laid aside for reconsideration—not many. These last failed to pass muster afterward, and the committee had about made up their minds that there was nothing before them to which they would award a prize, when I noticed a small quarto bound book that had until then accidentally escaped attention. Opening it, an envelope, with a motto corresponding with one in the book, appeared, and we found that our prose examination was still incomplete. The writing was in Roman characters, an imitation of printing. I remember that while reading the first page to myself Mr. Kennedy and the Doctor had filled their glasses and lit their cigars, and when I said that we seemed at last to have a prospect of awarding the prize they laughed, as though they doubted it. I had not proceeded far before my colleagues became as much interested as myself. The first tale finished, I went to the second, then to the next, and did not stop until I had gone through the volume, interrupted only by such exclamations as "Capital!" "Excellent!" "How odd!" and the like from my companions. There was genius in every thing they listened to—there was no uncertain grammar, no futile phraseology, no ill-placed punctuation, no worn-out truisms, no strong thought elaborated into weakness. Logic and imagination were combined in rare consistency. When the reading was completed there was a difficulty of choice. Portions of the tales were read again, and finally the committee selected "A Manuscript Found in a Bottle." One of the series was called "A Descent Into the Maelstrom," and this was at one time preferred. I cannot now recall the names of all the tales. There must have been six or eight.

Having made the selection and awarded the one hundred dollar prize, not, as has been said most unjustly and ill-naturedly, because the manuscript was legible, but because of the unquestionable genius and great originality of the writer, we were at liberty to open the envelope that identified him, and there we found in the note whose motto corresponded with that of the little volume, the name, which I see you anticipate, of Edgar Allan Poe. The statement in Dr. Griswold's life prefixed to the common edition of Poe's works, that "it was unanimously decided by the committee that the prize should be given to the first genius who had written legibly; not another manuscript was unfolded," is absolutely untrue.

Refreshed by this most unexpected change in the character of the contributions, we began upon the poetry. This, although better in the main than the prose, was bad enough, and when we had gone more or less thoroughly over the pile of manuscripts, two pieces only were deemed worthy of consideration. The title of one was "The Coliseum," the pen printing of which told that it was Poe's. The title of the other I have forgotten, but upon opening the accompanying envelope we found that the author was Mr. John H. Hewitt, still living in Baltimore, and well known, I believe, in the musical world, both as a poet and composer. I am not prepared to say that the committee may not have been biased in awarding the $50 prize to Mr. Hewitt by the fact that they had already given the $100 prize to Mr. Poe. I recollect, however, that we agreed that under any circumstances the excellence of Mr. Hewitt's poem deserved a reward, and we gave the smaller prize to him with clear conscience.

I believe that, up to this time, not one of the committee had ever seen Mr. Poe, and it is my impression that I was the only one that had ever heard of him. The next number of the *Saturday Visitor* contained the "Manuscript Found in a Bottle," and announced the author. My office in those days, was in the building still occupied by the Mechanics' Bank, and I was seated at my desk on the Monday following the publication of the tale, when a gentleman entered and introduced himself as the writer, saying that he came to thank me, as one of the committee for the award in his favor. Of this interview, the only one I ever had with Mr. Poe, my recollection is very distinct. He was, if anything, below the middle size, and yet could not be described as a small man. His figure was remarkably good, and he carried himself erect and well, as one who had been trained to it. He was dressed in black, and his frock coat was buttoned to the throat, where it met the black stock, then almost universally worn. Not a particle of white was visible. Coat, hat, boots, and gloves had very evidently seen their best days, but so far as brushing and mending could go, everything had been done apparently to make them presentable. On most men his clothes would have looked shabby and seedy, but there was something about this man that prevented one from criticising his garments, and the details I have mentioned were only recalled afterward. The impression made, however, was that the award in Mr. Poe's favor was not inopportune. Gentleman was written all over him. His features I am unable to describe in detail. His forehead was high and remarkable for the great development at the temple. This was the characteristic of his head which you noticed at once and which I have never forgotten. The expression of his face was grave, almost sad, except when he was engaged in conversation, when it became animated and changeable. His voice, I remember, was very pleasing in its tone and well modulated, and his words were well chosen and unhesitating. Taking a seat, we conversed awhile on ordinary topics, and he informed me that Mr. Kennedy, my colleague in the committee, on whom he had already called, had either given or had promised to give him a letter to the *Southern Literary Messenger*, which he hoped would procure him employment. I asked whether he was then occupied with any literary labor, and he replied that he was engaged in a "Voyage to the Moon," and at once went into a somewhat learned disquisition upon the laws of gravity, the height of the earth's atmosphere, and the capacities of balloons, warming in his speech as he proceeded. Presently speaking in the first person, he began the voyage, after describing the preliminary arrangements, as you will find them set forth in one of his tales called, "The Adventure of One Hans Pfaal," and leaving the earth and becoming more and more animated, he described his sensations as he ascended higher and higher, and gave a vivid narrative, much as it is set forth in the tale alluded to. When he had finished his description he apologized for his excitability, which he laughed at himself. The conversation then turned upon other subjects, and soon afterward he took his leave. I never saw him more.

Dr. Griswold's statement that Mr. Kennedy accompanied him (Poe) to a clothing store and purchased for him a respectable suit, with a change of linen, and sent him to a bath, is a sheer fabrication. Unfortunate in the first biography following his death when the author, with a temper difficult to understand, actually seemed to enjoy his depreciation of the poet's life, Edgar Allan Poe was seen by a malignant eye and his story was told by an unkindly tongue, and the efforts since made by friends to do him justice are slowly succeeding in demonstrating that there was in him an amount of good which, in all fairness, should be set off against that which we must regret while we attempt to palliate. To Poe there well may be applied the verse of one of the most gifted of our poetesses, addressed to a great name in a very different sphere:

> "The moss upon thy memory, No!
> Not while one note is rung
> Of those divine immortal lays
> Milton and Shakespeare sung,
> Not till the gloom of night suspends
> The Anglo-Saxon tongue."

When the paper was concluded the assemblage repaired to the churchyard and streets adjacent, and Prof. Elliott unveiled the monument, placing upon it a chaplet of evergreens. The dirge was then sung. Mr. Gill, of Boston, recited "Annabel Lee," and the proceedings were ended.

SMALL-POX IN BROOKLYN.

The epidemic of small-pox in the Sixteenth Ward of Brooklyn, which last week evinced signs of abating, increased again on the advent of cooler weather. On Tuesday last, before 10 o'clock in the morning, there were as many new cases as were reported to the Sanitary Commission during the whole of last week. Yesterday the number was larger, and a force of five men were employed all day vaccinating in the infected district. The men find it almost as difficult as ever to accomplish their objects. The people are obstinate, and no amount of persuasion will avail with many of them. A German doctor who had much more success with these people last year was re-appointed to the staff of physicians recently, and he will superintend the vaccinating corps. Several bundles of clothing made up where the disease prevailed in the Sixteenth Ward were seized by the Health authorities last week, and were thoroughly fumigated. They will be returned to their owners at a proper time.

THE OFFICIAL RETURNS.

NEW-YORK ELECTION.

OFFICIAL RETURNS BY COUNTIES FOR SECRETARY OF STATE, COMPARED WITH THE VOTE FOR GOVERNOR IN 1874.

In the following table we present the complete vote of the State, by counties, for Secretary of State at the election held on the 2d inst., compared with the vote cast for Governor in 1874. The figures have been compiled with much care, mainly from reports made directly to this office by the Clerks of the various County Boards of Supervisors, to whose kind attention we acknowledge our indebtedness:

	1875.			1874.		
Counties.	Seward, Rep.	Bigelow, Dem.	Dusenberre Tem.	Dix, Rep.	Tilden, Dem.	Cl'rk Tem.
Albany	14089	14652	...	13234	15466	72
Allegany	4807	2668	...	5187	3268	86
Broome	4799	4321	102	4881	4296	204
Cattaraugus	5138	4342	69	5255	4517	35
Cayuga	6154	5132	485	5977	5018	771
Chautauqua	6138	4426	111	7827	5355	55
Chemung	3187	4069	143	3453	4226	257
Chenango	4474	3851	316	4696	4242	388
Clinton	4172	3782	41	5065	3094	146
Columbia	4625	4781	31	4434	5780	78
Cortland	3009	2356	39	2927	2268	59
Delaware	4573	4244	...	4608	4592	85
Dutchess	7295	6909	621	5354	8767	829
Erie	17748	14705	...	15146	15686	177
Essex	3386	2584	24	3395	3191	14
Franklin	2883	2233	...	2786	2029	149
Fulton and Hamilton	3645	3171	98	3769	3346	42
Genesee	3466	2683	...	3088	2672	82
Greene	2596	3434	189	3043	3998	70
Herkimer	4659	4187	480	4728	4377	320
Jefferson	6716	6004	260	6838	5666	116
Kings	31977	39756	...	26811	39809	413
Lewis	2710	3052	83	2764	3218	47
Livingston	4122	3458	98	4347	3753	153
Madison	5130	3928	93	5450	3938	108
Monroe	11175	8885	247	9701	10094	276
Montgomery	3567	3802	180	3773	4139	113
New-York	49614	79274	209	44908	87436	163
Niagara	4296	4590	257	4625	4579	257
Oneida	10607	10691	477	11488	11137	359
Onondaga	11216	8331	363	11610	9380	556
Ontario	4574	4599	398	4536	4449	388
Orange	6829	7389	125	7319	7878	100
Orleans	2874	2060	226	3147	2567	300
Oswego	7095	5930	565	7580	6440	371
Otsego	5578	6005	...	5330	6083	328
Putnam	1748	1225	54	1478	1706	2
Queens	4717	6314	185	4961	6257	137
Rensselaer	9842	9856	68	9381	10702	93
Richmond	2514	3037	1	2158	3021	7
Rockland	1625	2390	19	1817	2632	70
Saratoga	6033	4731	117	6264	4593	101
Schenectady	2581	2436	22	2263	2648	25
Schoharie	2730	4276	22	2712	4545	86
Schuyler	2090	1711	351	2119	2260	299
Seneca	2379	2883	63	2569	3232	33
Steuben	6264	6920	698	7072	7688	458
St. Lawrence	8940	3902	234	9106	3866	241
Suffolk	3743	4313	463	3691	3529	264
Sullivan	2292	3526	...	2294	3681	61
Tioga	3649	3267	...	3502	3237	195
Tompkins	3704	3531	247	3370	3340	316
Ulster	5550	7970	675	5384	8303	500
Warren	2399	2002	...	2334	2400	18
Washington	5559	3561	...	5410	4346	67
Wayne	5214	4137	...	5103	4017	123
Westchester	7154	8173	120	7145	9166	293
Wyoming	3136	2017	71	3434	2416	86
Yates	2313	1852	282	2334	1721	324
Total	373381	390193	9882	366074	416391	11768
Democratic plurality, 14812.					50317	

Below we present in a compact form the Republican and Democratic vote of the State for a few years past, for purposes of comparison:

Year.	Office.	Republican.	Democratic.	Total.
1875	Secretary	375381	390193	765574
1874	Governor	366074	416391	782465
1873	Secretary	331182	341272	672454
1872	Governor	445801	392350	838151
1872	President	440738	387282	828020

THE LEGISLATURE.

The following tables contain the complete vote of the State for members of the Senate and the Assembly, except in Warren County, from which we have not received returns:

THE SENATE.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.	Rep. Prince.	Dem. Stephens.	Temp. Reeve.
Suffolk	4036	3920	467
Queens	5808	5259	126
Richmond	2893	2654	2
Total	12737	11833	595

Republican plurality, 904.

SECOND DISTRICT.

	Richardson.	Kenneday.	
Part of Kings	12844	14712	....

Democratic majority, 1868.

THIRD DISTRICT.

	Cavanagh.	Jacobs.	Merton.
Part of Kings	20934	20973	422

Democratic majority, 39.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

	Anti-Tam. Morrissey.	Tam. Fox.	
Part of New-York	13791	10380	....

Anti-Tam. majority, 3411.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

	Rep. Booth.	Tam. Nichols.	Anti-Tam. McClelland.
Part of New-York	11662	9444	1119

Republican plurality, 2218.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

	Rep. Boslen.	Dem. Daly.	
Part of New-York	10764	9230	....

Republican majority, 1534.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

	Rep. Laimbeer.	Tam. Gerard.	Anti-Tam. Monheimer.
Part of New-York	7658	11680	5526

Democratic plurality, 4022.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

	Anti-Tam. Bixby.	Tam. Wheeler.
Part of New-York	17659	13823

Anti-Tam. majority, 3836.

NINTH DISTRICT.

	Rep. Robertson.	Dem. Marshall.	Temp. Merritt.
Westchester	10142	9349	96
Putnam	1735	1231	45
Rockland	1779	2146	32
Total	13656	12726	173

Republican plurality, 930.

TENTH DISTRICT.

	Shultz.	St. John.	
Orange	7264	7024	....
Sullivan	2229	3465	....
Total	9493	10489	....

Democratic majority, 996.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

	Carpenter.	Mackin.	Perry.
Dutchess	8514	5724	551
Columbia	5107	4287	11
Total	13621	10011	562

Republican plurality, 3610.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

	Coleman.	Gibson.	Lape.
Rensselaer	9908	9700	68
Washington	5460	3612	....
Total	15368	13312	68

Republican plurality, 2,056.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

	Harris.	Dayton.
Albany	14472	14223

Republican plurality, 249.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

	Connelly.	Schoonmaker.	Fero.
Greene	2573	3486	....
Ulster	5924	7596	596
Total	8497	11082	596

Democratic plurality, 2585.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

	Wagner.	Benedict.	Place.
Saratoga	6034	4690	....
Montgomery	4088	3302	....
Fulton and Hamilton	3627	3183	121
Schenectady	2530	2481	....
Total	16279	13656	121

Republican plurality, 2623.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

	Tobey.	Hartwell.
Warren	528	
Essex	3183	2730
Clinton	3880	4083
Total	7591	6813

Republican majority, 778.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

	Moore.	Cooke.	Smith.
St. Lawrence	8576	4043	226
Franklin	2890	2198	....
Total	11466	6241	226

Republican plurality, 5225.

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

	Harder.	Starbuck.	Warn.
Jefferson	6485	6164	212
Lewis	2561	3192	35
Total	9046	9356	247

Democratic plurality, 308.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

	Sayre.	Brown.	Avery.
Oneida	10865	10510	386

Republican plurality, 355.

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

	Gilbert.	Loomis.	Bowne
Herkimer	4608	4196	462
Otsego	5589	6015	....
Total	10197	10211	462

Democratic plurality, 14.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

	Doolittle.	Jenkins.	Crawford.
Oswego	6882	6050	521
Madison	5092	3908	104
Total	11974	9958	625

Republican plurality, 2016.

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

	McCarthy.	Bookstaver.	Mills.
Onondaga	11065	7758	381
Cortland	2572	2502	....
Total	13637	10260	381

Republican plurality, 3397.

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

	Engle.	Lamont.	Carpenter.
Chenango	4478	3836	286
Delaware	4630	4226	....
Schoharie	2877	4126	8
Total	11985	12188	294

Democratic plurality, 203.

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

	Selkreg.	Schuyler.	
Broome	4670	4389	....
Tioga	3613	3381	....
Tompkins	3709	3629	....
Total	11992	11399	....

Republican majority, 593.

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

	Woodin.	Durston.	Sisson.
Cayuga	5637	5631	540
Wayne	4793	4405	....
Total	10430	10036	540

Republican plurality, 394.

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

	Hicks.	Hammond.	Powell.
Ontario	4544	4753	245
Yates	2320	1854	222
Seneca	2341	2919	49
Total	9205	9523	516

Democratic plurality, 318.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

	Averill.	Bradley.	Gillespie.
Chemung	2998	4172	25
Schuyler	1991	1811	329
Steuben	5807	7383	594
Total	10796	13366	948

Democratic plurality, 2570.

TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

	Emerson.	Lamberton.	Randall.
Monroe	10801	9247	191

Republican plurality, 1554.

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

	Cole.	Graves.	
Niagara	4061	4508	....
Orleans	2943	1783	....
Genesee	3411	2642	....
Total	10415	8933	....

Republican majority, 1482.

THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

	Wellman.	Kneeland.	
Wyoming	3178	1903	....
Livingston	4031	3519	....
Allegany	4934	2569	....
Total	12143	7991	....

Republican majority, 4152.

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

	Rogers.	Torrance.	
Erie	18064	14488	....

Republican majority, 3 76.

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

	Vedder.	Breed.	
Chautauqua	5508	4897	....
Cattaraugus	5057	4375	....
Total	10565	9272	....

Republican majority, 1293.

THE ASSEMBLY.

In the following list the names of Anti-Tammany and Independent Democratic candidates are designated by a star (*). The names of the successful candidates are printed in italics:

Dist.	Republican.		Democratic.	
	ALBANY COUNTY.			
1.	_P. Stingerland_	3135	J. Winne	2844
2.	W. H. Van Antwerp	3642	_T. D. Coleman_	3799
3.	C. D. Rathbone	3666	_William J. Maher_	4097
4.	_Alfred Leroy_	3726	Edward Curran	3642
	ALLEGANY COUNTY.			
	S. Baldwin	4899	M. J. Titus	2046
			Temperance	553
	BROOME COUNTY.			
	M. Canniff	4101	_R. A. Ford_	4931
	Scattering	3	Temperance	100
	CATTARAUGUS COUNTY.			
1.	_H. Cheney_	2300	S. N. Wood	2202
			Temperance	30
2.	_E. Shannon_	2771	A. F. Bennett	2169
			Temperance	20
	CAYUGA COUNTY.			
1.	_G. I. Post_	3026	G. S. Beardsley	2766
			Temperance	211
2.	_J. S. Brown_	2763	S. Edwin Day	2691
			Temperance	493
	CHAUTAUQUA COUNTY.			
1.	O. D. Hinckley	1978	_W. H. Whitney_	2116
2.	_I. A. Case_	3337	F. Burritt	3067
	CHEMUNG COUNTY.			
	A. S. Diven	3232	_E. Miller_	4061
	CHENANGO COUNTY.			
	I. Plumb	4514	D. M. Holmes	3823
			Temperance	264
	CLINTON COUNTY.			
	S. P. Bowen	4271	P. H. Myers	3679
	COLUMBIA COUNTY.			
1.	_G. H. Power_	2709	G. B. Rossman	2326
			Temperance	15
2.	_J. T. Hogeboom_	2305	J. C. Hubbard	2070
	CORTLAND COUNTY.			
	G. L. Waters	2646	_J. C. Nelson_	2759
	DELAWARE COUNTY.			
1.	_G. D. Wheeler_	2322	G. S. Mead	1998
2.	G. G. Decker	2004	_I. H. Maynard_	2553
	DUTCHESS COUNTY.			
1.	_T. Hammond_	3839	J. A. Fitch	3035
			Temperance	319
2.	_D. Webb_	3845	J. Hackett	3326
			Temperance	292
	ERIE COUNTY.			
1.	*_Daniel Cruice_	3651	C. Donahue	3578
2.	_W. W. Lawson_	3904	A. A. Vandenbergh	2710
3.	_E. Gallagher_	4962	H. R. Jones	3085
4.	C. A. Clark	2261	_C. F. Tabor_	2443
5.	W. A. Johnson	2811	_B. Chaffee_	2838
	ESSEX COUNTY.			
	W. E. Calkins	3357	E. F. Edgerly	2604
	FRANKLIN COUNTY.			
	John I. Gilbert	2851	F. D. Flanders	2245
	FULTON AND HAMILTON COUNTIES.			
	D. S. Decker	3256	_J. J. Hanson_	3345
			Temperance	296
	GENESEE COUNTY.			
	N. H. Green	3332	A. B. Rathbone	2732
	GREENE COUNTY.			
	M. S. Miller	2632	_B. G. Morss_	3352
			Temperance	216
	HERKIMER COUNTY.			
	M. A. McKee	4473	C. Matthews	4321
			Temperance	457
	JEFFERSON COUNTY.			
1.	_L. Ingalls_	3118	A. Smith	2563
			Temperance	105
2.	G. E. Yost	3312	_L. Becker_	3698
			Temperance	113
	KINGS COUNTY.			
1.	No candidate.		_D. Bradley_	4319
2.	_J. Ogden_	3637	B. E. Valentine	2955
3.	J. M. B. Childs	2164	_M. Coffey_	4265
4.	T. G. Bergen	4583	_T. V. P. Talmage_	5945
5.	_A. P. Higgins_	4051	J. W. Ridgeway	3216
6.	_J. Worth_	3074	J. Maerz	2986
7.	J. R. Thomas	2734	_C. L. Lyon_	3746
8.	_A. M. Suydam_	4566	B. Silverman	3762
9.	W. J. Cropsey	6078	_J. McGroarty_	6140
	LEWIS COUNTY.			
	H. J. Botchford	2879	_A. H. Crosby_	2891
			Temperance	55
	LIVINGSTON COUNTY.			
	H. W. McNair	3737	_J. Faulkner_	3856
			Temperance	94
	MADISON COUNTY.			
1.	_M. N. Campbell_	2599	R. Hazzard	1473
			Temperance	15
2.	_F. C. Fiske_	2501	*G. Berry	2451
			Temperance	42
	MONROE COUNTY.			
1.	_W. Hodges_	2504	H. C. Ely	1905
			Temperance	52
2.	_J. S. Graham_	6474	R. H. Schooley	4142
			Temperance	52
3.	_H. Glass_	2569	A. P. Butts	2233
			Temperance	107
	MONTGOMERY COUNTY.			
	H. Wendell	3547	_G. M. Voorhees_	3795
			Temperance	191
	NEW-YORK COUNTY.			
1.	M. Madigan	1342	_N. Muller_	3763
			William P. Kirk	1959
2.	No candidate.		*_F. Murphy_	2426
			J. J. Slevin	2144
3.	No candidate.		*J. A. Graves	1947
			J. Galvin	3299
4.	E. W. Thompson	794	*J. Sullivan	1890
			J. Cavanagh	2208
5.	_G. W. Betts_	2229	*D. S. Paige	675
	Scattering	136	_M. Patten_	2257
6.	A. Lahr	696	*M. Healey	1401
			C. A. H. Bartlett	1359
7.	_I. I. Hayes_	2734	*T. J. Gibbons	225
	Scattering	90	C. Gausmann	2523
8.	_F. Gugel_	3074	* —— Etterick	932
			B. F. Vosburgh	2729
9.	_A. J. Campbell_	3373	*P. Mortimer	395
			J. Gilt	2141
10.	_J. Hoffman_	2667	A. Pell	1745
11.	_C. A. Peabody_	3433	*M. Jacobs	460
			J. A. Newberger	1967
12.	_A. Watts_	2044	*J. Marks	650
			J. Daly	2134
13.	_R. H. Strahan_	3157	*M. Gallagher	316
			J. A. Foley	1750
14.	No candidate.		*_P. J. Carty_	2913
			M. P. Killian	2837
15.	C. F. Tietjen	2292	*T. Costigan	1679
			F. E. Churchill	2778
16.	No candidate.		*_G. Y. Whitson_	3582
			P. J. Kennedy	2594
17.	_Wm. T. Graff_	3439	*W. P. Plunkitt	2651
			S. J. O'Hare	2494
18.	_B. Biglin_	2301	*M. J. Murphy	1197
			J. T. King	1898
19.	No candidate.		*A. Feehan	1853
20.	_I. A. Englehart_	4326	O. L. Stewart	3953
			*G. K. Phillips	1060
21.	R. B. Corning	4011	_J. F. Fallon_	4083
			* —— Pattison	1432
	NIAGARA COUNTY.			
1.	J. F. Fitts	2167	_A. A. Bissell_	2709
2.	_J. W. Brown_	2119	H. F. Pierce	1835
	ONEIDA COUNTY.			
1.	A. B. Johnson	2918	_R. U. Sherman_	3283
			Temperance	195
2.	_S. Gridley_	3049	S. T. Ives	1984
			Temperance	73
3.	C. J. Wright	2452	_J. H. Flanagan_	2575
			Temperance	71
4.	G. B. Anderson	2284	_W. Ballou_	2505
			Temperance	127
	ONONDAGA COUNTY.			
1.	_A. Munroe_	3590	W. Kirkpatrick	2660
			Temperance	188
2.	_C. E. Smith_	3510	H. K. King	3074
			Temperance	85
3.	_C. F. Herbst_	3364	M. R. Dyer	3153
			Temperance	126
	ONTARIO COUNTY.			
1.	V. Edgerton	2142	_S. Stanley_	2534
			Temperance	137
2.	J. Raines	2124	_H. Maxfield_	2496
			Temperance	111
	ORANGE COUNTY.			
1.	_T. W. Bradley_	3568	T. N. Hulse	3144
2.	F. M. Cummings	3375	_J. H. Reeve_	4010
			Temperance	178
	ORLEANS COUNTY.			
	J. D. Billings	2781	J. Pratt	2115
			Temperance	297
	OSWEGO COUNTY.			
1.	_G. B. Sloan_	2519	D. H. Judson	2179
			Temperance	67
2.	_T. W. Green_	2096	W. B. Howard	1981
			Temperance	137
3.	_J. Preston_	2257	G. F. Woodbury	1974
			Temperance	297
	OTSEGO COUNTY.			
1.	W. L. Brown	2486	_J. S. Davenport_	3133
2.	Meigs Case	2619	_G. Scramling_	3098
	PUTNAM COUNTY.			
	H. Fish, Jr.	1891	E. C. Howes	1105
			*S. K. Ferris	42
	QUEENS COUNTY.			
1.	J. M. Clark	2192	_T. D. Cock_	2725
			Temperance	24
2.	J. McAloney	2513	_A. T. Payne_	3429
			Temperance	145
	RENSSELAER COUNTY.			
1.	S. W. Perry	3528	_W. V. Cleary_	3890
	Scattering	6	*J. J. Grace	1398
2.	_W. F. Taylor_	2969	L. E. Green	2241
3.	_T. B. Simmons_	2833	J. Lord	2508
	Scattering	45	*D. Ayer	256
	RICHMOND COUNTY.			
	K. Townsend	2875	J. Decker	2620
			*G. W. Ellis	4
	ROCKLAND COUNTY.			
	J. W. Ferdon	1619	_G. Weiant_	2375
	ST. LAWRENCE COUNTY.			
1.	_D. McFalls_	3044	W. B. Allen	1478
			Temperance	73
2.	_A. B. Hepburn_	2966	R. B. Ellsworth	1235
			Temperance	106
3.	_L. C. Lang_	2240	J. O. Bridges	1329
			Temperance	371
	SARATOGA COUNTY.			
1.	_George West_	3006	G. A. Ensign	2405
			Temperance	38
2.	_I. Noyes_	2949	A. M. Boyce	2372
			Temperance	23
	SCHENECTADY COUNTY.			
	E. O'Neill	2597	J. D. Wemple	2396
	SCHOHARIE COUNTY.			
	J. Harroway	2995	_J. M. Roscoe_	3951
	SCHUYLER COUNTY.			
	William Gulick	2165	William H. Fish	1671
			Temperance	323
	SENECA COUNTY.			
	G. H. McClellan	2461	_L. Post_	2764
			Temperance	61
	STEUBEN COUNTY.			
1.	G. H. Brundage	2763	_W. B. Ruggles_	2845
			Temperance	116
2.	_J. E. B. Santee_	3679	J. E. Jones	3582
			Temperance	856
	SUFFOLK COUNTY.			
	N. D. Petty	3857	_S. B. Gardiner_	4116
			Temperance	406
	SULLIVAN COUNTY.			
	H. B. Holmes	2416	_A. E. Wenzel_	3250
			Scattering	14
	TIOGA COUNTY.			
	E. B. Gere	3532	S. W. Leach	3325
	TOMPKINS COUNTY.			
	M. King	3392	_S. D. Halliday_	3838
			Temperance	226
	ULSTER COUNTY.			
1.	C. Coddington	2326	_T. Hamilton_	2961
			Temperance	185
2.	E. T. Smith	1786	_J. D. Wurtz_	2592
			Temperance	254
3.	G. Harriden	1578	_D. Winne_	2056
			Temperance	394
	WARREN COUNTY.			
	R. Waddell		J. Ferguson	
	WASHINGTON COUNTY.			
1.	_T. J. Potter_	2863	R. W. Lowber	1543
2.	_H. G. Burleigh_	2940	E. E. Davis	1773
	WAYNE COUNTY.			
1.	Wm. H. Clark	2707	_E. W. Gurnee_	2858
2.	_A. S. Russell_	2339	E. M. Davis	1381
	WESTCHESTER COUNTY.			
1.	_G. H. Foster_	3165	O. A. Bills	2813
			Temperance	34
			*J. Callan	820
2.	G. W. Davenport	2898	_C. M. Schieffelin_	3464
			Temperance	30
3.	_J. W. Husted_	3302	John Hoag	2820
			Temperance	31
	WYOMING COUNTY.			
	A. Clark	3071	L. Spring	2050
	YATES COUNTY.			
	H. Struble	1952	_J. Southerland_	2234
			Temperance	229

SUMMARY.

	Senate.	Assembly.	Joint ballot.
Republicans	20	71	91
Democrats	12	57	69
Republican majority	8	14	22

FUNERAL OF GEORGE BELMORE.

CEREMONIES IN THE CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION—LARGE ATTENDANCE OF FRIENDS.

The transept and nave of the beautiful Church of the Transfiguration (The Little Church Around the Corner) were crowded yesterday with well-known members of the dramatic profession, gathered in the same place where the funeral services of so many actors have been held during the past five years, to pay the last tribute of respect to the great English character actor, George Belmore.

During the morning the remains had been lying at No. 94 Fourth avenue, in the room in which he died, where his features were viewed for the last time by a few intimate friends. A peaceful and very natural expression was on the face, and no trace of his sufferings was visible save the emaciation of disease. On the lid of the handsome rosewood casket was a plate with the inscription, "George Garstin Belmore, died Nov. 15, 1875, aged 50 years." On the coffin lid were a quantity of beautiful flowers sent by his friends. Mr. Montague, in the absence of Mr. Belmore's family, sent a tablet of white flowers bearing the words, "Alice and our children." Mrs. M. A. Byrnes, who had cared for Mr. Belmore during his last illness, gave a beautiful wreath, on which were the words "Not friendless." Over the foot of the casket was a cross presented by Mrs. Mathews (Ada Harland.) There were also several smaller pieces. At 11 o'clock the casket was closed and placed in a hearse in which it was conveyed to the Church of the Transfiguration, followed by five carriages containing the mourners. It was borne into the church preceded by Dr. Houghton, and Lester Wallack, Henry D. Palmer, George Honey, William J. Florence, John Brougham, Henry Beckett, Edward Arnott, and B. F. Russell, the eight pall-bearers, and followed by the mourners. On Mr. Montague's arm leaned Mrs. Byrne. Mr. Colville was the only other chief mourner, but there were many sad faces in the church. The ushers were Horace Wall, L. J. Vincent, H. J. Montgomery, T. E. Morris, and C. H. Stevenson. There were no remarks made after the service was read, but the coffin was again placed in the hearse and conveyed to Green-Wood, where it was lowered into a grave in Mr. W. J. Florence's plot. Among those who were in the church were Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams, John Gilbert, John Dillon, H. Bradley, S. W. Fort, H. Russell, E. Lamb, H. B. Phillips, L. Forrester, John Hogan, (who came from England with Mr. Belmore,) Mr. Birch, Mr. Backus, J. H. McVicker, of Chicago; John Dyas, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Florence, Samuel Colville, Mr. Belmore's manager; George Howard, Mr. and Mrs. Levy and Miss Conway, Fred Vokes, Mr. Leonard, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Holland, W. B. Holland, Treasurer of the Dramatic Fund Association; W. R. Floyd, John P. Smith, J. H. McDermott, George Brown, Thomas Chapman, Alfred Becks, Thomas R. Sudlow, Joseph H. Tooker, Mme. Ponisi, Ida Vernon, Rosa Rand, Rose Lisle, and Millie Cook. Many of them followed the body to the grave.

WRITING PAPER MANUFACTURERS.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Nov. 17.—The writing paper manufacturers held a meeting in this city today, and decided to shut down their mills for five weeks from the middle of December if the manufacturers not represented at the meeting will unite in the arrangement. About three-quarters of the mills were represented.

LAW REPORTS.

THE TWEED MOTIONS.

ARGUMENT BEFORE JUDGE DONOHUE—THE ONE MILLION SUIT.

Mr. Wheeler H. Peckham, on behalf of the People, and Mr. David Dudley Field, counsel for William M. Tweed, appeared before Judge Donohue, in Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday morning, to argue three motions noticed for hearing by Mr. Field. The motions were to vacate the order of arrest in the one million suit against Tweed, to reduce bail if the order to vacate should be denied, and that Mr. Peckham be obliged to serve replies to the defenses in the amended answer in the six million suit and the answer in the one million suit, requiring information to be given as to the terms of settlement and amount of releases given in other Ring cases.

It was arranged that the motion to reduce bail should stand over until to-morrow morning. In relation to the motions for replies, Mr. Peckham said he was ready to reply on the six million suit, and would be on the other if Mr. Field would stipulate not to put in an amended answer, so that the case could go to trial at the December term. Mr. Field declined to make any such stipulation, contending that the order for a reply should follow as a mater of course in this, as in the other case, and was not a matter of discretion after the court was in possession of the facts. Mr. Peckham rejoined that it was a question within the discretion of the court, and referred to the Code in support of his statement. Judge Donohue reserved his decision on the motion to vacate and for a reply in the one million suit. A reply in the six million suit is to be served to-day.

The Court of Appeals having decided on Tuesday that there was but one cause of action in the suit before them, Tweed's attorneys yesterday served an amended answer in the second (one million) suit, setting up the pendency of the first, claiming that the first suit must, of necessity, include the cause of action in the second, and be a bar to it. The following section, added to the three sections in the one million suit, answer already served, constitute the amended answer served yesterday:

"*Fourth*—And for a further and separate defense, this defendant alleges, on information and belief, that there was at the commencement of this action, and still is, another action pending in the Supreme Court of the State of New-York between the same parties, and for the same cause of action as on the complaint herein."

FEMALE COUNTERFEITERS.

A WIFE FOLLOWING HER IMPRISONED HUSBAND'S PROFESSION—CHILDREN EMPLOYED IN PASSING SPURIOUS NICKEL COIN.

About a week ago Henry Volkenstein, a lager-beer saloon-keeper at No. 98 Hester street, was brought before Commissioner Shields, charged with passing counterfeit nickel coins, and despite his protestations that they were received in his business he was committed for further examination. The consideration of the officers of the Secret Service Division was called to the fact, and during Monday and Tuesday of this week, Capt. Kennock, of the Secret Service Division, and Detective Mullin, of the Tenth Precinct, worked at the case, and found that a considerable number of these counterfeits had been passed in beer saloons, confectionery stores, and groceries. They had been given in some instances in exchange for currency, or in payment for some trivial article, and being of a better grade than usual were always taken without suspicion. All that any of the parties could say in the matter was that they had been given them by a little light-haired girl. After the arrest of Volkenstein suspicion was aroused, and once or twice an attempt was made to follow the girl, but she always managed to elude pursuit. On Tuesday Capt. Kennoch and Detective Mullin made a thorough search for the girl, and late in the evening found her at No. 77 Eldridge street. The officers searched the premises, and found a hundred or more nickels nearly finished, metal and metal, pot files, plaster of paris for molds, and all the other necessary apparatus. The family proved to be that of Emanuel De Mott, who was arrested in Brooklyn about three months ago for counterfeiting, and sentenced by Judge Benedict to thirteen months' imprisonment in the Kings County Penitentiary. At the time of the arrival of the officers they found in the rooms Mrs. Mary McCartney, his mother-in-law, and the two children, Ella and Catherine Kenney, aged respectively thirteen and nine years, and shortly afterward their mother, Mrs. Elizabeth De Mott, came in, accompanied by another child, Francis, aged eleven years. A large quantity of penny trifles were found in the rooms. The whole party was taken to the Tenth Precinct Station-house and locked up on charges of making and passing counterfeit nickel coins. Yesterday afternoon the prisoners were taken before United States Commissioner Shields, and upon the affidavits of Detective Mullin and Capt. Kennock, Mrs. McCartney, Mrs. De Mott, and Ella were committed to Ludlow Street Jail in default of $1,000 bail each. Mrs. De Mott admitted that she had made the nickels, and stated that her mother had nothing to do with the business. The other two children at their own request were sent to jail with their mother. Mrs. De Mott, when she returned to her rooms on Tuesday night, had a sum of money in pennies, but none of the counterfeit money, and the little boy was well loaded with the trifles bought during the evening. The girl Ella was arrested with her father, in Brooklyn, but upon his conviction was discharged. An examination will be held this afternoon before Commissioner Shields.

THE OCEAN BANK CASE.

In the case of Lilienthal vs. the Ocean National Bank, now on trial before Judge Van Vorst, in Part III. of the Supreme Court, in which plaintiff seeks to recover a Deposit of $75,000 in United States bonds, lost through the alleged negligence of the bank, a motion was made yesterday for a non-suit, Judge Van Vorst intimating, but giving no positive promise, that it was his intention to dismiss the suit on the ground that it then appeared, unless some further evidence should alter that view, that it was no part of the business of the bank to receive deposits of this kind, and it had not been shown that either the Directors or the stockholders had authorized its reception.

BANK OFFICERS CHARGED WITH PERJURY.

In the Fifty-seventh Street Police Court before Judge Duffy yesterday, the officers of the Third Avenue Savings Bank, against whom a complaint of perjury had been made, appeared and gave bail. David Morgan was held on two charges, John Davidson, of No. 805 Lexington avenue, becoming his surety. Daniel Bates, of No. 174 West Eleventh street, became surety for his brother, William Bates. Philip J. Seiter, of No. 1,019 Third avenue, appeared as bondsman for William S. Carman, and Henry Saulpaugh, of No. 244 East Twenty-sixth street, signed the bail-bond of Thompson W. Decker. The sureties were examined by Judge Duffy, and he, finding them satisfactory, admitted the accused to bail to await the action of the Grand Jury, before whom their cases will be brought.

INSOLVENT ASSIGNMENTS.

Jehoiakim Davis, a lumber-dealer, at the corner of West and Bethune streets, filed an insolvent assignment in the Court of Common Pleas yesterday, to Hugh Porter. His scheduled liabilities are $92,958 43; nominal assets, $82,236 63; and actual assets, $15,440 75. Judge Larremore fixed the Assignee's bond at $16,000. The principal creditors of the insolvent are the United States Trust Company, which has a claim for $30,000, and William Lewis, of this City, whose claims aggregate $27,897 33. Most of this indebtedness is for money loaned the insolvent on bond and mortgage.

In the Supreme Court, yesterday, James Cochrane, doing business as a furniture dealer at Nos. 152 and 154 West Twenty-third street, under the firm name of Degraaf & Cochrane, filed an insolvent assignment to Louis Ingersoll. The schedules of assets and liabilities have not yet been filed.

THE WILL OF WILLIAM T. BLODGETT.

The will of the late William T. Blodgett, bearing date of Jan. 20, 1875, was admitted to probate yesterday. Among the bequests made are the following: Five thousand dollars in trust to the Executors, the income of which shall be paid to Mrs. Laura E. Hunt during her lifetime, and $5,000 in trust to the Executors, the income of which is to be paid to Hannah C. Carroll, sister-in-law, during her lifetime. The house and lot No. 147 East Forty-fifth street is left in trust for the testator's sister, Ellen M. Lynch, the income and profits to be applied to her maintenance during her lifetime. To Mrs. Blodgett are left all the household goods, horses, &c., and the insurance policies on the life of the deceased. She is appointed guardian of the children, and with them is to have the use of the Newport estate, recently purchased from Bareda. The rest of the estate is divided into three parts, to go to Mrs. Blodgett, Eleanor Elizabeth, her daughter, and her son, William Tilden Blodgett. The Executors are Abbie Blake Blodgett, wife of the testator, and his son, William T. Blodgett, when he shall become twenty-five years of age.

AN OLD MAN'S REVENGE.

The case of Lewis Clark, of No. 211 Division street, against Dr. David Dundas, for alleged participation in the assault committed upon the former's person by four masked burglars on Sunday morning last, was called up yesterday before Justice Otterbourg, at the Essex Market Police Court. Clark, after giving his testimony, refused to sign the affidavit inculpating Dundas, for the reason that, being an old man, he might have been mistaken as to the prisoner's identity. Dundas' sister, having been sworn, testified that she had on different occasions been told by her brother that Clark had threatened to have him imprisoned if he did not give him $50 to repay for an alleged injury to his leg. Another witness testified to having heard Clark make the threat on various occasions, particularly as regarded Dundas' imprisonment. Two lady witnesses also swore that on the morning of the alleged assault upon Clark the latter had left the house to attend some sick friend. As the latter testimony exculpated the prisoner Dundas from all complicity in the case, Justice Otterbourg discharged him on the ground that the testimony of the complainant had failed to criminate him in any respect, but rather demonstrated that he was the victim of a revengeful patient.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

APPEAL IN A DIVORCE CASE—DAMAGE TO A CHURCH BY THE CONSTRUCTION OF A RAILROAD.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—In the United States Supreme Court the following cases were argued yesterday:

No. 45.—*Jackson vs. Jackson*.—Appeal from the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.—This was a suit for divorce by the appellant (the wife) on the ground of habitual drunkenness. The answer denied the charge, and a cross-bill, alleged adultery, and set forth that she held in her name real estate, which, with the improvements, was acquired with the money and economy of the husband since their marriage. The wife, by her answer to the cross-bill, denied the allegation of adultery, and set up that the wife purchased the land with money derived from her father, and made the improvements with her own means. The decree gave the wife her divorce on the ground alleged, finding the charge of adultery not proved, but found that the wife held the property in trust for both parties, and directing an equal distribution between them. From this decree she appeals, maintaining that the court erred in finding her husband entitled to any of the property. The appellee insists that the court did not have the power, on the cross bill, to make the decree rendered, and that if it did, there was still no evidence upon which to base it.

A. G. Riddle for appellant; Meloz & Miller for appellee.

No. 47.—*Baltimore and Potomac Railroad Company vs. Trustees of the Sixth Presbyterian Church of Washington*.—Error to the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.—This is the case involving the inquisition as to the damages suffered by the church by reason of the operation of the road of the company. The appeal from the inquisition was heard in the first instance at the General Term, where the award was confirmed, judgment rendered thereon, and execution issued. It is here urged that the appeal from the inquisition should have been heard at first at Special Term; and that the General Term had no jurisdiction, and should have stricken the cause from the calendar. On the merits of the award it is urged that it was made on improper evidence, and that the testimony showing that the devotional exercises of the church were disturbed by the noise of the cars and the smoke of the engines should have been excluded; that all the rights of the company were granted and guaranteed by acts of Congress, and the site having been selected, and the road operated under those acts, the inquisition could not question title or privilege.

Daniel Clarke for plaintiffs in error; R. D. Massey and J. C. Garfield for defendants.

To-day on motion of William H. Clifford, Edward Winslow Fox, of Portland, Me., was admitted to practice as an attorney and counselor of this court.

No. 47.—*The Baltimore and Potomac Railroad Company, plaintiffs in error, vs. The Trustees of the Sixth Presbyterian Church*.—The court declined to hear further argument in this cause.

No. 48.—*Gustave T. Beauregard, plaintiff in error, vs. Charles Case, Receiver, &c.* No. 406.—*Thomas P. May, plaintiff in error, vs. Charles Case, Receiver, &c.*—These causes were argued by Mr. J. D. McPherson, of counsel for the plaintiffs in error, and Mr. C. Case for the defendants in error.

No. 49.—*John Carri et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. Henry T. Brown*.—The argument of this case was commenced by Mr. Conway Robinson, of counsel for the plaintiffs in error.

Adjourned until to-morrow.

COURT OF APPEALS.

DAY CALENDAR—CASES ARGUED.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Day Calendar for Thursday, Nov. 18, 1875: Nos. 39, 40, 42, 43, 29, 25, 18, 22.

In the Court of Appeals to-day in case No. 32—Geery vs. Geery—argument was resumed and concluded. No. 5—The People, &c., defendants in error, vs. Gustavus Raw, plaintiff in error—was argued by W. H. Bowman, of counsel for plaintiff in error, and by Angus McDonald for the people. No. 34—Louania Cordot, executor, &c., appellant, vs. Ashbel H. Barney, respondent—was argued by Walter W. Holt, of counsel for appellant, and by S. S. Rogers for respondent.

The court adjourned.

A ROOM FOR THE COUNTY JUDGE.

THE JUDGES IN CONSULTATION IN REGARD TO PROVIDING PROPER ACCOMMODATIONS—THE NEW COURT TO BE OPENED IN JANUARY.

On the first Monday of next January the additional Court of General Sessions, provided for by an act of the last Legislature, will be opened, and Col. Gildersleeve, who has been elected "Judge of the Court of General Sessions," will take his seat. No action has yet been taken toward providing the necessary accommodation for this new branch of the criminal courts as called for by the act; but Recorder Hackett, City Judge Sutherland, County Judge Gildersleeve, and District Attorney Phelps will consult with Commissioner Fitz John Porter on the matter during the ensuing week. The location of Part II. of the Court of General Sessions has been pretty thoroughly discussed, and, among lawyers, Judges, and the Police authorities, it is conceded that the new court-room should be situated in the brown-stone building originally erected for the transaction of criminal business, in which Part I. is now held. Ample accommodation can be secured at a moderate outlay by fitting up one of the floors now occupied in the transaction of comparatively unimportant business. The existing Court of General Sessions, Clerk's offices, District Attorney's office, Grand Jury room, and prisoners' box, are situated in the building, and the new court also should be located in the same structure. Thus the various branches of the administration of criminal justice would be consolidated, and much valuable time thereby saved. It would also insure safety in the transmission of desperate criminals from the Tombs to the courts, and render unnecessary the appointment of a large number of court officers. Communication between the two branches of the court could easily be provided, and the business of both thereby greatly facilitated. Under the provisions of the act, the Commissioner of Public Works is authorized to provide and furnish a suitable building, under the direction of the three Judges of the court, and a portion of the brown-stone structure will undoubtedly be selected for that purpose. The law authorizes only the election of an additional Judge and the appointment of an additional Assistant District Attorney, and makes no provision whatever for a Clerk, stenographer, or court attendants. It is not known yet how this difficulty will be met, or whether any business will be transacted in the new court until these deficiencies have been supplied. By the recent action of the Board of Supervisors the force of officers in Part I. of the Court of General Sessions has been reduced nearly one-third, although an act of the Legislature gives the Judges of the court the power to appoint as many attendants as they consider necessary. As the present reduced staff of attendants is considered by the Judges insufficient for the transaction of the business of even one court, it would be injudicious and unsafe to weaken their efficiency by transferring any of their number to the new court. Under these circumstances it is evident that some action will have to be taken by the authorities to place the new branch of the General Sessions in proper working order. In order to keep the two courts in constant session, each of the Judges will have to sit two months out of every three, instead of alternate months, as heretofore. The first term will probably be held by Recorder Hackett in Part I. and Judge Gildersleeve in Part II.

THE SINGER WILL CASE.

The Surrogate of Westchester County was engaged yesterday in hearing further evidence in behalf of Mrs. Mary Ann Foster, familiarly known as Mrs. Mary Ann Singer, in support of her claim to the position of rightful widow of the late Isaac M. Singer. At the opening of the court yesterday morning Mrs. Mary Ann Foster was recalled by Mr. Carter for a further cross-examination in regard to the nature of her statement embodied in a complaint prepared by John McKeon in a suit commenced by the witness against Mr. Singer. In the complaint referred to the witness gave a detailed account of her first acquaintance with Mr. Singer at the residence of her parents in Baltimore in the Spring of 1836, and of her subsequent life with him as his wife. I. D. Longe, formerly employed by Mr. Singer as coachman, and Charles H. Sponsler, a brother of the contestant, then testified in regard to Mr. Singer having always acknowledged her as his wife. Mr. George R. McKenzie, Vice President of the Singer Sewing-machine Company, was the next witness called. He testified to matters connected with the written agreement between the contestant and Mr. Singer, which had been introduced as evidence in the case on the day before. The court was then adjourned.

THE SCANNELL JURY.

The impaneling of jurors in the Scannell murder case was continued in the Court of Oyer and Terminer yesterday before Judge Barrett. The entire day was spent in efforts to obtain a jury. John S. Neill, manufacturer of printers' rollers at No. 33 East Ninth street; Sherman P. Colt, hardware dealer at No. 47 Beekman street, and John H. Oberteuffer, dry goods dealer at No. 294 Grand street, were finally selected, after which the court adjourned to to-day. Five more men are needed to complete the jury.

THE METROPOLITAN COLLAR COMPANY.

The President and a majority of the Trustees of the Metropolitan Collar Company applied to Judge Donohue, in Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday, for an order dissolving the company and appointing a Receiver. Judge Donohue appointed Frederick Smyth, Referee, to take testimony and report as to the affairs of the company. The assets of the company are estimated to be about thirty-five thousand dollars and the liabilities about one hundred and twenty thousand dollars. Among the creditors of the company are Alexander White, whose claim is $5,693 73; Realdo Dorman, $4,486 79; P. C. Beard, (Massachusetts,) $7,415 48; Wendt, Hooper & Co., $23,973 73; Denny, Poor & Co. $4,374 15; Spooner & Bauer, $8,577 15; Importers and Traders' Bank, $2,000, and D. A. Dorman, $14,748 91.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Donohue, J.

Nos.
27—Stuart vs. Clark.
64—Matter of Meyer.
75—Tribune Association vs. Sun P. & P. Co.
76—Knubel vs. Kingsley.
78—Aufmordt vs. Goldstein, &c.
79—Dibble vs. Atkinson.
80—Reichert vs. Ind. Acc. Fund Asso.
81—Same vs. Same.
86—Braisted vs. Wood.
87—Same vs. Same.
90—Tone vs. Board of Assessors.
91—Anderson vs. Board of Assessors.
92—Murray vs. Board of Assessors.
93—Johnson vs. Board of Assessors.
96—Freligh vs. Board of Police.
97—Andrews vs. Board of Police.
108—Weber vs. Craig.
111—Matter of Munster.
113—Tetens vs. Bockman.

Nos.
116—Dallamore vs. Williams, &c.
121—Gulick, &c., vs. Waters, &c.
128—Sutphen vs. Lash.
144—Sistare vs. Mech's and T's Sav. Inst.
151—Schwarzler vs. Burchill.
153—Gage vs. Myers.
169—Hanover Bank vs. Lunewarth.
189—Muller vs. Muller.
199—Matter of Anderson.
205—King vs. Benedict.
217—Manuf's and B's Bank vs. Asten, &c.
223—Bourguignon versus Goaud, &c.
225—Matter of Clark.
226—Mason vs. Clark.
228—Davis vs. Simpson, &c.
229—Brooks, &c., vs. Soule.
230—Farwell, &c., vs. Soule, &c.
231—Marcelin vs. Hodges.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART I.

Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART II.

Adjourned until Friday.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART III.

Held by Van Vorst, J.

Case on—No. 529—Lilienthal vs. Ocean National Bank. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Held by Lawrence, J.

Nos. Law and Fact.
421—Neilson vs. Tracy, &c.
445—Barnett vs. Barnett et al.
434—Wilmot vs. Clark et al.
153—Beringer vs. Schaefer.
576—Sandford vs. Union Dime Sav. Inst.
525—Post et al vs. Bernheimer.
587—Sherry vs. Crohus et al.
611—Meyer vs. Meyer.
615—Union Dime Sav. Inst. vs. Clark et al.
615½—Same vs. Same.
642—McGinnis vs. Malcolm.
209——— vs. ——.
422—R. E. Trust. Co. vs. Rader et al.
135—Hard vs. Sturges et al.
185—Hurlbut vs. Sturges et al.

Nos.
90—Wright vs. Sarner et al.
102—Miller et al vs. Sledge et al.
604—Locke et al. vs. Witmore et al.
622—Kattenborn et al. vs. Kattenborn et al.
644—Scamoni vs. Rück et al.
121—Knight vs. Ott et al.
488—Hoffman vs. Wetmore.
9—Amoskeag M'f'g Co. vs. Garner et al.
440—Clark, &c., vs. Clark.
606—Whittaker et al. vs. Hunt et al.
608—Seiford vs. Jackson.
634—Bockhorn vs. Miller et al.

SUPERIOR COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Adjourned for the term.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Speir, J.

Nos.
297—Brodie vs. O'Brien, &c.
1419—McFarlan vs. McFarlan et al.
765—Burnham et al. vs. Brennan, &c.
823—Ryerson vs. Judson.
761—Gentil vs. Brennan, &c.
827—Harrington vs. Beach.
843—Towle vs. Remsen et al.

Nos.
575—Kupfer vs. Hagen et al.
745—Crocker et al. vs. Luling et al.
751—Loaners' Bank vs. Reeve et al.
715—Gibbs vs. Wood.
863—O'Dwyer vs. Fowler, Jr.
787—Sun P. & P. Ass. vs. Tribune Ass.
879—Potts vs. Hyman.
689—Starr, &c., vs. Potts.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Held by Curtis, J.

Nos.
1332—Soshly vs. Conner, &c.
938—Campbell vs. Conner, &c.
696—Stafford P. Co. vs. Mouheimer.
898—Gillotte vs. Jackson.
800½—Gero vs. Fiske et al.
866—Fox et al. vs. Marx, &c.
1420—Davis, &c., vs. Heckman.

Nos.
722—Nuhn et al. vs. Brennan, &c.
778—Mason vs. Decker.
434—McCarthy vs. McQuade et al.
932—Hendricks vs. Sixth Av. Railroad Co.
936—Reed et al. vs. Wolfe.
744—Marshall H. C. Co. vs. Lyon.
664—Weidenfeld vs. Lynch.
348—Cassidy vs. Wolff et al.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Held by Freedman, J.

Nos. Demurrer.
6—O'Callahan vs. The Mayor, &c.
Law and Fact.
5—Welsh, &c., vs. Robinson.
14—Fairchild vs. Lynch.
27—Graham vs. Livermore.
23—Palmer vs. H. S. H. Med. Co. et al.

40—Collender vs. Griffith et al.
1—Offinger et al. vs. De Wolf.
43—Nitsekie vs. O'Neil et al.
50—Regner vs. Regner.
11—York, &c., vs. Fuller.

COMMON PLEAS—GENERAL TERM.

Held by Daly, C. J., Loew and J. F. Daly, JJ.

Nos.
3—Matter of Colah.
95—Paine vs. Bergh.
100—Porter vs. Wyman.
102—Sturgis vs. B. L. S. A. S. N. J. S. Co.
118—Anderson vs. Reilly.
107—Vanderpool vs. Sullivan.
231—Pepper vs. Plunkett et al.

Nos.
70—Collins vs. Drew et al.
484——— vs. ——.
104—Weil vs. Lange et al.
98—Pfeifer vs. Buchheister.
233——— vs. ——.
68—Wood vs. The Mayor, &c.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Robinson, J.

Nos.
1569—Center vs. Garsen.
1434—Hammerstein vs. Morgan.
1577—Green vs. Barmore.
2798—Phelps vs. King, &c.
2505—Leinecke vs. Brennan, &c.
1656—Hogan vs. The Mayor, &c.
401½—Parker vs. O'Callaghan.
2287—Wright vs. The Mayor, &c.

Nos.
1269—Hook, &c., vs. Matthews.
2776—P. and S. Manuf'g Co. vs. Wheeler.
1093—Davis vs. Brown et al.
1274—Dunn vs. Meserole.
1069—Moller et al. vs. Tuska.
403—Bennett et al. vs. Stern.
2463—Wheat vs. Pardiss.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Spaulding, J.

Nos.
3563—King vs. Judkins.
2[illegible]09—Neresheim vs. Kline.
3580—Goodman vs. Silberstein et al.
3534—Beers vs. Comstock et al.
3587—Patrick et al. vs. Welsh.
3598—Bookman vs. Dunne et al.
5393—Manuf's' & Mer's' Bank vs. Shapter.
5664—Shedlock vs. McClure et al.

Nos.
5703—Claflin et al. vs. Feldman.
5662—Hervey vs. Samuels.
5304—Kinzee vs. Conner.
5006—Wilson et al. vs. Bell et al.
5146—Townsend et al. vs. Crow.
3188—Savu vs. Zimmerman et al.
3548—Stimpson vs. Brenenstock et al.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Held by McAdam, J.

Nos.
2458—Collins et al. vs. Anthony et al.
5624—Dennison vs. Cox.
3525—Dale vs. Brinkerhoff et al.
3488—Makesson vs. Sears et al.

Nos.
3492—Kirkland vs. Sears et al.
3688—Rathburn et al. vs. Citizens' S. B. Co. of Troy.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART III.

Held by Shea, C. J.

Nos.
5047—Abraham et al. vs. Huebner.
1918—Clarkson vs. Van Cott.
4295—Wagner vs. Meisner.
4474—McCann vs. Sexton.
5516—Smith et al. vs. Juengling.
5280—Wise vs. Schwab.
4844—Schubach vs. Willis.
5591—First Nat. Bank Ch. West Virginia, vs. Morgan.

Nos.
5592—Same vs. Same.
5191—McCormack et al. vs. Biesel.
5553—Arnold et al. vs. Jacb.
5554—Same vs. Same.
5511—Donovan vs. Wheeler, (second case.)
5127—Moland vs. Berge.
3743—Marreu vs. Shears et al.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Held by Hackett, Recorder.

Richard Cogan, robbery.
William Rogers, Thomas Maher, robbery.
John S. Smith, Mary Clark; robbery.
Timothy McCarthy, robbery.
Matthew Costello, Francis McGuire, burglary.
James Gibbs, burglary.
Patrick Haw, burglary.
James Burns, burglary.
Patrick Welsh, burglary.
Gertrude Schneller Godfreid, grand larceny.
Richard Brocken, grand larceny.
Charles Strausser, grand larceny.
James Burke, Frank Hamilton, Frank Bessamer, grand larceny.
Solomon Manheim, grand larceny.
James Wright, grand larceny.
William Spohr, petit larceny.
Karl Kreusing, petit larceny.
Edward Degraw, gambling.
James Doherty, Election law.
Thomas Harrington, Election law.
Henry Moulton, Election law.
Henry Reichle, Robert Isaacs, robbery.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.

Held by Barrett, J.

John Scannell, homicide.

CONVICTION AND SENTENCE OF DULLY.

The case of Thomas Dully, a member of the desperate Forty-second street gang, indicted for shooting Officer MacEvetty, of the Nineteenth Precinct, while endeavoring to escape from the custody of Officer O'Brien, by whom he had been arrested on a charge of highway robbery, was resumed before Recorder Hackett yesterday in the Court of General Sessions. The evidence having been finished on the previous day, the Recorder, on the opening of court, charged the jury. After a short deliberation the jury found the prisoner guilty of felonious assault with intent to kill. On being asked by Deputy Clerk Hall what he had to say why judgment should not be pronounced against him, Dully defiantly replied that he had not had a fair trial, the witnesses against him having perjured themselves. Recorder Hackett—"Is that all you have got to say? Ten years in State Prison at hard labor."

ARREST OF RAILROAD CONFIDENCE MEN.

On the arrival of the Atlantic express train at the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot in Jersey City at 7 o'clock yesterday morning, three of the passengers, giving their names as George W. Loomis, of Philadelphia; Augustus Ford, of New-York, and Theodore Lewis, of Dakota, were arrested and taken to the First Precinct Station-house. The arrest was made in consequence of a telegram from J. F. Burrege, conductor of the train, who charged them with being emigrant swindlers and three-card monte gamblers. The prisoners had an examination before Justice Keese, during which it appeared that they had succeeded on Sunday last, in New-York, in swindling Christian Olsen, a Dane, who was on his way to his native country, out of $90. Counsel for the prisoners moved for their discharge on the ground that there was no evidence of any crime having been committed in New-Jersey, but Justice Keese decided to hold them for further examination. Officers from New-York were in the court-room prepared to have them rearrested if the Justice had discharged them. Mr. Vredenburgh, counsel for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, appeared for the prosecution, as the company is determined to rid the road of all such characters. When the prisoners were searched a complete outfit for their business was found in their possession. They had packs of cards in neat leather cases, bogus watches, large rolls of bills with the interior of the rolls filled with brown paper cut to the size of greenbacks, bogus steam-ship tickets, counterfeit gold pieces of large denominations, and monte cards. They will have a further examination this morning.

COURT NOTES.

George Broadhurst, charged with smuggling cigars into this port, was examined yesterday before United States Commissioner Shields, and honorably discharged.

Judge Donohue yesterday reserved decision on a motion made by Matthew P. Breen, counsel for Michael Falvey, for a mandamus to compel Branch No. 1 F. M. T. A. B. Society to restore Falvey to membership, it being alleged that he was expelled without notice or any opportunity to be heard.

The witnesses examined yesterday in the John L. Brown contested will case, were W. W. Niles and William Bloomfield, lawyers; J. L. Andree, John G. Gosberger, and Peter Morris, who testified as to the state of mind of the deceased previous to his death, on the part of the proponents of the will.

Joseph Costello, charged with breaking into the store of Alexander Humberger, No. 432 Broome street, and stealing therefrom property valued at $500, was tried before Recorder Hackett yesterday in the Court of General Sessions. The prisoner was acquitted and remanded for trial on another indictment.

The long-pending suit relating to the status of two contesting sets of Trustees of the New-York Veterinary College was, after the disposition of numerous preliminary motions, finally brought to a hearing yesterday before Judge Lawrence in the Special Term of the Supreme Court, decision being reserved.

In the Court of General Sessions yesterday James Henty, charged with stealing $50 from the person of a companion named Patrick M. Walsh, of No. 200 East Twenty-eighth street, on the night of the 16th of October, pleaded guilty, and was sentenced by Recorder Hackett to five years in State Prison at hard labor.

On Tuesday last John P. O'Sullivan, the plaintiff in the suit against Marshall O. Roberts, now on trial in the Superior Court before Judge Speir, was suddenly, and for no accountable reason, missing from the court-room, and, his absence continuing, Mr. James H. Fay, one of his counsel, reported him as missing at the Police Central Office. Later in the day he reappeared, and said that he had been looking for a witness.

In the Court of General Sessions yesterday, Mr. John O. Mott, counsel for Levi Ahrens, whose "death" and subsequent resurrection formed the subject of inquiry on the part of the Committee on Crime, moved for the discharge of the prisoner, who had been confined in the Tombs since the 21st of July, and whose case, counsel contended, the prosecution seemed to have no inclination to bring to trial. Assistant District Attorney Bell said that the prosecution had been unable to bring the case to trial owing to the pressure of other cases, but would do so during the ensuing week, if possible.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

By Judge Donohue.

Motions Denied.—La Lond vs. Deems; Blake vs. O'Bright.

Granted.—Strong vs. Bedell; Clark vs. O'Conner; Oakley vs. Greves; Wannemaker vs. Wannemaker; Everton vs. Everton; Wolff vs. May; Stewart vs. Bramball.

Cook vs. Cassidy.—Order granted.

Phillips vs. Vaughan.—Motion denied and order vacated.

Matter of Thurber.—When filled up will be signed.

Helbern vs. Kolle.—Motion to discontinue without costs granted; memorandum.

By Judge Larremore.

Gokey vs. Ulster County Ice Company.—Granted.

Barber vs. Hoff.—Motion to compel plaintiff to file security for costs denied, without costs.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Van Vorst.

Fletcher vs. Clark et al.—Findings signed; motion for new trial on merits denied.

Marshall et al. vs. Macy et al.—Order settled and signed.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Curtis.

Clegg vs. Hamel et al.—Findings filed and judgment for foreclosure and sale.

By Judge Speir.

Bowne vs. O'Brien, &c.—Amendments settled.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Larremore.

Knapp vs. Campbell.—Report of Referee confirmed and judgment to be entered.

Masters vs. The Eclectic Life Insurance Company.—Application on behalf of Attorney General granted.

Matter of Pressinger.—Commission de lunatico inquerendo ordered.

Motions Granted.—Wheelock vs. Walker; Kelly vs. Dye; Sweeny vs. Aruell; Spofford vs. Northrup; Loine vs. Stratton; Costello vs. The Mayor, &c.

Hunter vs. Hunter.—Reference ordered.

Caswell, Jr., vs Genet.—Memorandum.

Murphy vs. Kaile.—Default opened.

OUR RAILROADS.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE STATE ENGINEER FOR THE YEAR 1874.

The Albany *Sunday Press* prints an abstract of the report of the State Engineer on railroads for the year 1874, which has just been printed, and bears date Feb. 15, 1875. This report is made in pursuance of law and published by a joint resolution of the Legislature. The expense is paid by an assessment on the several railroad companies. The following figures are given:

	1873.	1874.
Length of road projected miles	10,388.81	11,197.76
Capital stock	$568,562,710	$611,298,811
Capital paid in	303,754,209	492,365,070
Funded and floating debt	266,704,687	324,454,408
Length of road laid, miles	6,324	6,574
No. engines	2,543	2,566
No. passenger cars	1,631	1,610
No. freight cars	59,289	54,870
Passengers carried	34,996,359	35,863,219
Tons of freight	34,558,119	33,555,595
Earnings from all sources	$104,504,723 28	$97,951,073 94
Payments, all kinds	109,599,508 66	101,346,012 76
Dividends paid	18,667,583 36	11,712,066 00

It must be borne in mind that all railroads, operated in whole or in part, in this State, are required by law to make their report to the State Engineer and Surveyor. Of the roads that lie only partly in this State may be named the following:

	Out of the State.	In the State.
Atlantic and Great Western, miles	389	48
Boston and Albany	201	39
Harlem Extension	116	53
Lake Shore and Michigan Southern	540	69
New-York, New Haven and Hartford	123	15.29

And some other less important roads.

It appears that the New-York Central has more than one-fifth of all the locomotives used, including the above roads which are largely operated outside of the State—more than one-fourth of all the freight cars, carries more than one-fourth of all the passengers, more than one-fifth of all the freight, earns nearly one-third of the money, and paid for the year 1874 $7,136,884 in dividends, out of $11,712,066 which is paid by all the roads making reports. Next to the New-York Central, in the extent of its business, of roads in this State, is the Erie Railway.

THE TENNESSEE TREASURY EMPTY.

Ex-Senator Brownlow is disturbed by the financial condition of Tennessee. In his paper, the Knoxville *Chronicle*, of the 14th inst., he says: "Our information from Nashville is that the State Treasury is about as empty as can be imagined. The 'bottom has fallen out.' After issuing treasury warrants, as provided by the last Legislature, for paying the floating debt, things do not seem to have improved at all. Charitable and literary institutions relying upon interest on State bonds or Legislative appropriations to carry on their operations are put off with a very small per cent. of their allowances, and in some instances are left to beg or borrow enough to keep them going. Now, if the interest on the public debt had been paid, and the Treasury drained for that purpose, the present 'dead-lock' might be explained, but that is not the case. Not a dollar of the July interest has been paid, and the obligation attempted to be met by the State authorities is current expenses. This state of affairs is a shame and a disgrace to Tennessee. With taxable property amounting to $300,000,000, besides a large revenue derived from privilege taxes, we are struggling along unable to pay our current expenses, amounting to $600,000 or $700,000.

WITHOUT AND WITHIN.

The Zanesville (Ohio) *Courier* of the 10th inst. says: "On last Wednesday a valuable cow belonging to Miss Mary Moore, residing in Madison Township, Perry County, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. At the time the death-dealing messenger came, the cow was in the middle of a field, far away from either tree or stump. The fluid burnt the hair off the breast and shoulders, but the skin was unbroken and the bones all sound. Upon investigation the heart and entrails were found to be torn into flinders. That stroke was similar to the one that struck the Democratic Party of Ohio on the second Tuesday of October. The old party seemed, after the stroke, to look well enough on the outside, but what a catastrophe there was on the inside!"

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE—NOV. 17.

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—10 A. M.

$3,600 B.,N.Y.&E.1st. 88	200 Pacific R. of Mo. 11⅞
5,000 H.&St.Jo.8s,C. 79⅞	100 do. 11⅝
1000 North-western 39¼	200 do. 11¾
30 do. 39	400 do. 11½
200 do. 39⅛	100 Han. & St. Jo. b3. 23¾
130 Panama 126	200 do. 23⅞
300 Western Union 75¾	100 do. b3. 24
100 do. 75¾	100 do. 23⅞
100 do. 75⅝	100 do. 23¾
1400 do. 75½	100 do. 23½
600 do. 75⅝	100 do. 23¼
400 do. s3. 75⅜	100 Han. & St. Jo. Pf. 29¾
200 do. 75⅜	100 do. 28¾
2300 Pacific Mail 41¼	300 St. Paul 36⅝
2500 do. 41⅜	200 do. s3. 36½
2400 do. 41¼	100 Union Pacific s3. 72¼
1500 do. 41⅛	100 do. 72¼
1200 do. s3. 41	200 Ohio and Miss. 19
2000 do. b3. 41⅛	100 do. 19
1700 do. 41⅛	100 do. s5. 19
20 do. c. 40⅞	100 do. 18⅞
300 do. 41⅛	300 do. b3. 18⅞
500 do. 41	100 do. 18⅞
1700 Erie Railway 15¾	300 Lake Shore 61¾
700 do. 15⅞	400 do. 61⅞
200 do. c. 15⅞	100 do. c. 61⅞
250 do. 16	500 do. s3. 61¾
800 do. 16⅛	100 do. c. 61¾
600 do. 16	400 do. s3. 61¾
100 do. s3. 15⅞	200 do. 61⅝
400 do. 16	

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—10:15 AND 11:30 A. M.

$1,000 U. S. 6s, 1881, Coup. 122½	$10,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65, N. 119⅝
25,000 U. S. 6s, '81, R. 121¾	10,000 U. S. 5s, '81, R. 115¾
20,000 U.S.5-20C., '67. 121¾	30,000 do. 115¾
25,000 do. b.c. 121⅞	3,000 U. S. 5s, '81, Coup. 116½
500 U. S. 5-20, C., '68, small 121½	10,000 U.S.5s,10-40R. 116¼

FIRST BOARD—10:30 A. M.

$6,000 Tenn. 6s, old. 47½	1300 N. Y. C. & H. b.c. 105
4,000 do. b.c. 47½	100 Panama b.c.s3. 126
1,000 C., R. I. &P.7s. 110	200 do. 125
7,000 N.J.C.1st,new. 111⅞	100 do. 125½
1,000 Mil. & St. Paul Con. S. F. 81	100 do. s3. 126
2,000 M. & St. P. 2d. 90	200 do. s3. 127
6,000 C. & N. W. Con. 97½	100 do. 127¼
3,000 do. 97¾	100 Union Pac. b.c. 72⅛
6,000 C. & N. W. Con. C. Gold bds. 87¾	100 do. 72
1,000 H.&St.J.8sCb3 80	200 do. 71¾
2,000 Mich. So. 2d. 100½	400 do. 72
5,000 Mich. C. 7s. 102	100 do. b3. 72¼
4,000 Erie 4th. 90½	700 L. S. & M. S. b.c. 61⅝
1,000 N. Y. C. 1st, C. 119	1000 do. 61⅝
5,000 N. Y. C. 1st, R. 116	200 do. 61½
1,000 Ohio & M. 2d. 70¾	100 do. 61⅝
2,000 C. Pac. G. bds. 104	1800 do. s3. 61¼
1,000 Un. Pac. S. F. 87¾	2300 do. 61⅜
5,000 do. 87½	100 do. s15. 61¼
3,000 Pac. of Mo. 1st. 90	100 do. b4. 61¼
5,000 do. 89	200 do. s5. 61¼
3,000 Un. P. 1st. b.c. 102⅞	100 do. s3. 61¼
3,000 C. C. & I. C. 1st. 48¾	1000 do. 61⅛
3,000 do. 48½	2300 do. s3. 61
1,000 W. U. T. C. 1900. 97¾	100 do. 61
5 Fourth Nat. Bank. 98	600 do. 61⅛
25 Q. Min. Co. b.c. 17½	1700 do. s3. 61
25 Canton Co. b.c. 40	400 C. & N. W. b.c.s3. 39⅛
100 Mich. Cent. b.c. 65¾	100 do. 39¼
110 do. 65½	300 do. 39⅛
100 do. 65⅝	100 do. 39
10 Amer. Ex. 59½	600 do. 38⅞
60 do. b.c. 59½	100 do. 38¾
50 Adams b.c.x.d. 100½	100 do. 38⅞
150 U. S. Express b.c. 51	100 Illinois Cen. b.c. 92
100 West. Un. b.c.s3. 75⅜	67 Cleve. & P. G't'd. 89¾
100 do. 75⅜	7 P.Ft.W.&C.Gb.c.b3 97¾
400 do. b3. 75⅜	100 Chi., M.&St.P.b.c. 36⅛
100 do. 75½	800 do. 36
200 do. 75½	100 do. c. 36
400 do. s5. 75½	100 do. 35⅞
1700 do. 75½	100 do. 35¾
100 do. s4. 75½	200 do. 35⅞
100 do. c. 75½	100 do. 36
100 do. s3. 75⅜	100 do. c. 35⅞
100 do. 75½	300 do. 35¾
500 do. s3. 75½	200 C.,M.&St.P.Pf.b.c. 65¾
1000 do. 75⅜	100 do. 65½
300 Erie Rail b.c. 15⅞	100 do. 65¼
300 do. 15¾	200 do. 65⅛
100 do. s3. 15¾	300 do. 65⅜
100 do. 15¾	100 do. 65½
500 do. 15⅝	100 do. 65⅜
300 do. b3. 15⅝	200 do. 65¼
1100 do. s3. 15½	100 Del., L. & W. b.c. 119⅝
1200 do. 15½	200 do. b.c. 119⅝
200 do. b.c. 15¾	15 Mor. & Essex 103¼
200 do. s10. 15¾	120 do. b.c. 103½
100 do. 15⅝	5 Alb. & Sus. b.c. 104
700 do. 15⅝	50 N. J. South b.c. 1⅝
300 do. 15⅝	27 do. s3. 1⅞
500 do. b3. 15¾	200 P. R. of Mo. b.c. 11½
100 do. 15⅝	100 H. & St. Jo. b.c.b3. 23¾
1500 Pacific Mail b.c. 40⅞	100 do. 23¾
100 do. 40¾	100 do. 23⅝
900 do. 40¾	100 do. b10. 23½
1800 do. 40⅞	100 do. 23⅝
100 do. c. 40⅞	200 do. 23⅝
200 do. 41	100 do. 23¾
800 do. 40⅞	100 do. b3. 23⅝
800 do. s3. 40¾	100 do. s3. 23⅝
2800 do. 40¾	200 do. 23¼
100 do. s15. 40⅝	200 do. 23
500 do. 40⅝	100 H. & St. Jo. Pf. b.c. 28½
900 do. 40⅝	200 do. 27¾
500 do. b3. 40½	200 O. & Miss. b.c. 18⅞
1300 do. 40⅝	100 do. 18⅞
700 do. 40⅝	100 do. 18⅝
8 C. R. of N. J. b.c. 105½	400 do. 18⅝
5 do. 105¼	100 do. 18⅝
300 Chi. & R. I. b.c. 104⅛	700 do. 18⅝
500 do. 104⅝	

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—12:30 P. M.

$1,000 U. S. 5-20, C., '65, new 119½	200 Lake Shore 61⅛
23,000 Tenn. 6s, old 48	600 do. s3. 61
5,000 M.&E.1st,Con. 107½	500 do. 61
3,000 U. Pac. S. F. 87½	500 do. s3. 60⅞
18 Del. & Hudson 121	200 do. 61
100 P. C. L. & Pet. Co. 94¾	900 do. 61⅛
700 Western Union 75⅝	700 do. 61¼
200 do. b3. 75¾	27 N. J. Central 105⅜
200 do. 75¾	100 Rock Island 104⅝
50 Quicksilver Pf. 23	100 do. c. 104⅝
200 Pacific Mail 40⅝	100 St. Paul Pref. s3. 65¼
200 do. 40¼	200 do. 65½
500 do. 40⅜	100 St. Paul 35⅞
100 do. b3. 40½	200 do. 35¾
300 do. 40⅝	200 do. 35⅝
800 do. 40½	700 do. 35½
100 N. Y. C. & H. 105	100 do. s3. 35¼
100 do. 105⅛	400 do. b3. 35½
150 do. 105	100 do. b3. 35⅝
200 Erie Railway 15⅝	100 do. 35⅝
300 do. 15¾	500 Ohio & Miss. s3. 18⅞
300 Michigan Central 65⅝	1000 do. s3. 18⅞
200 do. 65¼	100 do. s3. 18¾
600 North-western 38⅝	100 Han. & St. Jo. 23¼
200 do. 38¾	200 Pac. R. of Mo. 11⅞
	100 do. b3. 11⅞

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—2 P. M.

$41,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '67 121⅞	$16,000 U.S.6s,C.,'81. 122⅞
10,000 U. S. Cur. 6s. 125	140,000 U. S. 5s, R., '81 b.c. 115¾
2,000 do. 124¾	

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$5,000 Tenn. 6s, new 46½	200 L. S. & M. So. b.c. 61⅛
5,000 Tenn. 6s, n. s. 46	700 do. 61
20,000 Dist.Col.3.65s. 69	300 do. 60⅞
5,000 do. 69⅛	1500 do. s3. 60⅞
3,000 Un. Pac. 1st. 102⅞	1000 do. 61
1,000 Un. Pac. S. F. 87½	100 do. c. 60⅞
1,000 do. 87⅝	1300 do. 61
1,000 Lg. Dock bds. 104⅛	100 do. 60⅞
5,000 Chic. & N. W. Con. C. G. bds. 87¾	300 do. s3. 60⅞
4,000 do. 87⅝	200 do. s3. 61
3,000 Mil. & St Paul Con. S. F. 81	300 Panama b.c. 129
5,000 Mich. C. 7s. 101¾	100 do. 128¾
12,000 do. 101⅞	100 do. 128⅝
1,000 do. 102	1200 do. 128
100 Del. & Hud. C. Co. 121¼	300 Union Pac. b.c. 72
100 Mary'd Coal b.c. 17½	100 Cleve. & Pitts. G. 89¾
100 Pro.C.L.&P.Co.b.c. 94⅜	100 Chi. & N. W. b.c. 38¾
100 West. Un. b.c.b3. 75⅝	100 do. 38⅞
100 do. b3. 75⅞	100 do. 38¾
700 do. 75⅞	300 do. 38⅝
600 do. b3. 76	600 do. 38½
600 do. 75⅞	100 do. 38⅝
1200 do. 75¾	100 Cen. of N. J. b.c. 105⅛
300 do. s3. 75¾	100 do. 105¼
300 do. b3. 75¾	120 do. 105⅛
100 At. & P. Tel. b.c. 18¾	200 Chi., M.& St. P. b.c. 35¾
100 do. 18½	100 do. s3. 35⅝
36 do. 18¼	50 do. 35⅝
100 Adams Ex. b.c.s3. 101	100 do. 35¾
300 Pac. Mail b.c. 40½	30 Chi., Bur.&Q.b.c. 112⅞
700 do. 40⅜	100 Ohio & M. b.c.s3. 18⅞
1400 do. 40¼	100 do. 18¾
1000 do. s60. 40	100 do. 18⅝
1200 do. 40⅜	1100 do. 18½
200 do. b3. 40⅜	100 do. s3. 18⅜
300 Erie Railway b.c. 15⅜	200 do. 18⅜
400 do. s3. 15½	600 do. 18¼
400 do. 15½	500 do. s3. 18⅛
100 Harlem 132½	400 do. 18¼
100 Mich. Cen. b.c. 65¼	500 do. 18⅛
100 do. s3. 65	100 do. 18
100 do. b3. 65	200 do. 17¾
100 C.,C. & I.C. b.c.s3. 5⅛	100 do. 17⅞
100 do. b.c. 5⅛	400 do. 18
100 Alt. & Terre H.Pf. 21	200 do. 18⅛
200 Morris & Es. b.c. 103½	500 do. 18¼
100 Pac. of Mo. b.c. 11¾	100 Han. & St. Jo. b.c. 23⅛
120 Dub.& S. City b.c. 66	200 do. b.c. 23⅛
	100 do. b3. 23¼
	100 H. & St. Jo. Pf. b.c. 28

SALES FROM 2:30 TO 3 P. M.

$2,000 O. & M. C. S. F. 93½	300 North-west s3. 38⅝
10,000 Un. Pac. S. F. 87¾	100 do. 38⅝
500 Western Union 75¾	100 North-west. Pf. 52½
200 do. b3. 75⅞	200 Illinois Central 92
200 do. 75⅞	100 N. J. Central 105¼
100 U. S. Express 50	100 St. Paul 35¾
700 Pacific Mail 40⅜	100 do. 35⅝
1500 do. 40¼	200 St. Paul Pf. 65½
200 Erie Railway 15⅝	300 Ohio & Miss. 18¼
200 do. s5. 15½	100 do. 18¼
300 do. 15½	200 do. s3. 18⅜
400 do. b3. 15⅝	400 do. b3. 18⅛
100 Mich. Cen. s10. 64⅞	300 do. 18⅛
500 Lake Shore 61	300 do. b3. 18⅛
1000 do. 60⅞	100 do. s3. 18
800 do. s3. 60¾	100 Han. & St. Jo. 23⅛
100 Union Pacific 72	100 do. b3. 23⅛
100 do. 71¾	100 Han. & St. Jo. Pf. 28

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 17—P. M.

The transactions at the Stock Exchange to-day amounted to 138,000 shares, the principal dealings having been in Pacific Mail, Lake Shore, Western Union, Erie, and Ohio and Mississippi. The course of the market was toward lower figures, but the decline, as a rule, was not marked, and there was an absence of any great pressure to sell. The lower range of prices today may be accepted as the natural result of the disposition on the part of the smaller class of operators to realize, the late improvement having held out handsome profits. The advices from the West in regard to trade continue satisfactory, and the tonnage of the railroads in the North-west is reported to be unusually heavy, the movement of breadstuffs affording active employment to the companies in that section. At the opening, prices, where changed, were higher than the closing figures of yesterday, notably in the case of Hannibal and St. Joseph, preferred, which showed an advance of 1¼ ₽ cent., selling at 29¾. At the close the price dropped to 28. The common stock, after opening at 23¾@24, fell off to 23, and finally sold at 23⅛. Lake Shore opened at 61¾@61⅞, and declined to 60⅞. At the second call, when the market exhibited more steadiness than at any other period of the dealings, there was a recovery to 61¼, but the price afterward gave way to 60¾. North-western common declined from 39¼ to 38⅜, St. Paul from 36⅝ to 35⅝, and the preferred from 65¾ to 65⅛. There was a slight rally in the closing dealings. Michigan Central yielded to 65, Union Pacific to 71¾, and Ohio and Mississippi to 17¾. The last named closed at 18⅛@18¼. Pacific Mail rose to 41⅜, and subsequently yielded to 40¼. Panama advanced to 129, and closed at a reaction of 1 ₽ cent. New-York Central was more active and sold at 105@105⅛. Erie advanced to 16⅛, but later fell off to 15½—the closing price of yesterday. Western Union declined from 75¾ to 75⅜, and advanced afterward to 76. Missouri Pacific ranged between 11½ and 11⅞. Harlem sold at 132½; Delaware, Lackawanna and Western at 119⅜, and Illinois Central at 92.

The money market was easy at 3@3½ ₽ cent., to borrowers, on call during the early portion of the day. In the afternoon the demand increased somewhat, and loans were reported as high as 4½ ₽ cent.; but the rate fell back to 3 ₽ cent. at the close. Prime mercantile paper is quoted at 6 to 8 ₽ cent., according to the date of maturity. The amount of National Bank notes received at Washington for redemption to-day, was $450,000.

The most curious feature of the foreign advices was the announcement that £50,000 had been withdrawn from the Bank of England to-day, for shipment to this country. At current rates of exchange the operation is a losing one, and it is not likely that it will be repeated for a long time. Three months discounts in the open market at London are easier at 2¾@2⅞ ₽ cent., and it is not unlikely that the Bank minimum will be reduced at the regular weekly Court of Directors to-morrow. Consols made a further advance, selling up to 94⅞@95. The closing quotations were ⅛ ₽ cent. lower both for money and the account. United States bonds were firm and closed at 103⅜ for old 1865s, 108½ for 1867s, 104½ for 10-40s, and 103⅞ for new 5s. Erie declined to 14, and the preferred closed at 26@27, against 27@28 yesterday. Sterling exchange was strong at a higher basis of rates. The asking quotations of the leading drawers were marked up to $4 84½ for long and to $4 88½ for demand sterling. The supply of bills continues small, while there is a good demand for sterling from bankers and importers. Actual business closed at about $4 84 and $4 88. Gold was weaker at the opening and declined to 114⅛, against 114⅜ at the close yesterday. In the afternoon there was a recovery to 114⅜ on the advance in exchange and the decline in consols at London. Cash gold loaned flat and at 1 ₽ cent for carrying. To-morrow the Treasury will sell $500,000 gold.

Government bonds were strong on an increased business. Coupon 1867s rose to 121⅞, and currency 6s to 125. New 5s sold at 115¾ for registered, and 116½ for coupon. Railroad bonds were active and prices were well sustained. New-York Central sold at 119 for coupon firsts, and at 116 for registered. Erie 4th advanced 1½ ₽ cent., selling at 90½. Union Pacific Sinking Funds declined to 87½, and closed at 87¾. State bonds were higher for Tennessees, which sold at 47@48 for old, and at 46@46½ for new. Sales of District of Columbia 3-65s were made at 69@69⅛.

UNITED STATES TREASURY, NEW-YORK, Nov. 17, 1875.

Gold receipts	$1,231,022 80
Gold payments	1,167,835 94
Gold balance	42,914,825 14
Currency receipts	859,294 33
Currency payments	973,928 15
Currency balance	44,631,878 35
Customs	325,000 00
Canceled gold certificates forwarded to Washington	353,000 00

CLOSING QUOTATIONS—NOV. 17.

	Tuesday.	Wednesday.
American Gold	114⅜	114⅜
United States 5s, 1881, coup	116¼	116⅜
United States 5-20s, 1867, coup	121¾	121⅞
Bills on London	$4 83½	$4 84
New-York Central	104¾	105
Rock Island	104½	104⅝
Pacific Mail	41⅛	40¼
St. Paul	36½	35¾
St. Paul Preferred	66	65½
Western Union	75⅝	75⅞
Union Pacific	72¼	71¾
Lake Shore	61½	60¾
Wabash	5⅞	5⅛
North-western	39⅛	38⅜
North-western Preferred	53	52½
Delaware, Lackawanna & West'n.	119⅝	119⅜
New-Jersey Central	105½	105¼
Panama	125½	128
Erie	15¼	15⅝
Ohio	18⅞	18¾
C., C. & I. C.	5⅛	5⅛
Harlem	133	132½

The extreme range of prices in stocks and the number of shares sold to-day were as follows:

	Highest.	Lowest.	No. of Shares.
New-York Central	105⅛	105	1,650
Harlem	132½	132½	100
Erie	16⅛	15½	13,700
Lake Shore	61⅞	60¾	30,700
North-western	39¼	38⅝	5,800
North-western Preferred	52½	52½	100
Rock Island	104⅝	104½	1,000
Milwaukee & St. Paul	36⅝	35⅜	5,850
Milwaukee & St. Paul Pf.	65¾	65⅛	1,800
Pittsburg	89¾	89½	100
Del., Lack. & Western	119⅜	119⅜	300
New-Jersey Central	105½	105⅛	447
Michigan Central	65¾	65	1,310
Illinois Central	92	92	300
Union Pacific	72¼	71¾	1,500
Morris & Essex	103½	103¼	375
C., C. & Indiana Central	5⅛	5⅛	200
Hannibal & St. Joseph	24	23	3,500
Hannibal & St. Joseph Pf.	29¾	28	700
Ohio & Mississippi	19⅛	17¾	12,700
Missouri Pacific	11⅞	11½	1,500
Panama	129	125	1,730
Western Union	76	75⅜	13,900
Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph	18¾	18¼	236
Pacific Mail	41⅜	40¼	37,900
Quicksilver Preferred	23½	23½	200
*Adams Express	101	101	150
Maryland Coal	17½	17½	100
United States Express	51	51	250
Total sales			138,128

*Dividend.

The following were the closing quotations of Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
United States Currency 6s	124¾	125
United States 6s, 1881, registered	121⅝	121⅞
United States 6s, 1881, coupons	122¾	123
*United States 5-20s, 1864, registered	114⅛	..
*United States 5-20s, 1864, coupons	114⅛	..
United States 5-20s, 1865, registered	115½	..
United States 5-20s, 1865, coupons	116	116¼
United States 5-20s, 1865, new, reg	119⅜	119⅝
United States 5-20s, 1865, new, coup	119⅝	119¾
United States 5-20s, 1867, registered	121⅛	122
United States 5-20s, 1867, coupons	121⅞	122
United States 5-20s, 1868, registered	121¾	122
United States 5-20s, 1868, coupons	122	122¼
United States 10-40s, registered	116¼	116½
United States 10-40s, coupons	117¼	117½
United States 5s, 1881, registered	115¾	116
United States 5s, 1881, coupons	116⅝	117

*Called.

The Sub-Treasury disbursed in coin $49,000 for interest and $594,000 for called bonds.

The following table shows the transactions at the Gold Exchange Bank:

Gold cleared	$31,594,000
Gold balances	1,570,953
Currency balances	2,189,180

The following is the Clearing-house statement:

Currency exchanges	$61,208,988
Currency balances	2,965,690
Gold exchanges	3,282,823
Gold balances	625,639

The following were the bids for the various State securities:

Arkansas 6, Funded. 34	N.C.6s,N.C.R., J.&J. 40
California 7s. 115	N.C.6s,N.C.R., A.&O. 40
California 7s, L. bds. 115	N.C.6s,NCRc.o.J.&J. 30
Connecticut 6s. 107	N.C.6s,NCRc.o.A.&O. 30
Ga. 7s, Indorsed. 95	N.C.6s, F'g Act, '66. 9
Indiana 5s. 103	N.C.6s, F'g Act, '68. 8
Ill. Coup. 6s, 1877. 103	N.C.6s,New B., J.&J. 8
Ill. Coup. 6s, 1879. 103	N.C.6s,New B., A.&O. 8
Illinois War Loan. 103	N.C.6s,Sp.Tax, Cl. 1. 3
Louisiana 6s. 36	N.C.6s,Sp.Tax, Cl. 2. 3
La. 6s, new bds. 36	N.C.6s,Sp.Tax, Cl. 3. 3¼
La. 6s, N. Float. Dbt. 36	Ohio 6s, '75. 102¼
La. 7s, Penitentiary. 33	Ohio 6s, '81. 105
La. 6s, Levee bds. 36	Ohio 6s, '86. 108
Michigan 6s, 1878-9. 103	Rhode Island 6s. 106
Michigan 6s, 1883. 105	S. C. 6s. 31
Michigan 7s, 1890. 109	S. C. 6s, Ja. & Ju. 31
Mo. 6s, due in 1875. 100	S. C. 6s, Ap. & Oct. 31
Mo. 6s, due in 1876. 102	S. C. 6s, F'g Act, '66. 31
Mo. 6s, due in 1877. 102¼	S.C. L'd C., '89, J.&J. 31¼
Mo. 6s, due in 1878. 102¼	S.C. L'd C., '89, A.&O. 31½
Mo. 6s, due in 1879. 102¼	S. C. 7s, '88. 32
Mo. 6s, due in 1880. 102¼	S. C. Non-Fund. B. 4½
F. bds., due in 1894-5. 103	Tenn. 6s, old. 47½
L. bds., due '81 to '91. 102⅝	Tenn. 6s, New B. 46⅛
A. or Univ., due 1892. 101½	Tenn. 6s, New B., n. s. 45⅝
H. & St. Jo., due 1875. 101½	Texas 10s, '76. 100
H. & St. Jo., due 1876. 101½	Va. 6s, New B., '66. 33
N. Y. Reg. B'ty L. 107½	Va. 6s, New B., '67. 33
N. Y. Coup. B'ty L. 107½	Va. 6s, Consol. B. 70
N. Y. 6s, Gold L., '91. 120	Va. 6s, ex mat coup. 65
N. Y. 5s, Gold, '76. 110	Va. 6s, Consol. 2d s. 44
N.C. 6s, old, Ja.& Ju. 16½	Va. 6s, Deferred B. 9
N. C. 6s, Ap. & Oct. 16½	Dis. of Col. 3-65s, 1924. 68¾

And the following for City bank shares:

America. 153	Fulton. 150
American Exchange. 114	Mercantile. 105
Central National. 102½	Merchants'. 123
Chatham. 138	New-York. 132
Chemical. 1600	N. Y. Nat. Exchange. 100
City. 300	Ninth National. 80
Commerce. 120	Phenix. 100⅛
First National. 200	Union. 140
Fourth National. 98	

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, Nov. 17, 1875.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pkgs	36	Lead, pigs	188
Broom-corn, bales	34	Spirits Turp., bbls	324
Bees-wax, pkgs	3	Crude Turp., bbls	4
C. S. Oil, bbls	508	Tar, bbls	187
Copper, bbls	95	Resin, bbls	1,758
Cotton, bales	8,865	Oil-cake, pkgs	783
Dried Fruit, pkgs	192	Pork, pkgs	51
Eggs, bbls	2,839	Beef, pkgs	48
Flour, bbls	19,819	Cut-meats, pkgs	301
Wheat, bushels	137,766	Lard, tcs	1,139
Corn, bushels	8,006	Lard, kegs	50
Oats, bushels	43,520	Butter, pkgs	7,018
Malt, bushels	4,398	Cheese, pkgs	5,696
Barley, bushels	28,541	Tallow, pkgs	25
Grass-seed, bags	400	Pea-nuts, bags	398
Flax-seed, bags	24	Pecans, pkgs	160
Beans, bbls	622	Rice, pkgs	734
Peas, bushels	500	Sugar, bbls	156
Meal, bbls	220	Starch, pkgs	200
B. E. Peas, bags	280	Tea, pkgs	10
B. W. Flour, pkgs	200	Tobacco, hhds	56
Oat-meal, bbls	200	Tobacco, pkgs	967
Hops, bales	798	Whisky, bbls	108
Hides, No.	364	Wool, bales	880
Hides, bales	718	Rice Flour, bags	200
Leather, sides	15,745	Skins, bales	19
Oil, bbls	300	Spelter, pcs	1,101
Molasses, bbls	816		

COAL—A very moderate demand has been noted for the leading kinds at rather easier prices. We quote Liverpool House Cannel at $17@$18; do. Gas Cannel at $12; Newcastle Gas, $6 25@$7 25; Scotch Gas, $6 75@$7 50; Provincial Gas, $4 50@$5; American Gas, $6 50@$7 25; Cumberland Soft, $5 75@$6 25; American Cannel, $12@$14, and Anthracite at $4 95@$6 25 for Chestnut to Stove.

COTTON—Has been quoted rather weak for early delivery, with Ordinary at 11 3-16c.@11¼c.; Low Middling at 13c.@13 5-16c.; Middling at 13 5-16c., on a moderately active movement....Sales were officially reported for prompt delivery of 1,597 bales, (of which 481 bales were on last evening,) of which 1,013 bales were to spinners, 444 bales for export, and 40 bales to speculators....The business for forward delivery has been fairly active at an improvement of 5-32c.@7-32c. ₽ lb. Sales have been reported since our last of 27,700 bales, (of which 9,500 bales were on last evening, and 18,200 bales to-day,) with 3,800 bales on the calls, on the basis of Middling, with November options closing at 13 3-16c.@13 7-32c.; December, 13 1-16c.@13 3-32c.; January, 13 5-32c.; February, 13 9-32c.@13 5-16c.; March, 13 7-16c.@13 15-32c.; April, 13⅝c.; May, 13 25-32c.@13 13-16c.; June, 13 31-32c.@14c.; July, 14 1-16c.@14 3-32c.; August, 14 5-32c.@14 3-16c....The receipts at this port since our last have been 8,865 bales....The receipts at the shipping ports to-day were 28,357 bales, against 22,641 bales same day last week, and thus far this week 126,775 bales, against 101,603 bales same time last week....The receipts at all the shipping ports since Sept. 1, 1875, have been 1,189,552 bales, against 1,053,368 bales the corresponding time in the preceding Cotton year. ....Consolidated exports (four days) to Great Britain from all the shipping ports, 46,952 bales; to the Continent, 19,112 bales....Stock in New-York to-day, 85,556 bales; consolidated stock at the ports, 544,413 bales.

Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York.

	Uplands.	Alabama.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary	11 3-16	11 3-16	11¼	11¼
Strict Ordinary	11 11-16	11 11-16	11¾	11¾
Good Ordinary	12 5-16	12 5-16	12⅜	12⅜
Strict Good Ord.	12 11-16	12 11-16	12⅞	12⅞
Low Middling	13	13⅛	13 5-16	13 5-16
Strict Low Mid.	13 3-16	13 5-16	13½	13½
Middling	13 5-16	13 7-16	13⅝	13⅝
Good Middling	13 9-16	13 11-16	13⅞	13⅞
Strict Good Mid.	13 13-16	13 15-16	14⅛	14⅛
Middling Fair	14 3-16	14 5-16	14½	14½
Fair	15 3-16	15 5-16	15½	15½

Stained.

Good Ordinary	11 7-16	Low Middling	12½
Strict Good Ord.	12 5-16	Middling	12 11-16

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in generally limited demand and quoted lower, in most instances 10c. ₽ bbl. off previous quotations. City Mill product has been in request for the West Indies. Otherwise very little inquiry has been noted on export account. Sales have been reported since our last of 13,900 bbls. of all grades, including unsound lots at $4 25@$6 25; very inferior to very choice No. 2 Flour at $4@$4 60, chiefly at $4 35@$4 50; poor to choice Superfine and Western at $4 85@$5 25, chiefly at $5 10@$5 15; inferior to very choice Extra State, $5 35@$5 65; very choice to fancy do., $5 65@$6 25; City Mills Extra, $5 45@$6 15, chiefly at $6 35@$6 50; poor to very choice shipping Extra Western at $5 35@$5 65; round-hoop Ohio at $5 35@$5 65 for small lots and lines; poor to very choice Minnesota Extras, plain, $5 70@$7 50, and patent at $7@$10, chiefly at $7 15@$7 50, and trade and family Extras within the previous range....Included in the sales have been 5,400 bbls. shipping stock, in good part City Mills, on the basis of our quotations....Southern Flour dull, and a shade easier; 700 bbls. sold....Rye Flour steady and in more demand; 575 bbls. sold, mainly at $5@$5 40 for Superfine, the latter for choice....Corn Meal quiet within the previous range. Sales equal to 550 bbls., including poor to fair Yellow Western, at $3 25@$3 50 ₽ bbl....Buckwheat Flour dull and heavy; 50 bags State sold at $2 30 ₽ 100 lb.; quoted at $2 25@$2 65 ₽ 100 lb., the latter an extreme.

GRAIN—Spring Wheat has attracted more attention, chiefly on export account, and has been quoted steadier in price toward the close, on less urgent offerings. Dealings, in good part, in ungraded Spring. Winter Wheat very quiet and quoted nominally unchanged as to values. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 133,000 bushels at $1 37 for strictly prime No. 1 Minnesota Spring, and very choice No. 1 Milwaukee do., afloat; $1 33@$1 35 for ungraded Minnesota do., (with strictly prime No. 2 Milwaukee Spring scarce, and quoted at $1 28 bid, and 3c.@4c. a bushel more asked;) $1 20 for No. 3 Milwaukee do.; $1 15 for No. 3 Chicago Spring, afloat, (with strictly prime No. 2 Chicago do. quoted at $1 25 bid, and up to $1 28 asked;) $1 15@$1 23 for ungraded Chicago, North-west, and Milwaukee Spring; $1 05, in part, for Rejected Spring; $1 18@$1 23 for about fair to good new Red Western, car lots; and $1 40, in part, for White Western, car lots....Corn has declined slightly, on a very moderate demand, mostly for home trade account, closing dull. Sales have been reported of 48,500 bushels at 74c.@75c. for good to strictly prime sailing vessel Mixed Western, afloat; 73c., in part, for steamer do.; 75c.@75½c. for High Mixed do., and 75c.@76c. for choice Yellow Western; 70c., in part for new Mixed Western, car lots....Rye very quiet; prime to choice scarce and wanted. A few car lots of State reported sold at 92c.@95c., the latter an extreme for very choice....Barley dull; quoted about steady; a boat-load of No. 2 Bay sold at $1 12....Of Barley-malt, small lots of six-rowed State sold at $1 27, cash....Canada Peas, in bond, quiet; prime car lots held at $1 08....Oats have attracted more attention, chiefly on account of local trade sources; prime to choice Mixed have been quoted firmer, with White easier and irregular; sales have been reported since our last of 58,000 bushels at 41c.@45c. for poor to about good Mixed Western, mostly at 44c. for car lots, (with strictly prime Mixed Chicago quoted at 46c. bid and up to 50c. asked;) 41c.@49c. for very poor to about prime White Western, car lots; 45c. for Mixed State, car lots, (with 46c. bid for strictly prime, in store, on speculative account, and up to 49c. asked;) 47c.@50c. for White State, mostly at 48½c.@49c., (for 15,700 bushels,) afloat; 49½c. for strictly prime old Mixed Chicago, (3,500 bushels,) in store, and 55c. for extra choice White, (1 car load.)....Hay, Straw, and Feed essentially as last quoted....Seeds dull; quotations without important change, since the sales of Calcutta Linseed at $1 97½, gold, ₽ 56 lb., (an advance,) our report of which was crowded out....Buckwheat dull; State quoted at 66c. ₽ bushel.

PETROLEUM—Has been quiet at previous prices. Crude has been inactive at 6⅜c., in bulk, and at 10c.@10⅛c., in shipping order, for early delivery....Sales, 500 bbls. Crude, in bulk, at 6⅜c....Refined has been in slack request; quoted for early delivery at 12⅝c.@12¾c. ₽ gallon....Refined, in cases, 17½c.@19¼....Naphtha at 10½c., for City....Refined Petroleum, at Philadelphia, early delivery, quoted at 12⅛c.@12¼c. Sales, 2,000 bbls. at 12⅛c....At Baltimore, Refined, for early delivery, quoted at 12c.@12⅛c.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been very quiet and quoted easier in price. Sales for early delivery have been confined to 100 bbls. Western Mess at $22 37½, with new do. held at $22 75; Prime Mess quoted at $20 50@$21, and Extra Prime at $15 50....And, for forward delivery, Western Mess, seller the remainder of the year, 250 bbls. sold at $20 50....Dressed Hogs have been moderately active, with City at 8¾c.@9⅝c. for heavy to very light....City Cut-meats offering rather more freely, and quoted in instances ¼c.@½c. ₽ lb. lower, on a restricted business; 15,000 lb. Pickled Bellies, in bulk, 14 lb., reported sold at 11½c.; Clear Bellies, boxed, quoted at 13½c. ₽ lb.; ....Bacon dull and heavy; 135 bxs. City Long Clear, sold in lots, at 12½c.; Western Long and Short Clear, December and January, quoted at 10⅞c., asked; Short Rib, January options, at 11c....Western Steam Lard has shown rather more firmness toward the close, on less urgent offerings of contract grade, but has been less freely dealt in....Of Western Steam sales have been reported of 250 tcs. at 12¼c., closing at 12¼c.@12 5-16c.; 650 tcs. choice new at 12⅝c....And for November delivery, 750 tcs., contract, (old or new,) at 12 5-16c.; 250 tcs. old at 12¼c. Also 1,000 tcs., sellers' options, the remainder of the year, at 12⅜c., closing at 12 7-16c.; 750 tcs., seller January, at 12 7-16c., closing at 12 7-16c.@12½c., with seller February quoted at 12½c.@12 9-16c....And of City Lard, 240 tcs. Steam and Kettle at 12¼c.; 225 tcs. No. 1 at 12c.@12⅛c.... And of Refined Lard, sales have been reported of 250 tcs. for South America on private terms, with stock for the Continent quoted at 12¾c. West India grade quoted at 12⅝c. ₽ lb....Butter, Cheese, and Eggs without important alteration....Tallow has been in more active demand at firm prices, with sales of 270,000 lb. good to prime at 9¼c.@9⅝c., chiefly prime at 9⅜c....Stearine very dull; prime Western, in tcs., quoted at 13¼c.; Choice City, in hhds., at 13¼c. ₽ lb.

FREIGHTS—The movements in the way of berth freights have been comparatively moderate, with rates quoted very firm, and room scarce. The chartering business has been on a restricted scale. Ship-owners have been more confident in their views, thus tending to check negotiations. Vessels for Petroleum, Grain, and Cotton have been attracting most attention. Deal, Lumber, and Coal interests dull....For Liverpool, the engagements reported since our last have been, by sail, 400 bales Cotton at 5-16d.; and, by steam, 150 bales Cotton at 13-32d. ₽ lb.; 16,000 bushels Wheat at 9½d. ₽ bushel; 200 bales Hops at ¾d. ₽ lb., 400 bbls. Apples at 5s. ₽ bbl., 30 tons Leather at 80s; 4,000 bxs. Bacon, (for next week's shipment,) reported at 50s. ₽ ton. And, by steam, from New-Orleans, (reported thence,) 1,350 bales Cotton on private terms, quoted at ⅜d. ₽ lb. Also, an American bark, 591 tons, with Cotton, from Galveston at 21-32d. ₽ lb., with option of Havre; a British ship, with Cotton, from Galveston, reported at 9-16d.; a ship, with Cotton, from New-Orleans, reported at ⅝d. ₽ lb. And a ship, 1,691 tons, with Wheat, from San Francisco, reported on private terms; quoted at 55s....For London, by steam, 16,000 bushels Grain (relet room) at 8d. ₽ bushel; and small lots of Provisions at 45s.@50s. ₽ ton....For Glasgow, by sail, 500 bbls. Sugar at 32s. 6d. ₽ ton.... For Bristol, by steam, 500 hhds. Tallow at 45s., and small lots of Provisions, reported at 50s. ₽ ton....For Cork and orders, an American bark, 598 tons, with about 4,000 quarters Grain, from Philadelphia, at 6s. 6d. ₽ quarter; quoted in the local market at the same rate asked....For the Continent, a German ship, 1,417 tons, (to arrive,) with about 8,000 bbls. Refined Petroleum, from New-York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore, on private terms, quoted at about 4s. 10½d. ₽ bbl....For Bremen, tonnage for Refined Petroleum quoted as in some request, New-York loading, at 4s. 4½d.@4s. 6d. ₽ bbl....For Seville, an American brig, 425 tons, hence, with Tobacco, reported at 42s. 6d., and back from Cadiz with Salt, for Gloucester, (Mass.,) at 10c....For Genoa, Leghorn, or Naples, a Swedish bark, with about 1,900 bbls. Refined Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 5s., with option of Trieste or Venice, at 6s. ₽ bbl....For Leghorn, an Italian bark, 391 tons, hence, with about 1,400 bbls. Refined Petroleum, at 4s. 6d. ₽ bbl.; and Petroleum, in cases, (to complete cargo,) at 23c. ₽ case, and £10 gratuity....For Hayti, a schooner, with Lumber, from Bangor, reported at $7 50, and back with Logwood, north of Hatteras, at $4.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, Nov. 17, 1875.

Under the influence of moderate receipts and cool weather the market for Beeves was firmer to-day at an advance of about ¼c. ₽ lb. on good to prime Steers, and all were closed out. The 42 car-loads at Sixtieth street included ordinary to good native Steers, and a drove of fair Texas Cattle. Were sold at a range of 9c.@12½c. ₽ lb., to dress 56 to 58 lb. to the gross cwt. At Harsimus Cove 57 car-loads of native Steers and Oxen were sold at from 8½c.@13c. ₽ lb., to dress 54 to 58 lb. to the gross cwt., and 12 car-loads of Texas and Cherokee Cattle at 8¼c.@9½c. ₽ lb., to dress 55 to 56 lb. There was but little doing in Milch Cows, but dealers report a fair inquiry at $40@$85, Calf included. Both milk-fed and grass Calves were selling readily at former quotations, or 7½c.@10½c. ₽ lb. for the former, and $6@$12 ₽ head for the latter. Sheep and Lamb were extremely dull yesterday, but the market improved a little to-day, and the tendency toward the close favored the selling interest. No strictly prime or extra stock shown, and the transactions were at 4½c.@5¾c. ₽ lb. for Sheep, and 6c.@7¼c. ₽ lb. for Lambs. A couple of car-loads of Hogs were offered alive, but the seller declined a bid of 7½c. ₽ lb., and none changed hands. City dressed Hogs were dull yesterday at 8¾c.@9½c. ₽ lb., and closed weak to-day at the same figures, with a few light weights sold at 9⅝c.

SALES.

At Sixtieth Street—T. Wheeler sold 66 Dutchess County Steers and Oxen, 6 to 11 cwt., at 9c.@10½c. ₽ lb.; to dress, 55 to 56 lb. to the gross cwt. Merritt & Burchard sold for J. E. Ford 32 Kentucky Steers, two years old, 1,350 lb. live weight average, at 12½c. ₽ lb.; to dress 57 lb. to the gross cwt. Ulery & Carey sold for Goff Brothers 202 Kentucky Cattle, fair to good, 7¾ cwt. average, at 11c.@12½c. ₽ lb., to dress 57 to 58 lb. to the gross cwt. T. C. Eastman sold on his own account 32 Illinois Steers, scant 8 cwt. average, at 11½c. ₽ lb., to dress 57 lb. to the gross cwt., with $1 ₽ head off; 68 do., 7 cwt., at 10⅜c., to dress 56 lb.; 50 do., 6¾ cwt., at 10¾c., to dress 56 lb.; 48 do., 7¼ cwt., at 11c., to dress 57 lb.; 85 do., 7½ cwt., at 11c., to dress 57 lb., and $1 ₽ head off; 55 Colorado Steers, 6¾ cwt., at 9c., to dress 56 lb., and 95 Texans, strong 6¼ cwt., at 9c., to dress 56 lb. Hume & Elliott sold 84 State Sheep, 95 lb. average, at 5¾c. ₽ lb.; 95 Michigan do., 91 lb., at 5¼c., and 93 do., 89 lb. at 5¼c. Jeliffe & Co. sold 401 Michigan Sheep, 82 lb. average, at 5c. ₽ lb.

At Harsimus Cove—D. G. Culver sold for Meyers & Co. 33 common Virginia Oxen, 5¾ cwt. average, at 8¼c.@9c. ₽ lb., to dress 54 lb. to the gross cwt.; 34 Virginia Steers, 7 cwt., at from 10c., to dress 56 lb., up to 13c., to dress 58 lb.; for S. W. Allerton 78 Illinois do., 6¼ cwt., at 10c.@11¼c., to dress 56 lb., and 24 do., 6¼ cwt., at 10c., to dress 56 lb. S. W. Sherman sold for S. W. Allerton 17 common Illinois Steers, strong 6¾ cwt., at 10c. ₽ lb., to dress 56 lb.; 33 do., strong 6½ cwt., at 9¾c.@10¼c., to dress 56 lb.; 51 do., scant 7 cwt., at 10c.@10¼c., to dress 56 lb.; 49 do., 6¾ cwt., at 10¼c., to dress 56 lb. M. Goldsmith sold for H. Klopter 91 Texans, 5¼ to 6 cwt., at 8½c.@9½c. ₽ lb., to dress 55 to 56 lb. to the gross cwt. B. & H. Westheimer sold for W. Weaver 19 Illinois Steers, 7¼ cwt. average, at 10c. ₽ lb., to dress 56 lb. to the gross cwt.; for Lehman Brothers, 65 Virginia do., 7 cwt., at from 10c., to dress 56 lb., up to 13c., to dress 58 lb. J. H. Williams sold 92 Texans, 6 cwt. average, at 8½c.@9c. ₽ lb., to dress 55 to 56 lb. to the gross cwt.; 20 do., 5¼ cwt., at 8½c., to dress 55 lb., and 18 Illinois Steers, 7½ cwt., at 10c.@11½c. ₽ lb., to dress 56 to 57 lb. Coney & McPherson sold for Meyers 51 Virginia Steers, mixed lot, 6 to 9 cwt., at from 9¼c., to dress 55 lb., up to 12½c., to dress 58 lb., and for A. Sunheimer 16 Virginia Steers, 6½ cwt., at 10c., to dress 56 lb. F. Samuels sold for Morris & Waixel 50 Illinois Steers, 6½ cwt. average, at 10½c. ₽ lb., to dress 56 lb. to the gross cwt., and 31 do., 6¼ to 6½ cwt., at 10¼c., to dress 56 lb. M. Lauterbach sold for Morris & Waixel 71 Illinois Steers, 6 cwt. average, at 9½c. ₽ lb., to dress 56 lb. to the gross cwt. D. Waixel sold for Morris & Waixel 47 Illinois Steers, 7 cwt. average, at 11½c. ₽ lb., to dress 57 lb. to the gross cwt. Martin Fuller & Co. sold for A. Sunheimer 35 coarse Virginia Oxen, 7 cwt. average, at 9c. ₽ lb., to dress 56 lb.; and for Woodford, 67 Virginia Steers, 5½ to 6¼ cwt., at 10½c.@11c., to dress 56 lb. Kase & Pidcock sold 183 Ohio Sheep, 93 lb. average, at 5¾c. ₽ lb. Judd & Buckingham sold 207 Kentucky Sheep, 82 lb. average, at 4¾c. ₽ lb.; 73 State do., 93 lb., at 5½c.; 29 State Lambs, 78 lb., at 7¼c., and 63 do., 67 lb., at 7c.

At Forty-eighth Street—James Kirby sold 51 Canada Lambs, 80 lb. average, at 7¼c. ₽ lb.; 60 do., 70 lb., at 6½c.; 57 State do., 64 lb., at 6¾c.; 37 do., 64 lb., at 6½c.; 66 do., 62 lb., at 6½c.; 78 State Sheep, 68 lb. at 4¼c.; 121 do., 78 lb., at 5c.; 95 do., 95 lb., at 5½c.; 204 Michigan do., 90 lb., at 5¼c., and 177 Ohio do., 97 lb., at $5 60 ₽ 100 lb. S. McGraw sold 77 State Sheep, 76 lb. average, at 4¼c. ₽ lb.; 71 do., 100 lb., at 5¾c., and 25 State Lambs, 73 lb., at 6½c.

RECEIPTS.

Fresh arrivals at Sixtieth Street Yards for yesterday and to-day: 720 head of horned Cattle, 7 Cows, 295 Veals and Calves, 1,091 Sheep and Lambs.

Fresh arrivals for yesterday and to-day at Forty-eighth Street Sheep Market: 1,148 Sheep and Lambs, 18 Cows, 107 Veals, 17 Bulls.

Fresh arrivals for yesterday and to-day at Fortieth Street Hog Yards: 7,467 Hogs, 6 Calves, and 194 Sheep.

Fresh arrivals on this forenoon at Harsimus Cove: 1,174 head of horned Cattle, 1,481 Sheep and Lambs, 3,016 Hogs.

Gross arrivals at Weehawken Yards for week ending Nov. 15, 1875: 16 head of horned Cattle, 2,940 Sheep and Lambs, 830 Veals and Calves, 8,792 Hogs. 15 Horses.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Cattle—Receipts today 595 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 5,848 head, or 344 cars, (179 cars through consignments, balance on sale here,) against 389 cars same time last week, (difference in receipts thus far 45 cars less,) 355 cars same week last year. Market opened slow and dull; prices unchanged for common to medium stock; some few lots of best stock sold in large lots a shade off; all good to medium grades of shipping cattle not disposed of were shipped east in first hands; 900 head of all kinds disposed of; sales of Indiana Steers, ranging from 906 to 1,378 lb., at $4 25@$5 40; Ohio Steers, averaging 1,059, 1,279, 1,517, and 1,559 lb., at $4 50, $5 25, $6 50, and $6 70; Cherokees, averaging 818 lb., at $3 62½; Illinois Steers, averaging 1,060, 1,257, and 1,296 lb., at $4 75, $5, and $5 25; Michigan Steers, averaging 1,180 lb., at $4 25. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts to-day, 3,200 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 13,000 head; 13,600 head same time last week, 16,200 head same week last year. Market opened fairly active for Canada stock; receipts light; quality good; demand brisk, all offerings finding ready sale at full strong last week's quotations. Western Sheep slow but firm at last week's prices; sales of 1,000 Canada Lambs, 1,200 Canada Sheep, and 700 Western Sheep, all for the Eastern trade; Canada Lambs at $6 12½@$6 25 and $6 40@$6 50; Canada Sheep at $5@$5 25; Indiana Sheep, averaging 92 lb., at $4 50@$4 70, 98 lb. at $4 75, 102 lb. at $4 75; Ohio Sheep, averaging 83 lb., at $4 50; about 15 cars of Western Sheep remaining unsold. Hogs—Receipts to-day, 5,600 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 22,600 head, against 22,600 head same time last week and 30,900 head same week last year. Market only moderately active; 2,000 head of Yorkers and 900 head heavy Hogs disposed of at prices ranging, for Yorkers, $7@$7 10; heavy Hogs, $7 15@$7 40; one load very extra at $7 60; yards are full of unsold stock.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 17.—Cattle—The market during the past week was more active, and prices are ⅛c.@¼c. higher; very best, 6c.@6½c.; first quality, 5c.@6c.; medium or good fair quality, 4¼c.@4¾c.; ordinary thin Steers, Oxen, and Cows, 2c.@3¼c.; most sales at 4c.@5¼c.; receipts, 3,865 head; sales, 2,622 head. Hogs have been in fair demand but at lower rates; range, 9½c.@10¼c.; receipts, 7,035 head. Sheep have been dull at unchanged rates; range, 4c.@5½c. Lambs at $2@$4; receipts, 2,359 head.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—Cattle quiet but steady at full prices; receipts, 3,000 head; common to extra shipping, $4@$6 75. Veal Calves, $3@$5 50; shipments, 1,100 head. Hogs dull; buyers and sellers apart, and prices tending downward; receipts, 23,000 head; prices range at $6 75@$7 35, chiefly Packing at $6 90@$7, and Shipping at $7@$7 20; extra, $7 50; shipments, 3,000 head. Sheep dull, unsettled, and weak; receipts, 1,800 head; common to choice, $3@$4 50, chiefly at $3 50@$4.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 17.—Flour dull; little doing; Superfine Fall, $3 75@$4 10; Extra Fall, $4 25@$4 50; Double Extra Fall, $4 75@$5. Wheat dull and drooping; No. 2 Red Winter, $1 52, cash; $1 52½, November; $1 58, January; No. 3 do., $1 26½@$1 27½, cash. Corn inactive; No. 2 Mixed, 50c.@51c., cash; 51¼c.@51⅜c., November. Oats inactive; No. 2, 32½c., cash. Barley dull; demand confined to the highest grades; No. 2 Spring, 80c.@90c.; prime to choice Northern, $1@$1 15; strictly choice to fancy, $1 17½@$1 25. Rye dull at 66c. Pork quiet and unchanged. Lard dull and lower at 11⅝c. Bulk Meats dull and lower; sales, car lots, Shoulders, 7½c.@7¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 10½c.@10¾c.; Clear Sides, 10¾c.@11c., according to age. Green Meats dull; Shoulders, 7⅛c.; Clear Rib Sides, 10c.; Clear Sides, 10⅜c. Bacon dull and lower; Shoulders. 10c.; Clear Rib Sides, 13¼c.; Clear Sides, 13½c. Whisky steady and unchanged; sales at $1 12½ to arrive. Hogs dull and lower; sales, Yorkers, $6 50@$6 75; packing, $6 75@$7; Butchers', $7@$7 50, the latter for fancy; Stockers, $5 25@$6. Cattle steady and firm; sales, good to choice natives, $5 25@$6; medium to fair, $3 50@$4 50; common, $3@$3 75; native Cows, $2 25@$2 60; Stockers, $3@$3 75; Feeders, $3 80@$4 50; good to choice Texans, $3 50@$4 15; medium to fair, $2 80@$3 35; common, $2 40@$2 65. Receipts—Flour, 5,000 bbls.; Wheat, 22,000 bushels; Corn, 14,000 bushels; Oats, 4,000 bushels; Barley, 3,000 bushels; Rye, 1,000 bushels; Hogs, 5,700 head; Cattle, 1,675 head.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—Flour nominally unchanged. Wheat—Demand fair, and prices for No. 2 Chicago Spring have advanced; market dull, and prices have declined for other grades; No. 1 Chicago Spring, $1 09; No. 2 do., $1 06¾, spot; $1 06⅞, seller December; $1 06⅝, seller the year; No. 3 do., 87c.; Rejected, 74c. Corn firmer, though not quotably higher; No. 2 Mixed, 51¼c., spot; 50½c., seller November; 47⅜c., seller the year. Oats dull and prices a shade lower; No. 2, 30½c., spot; 30⅝c.@30⅞c., seller December. Barley firmer; held higher; sales at 87c., seller November; 86½c., seller December. Rye—Demand good at full prices; sales at 67½c. Pork—Demand good at full prices. Sales at $20 25, spot; $19 15, seller the year; $11 15@$19 20 seller January. Lard firmer, though not quotably higher; sales at $11 85, spot; $12 85@$11 90, seller January. Bulk Meats quiet, but steady; Shoulders, 7⅝c.; Short Rib Middles, 10⅜c.@10⅞c.; Short Clear Middles, 11c.@11⅛c. Whisky steady and unchanged; sales at $1 11½. At the afternoon call of the board—Wheat higher at $1 07¼ November; $1 07⅜ December. Corn firmer at 50¾c.@50⅞c. November. Market for other articles unchanged. Receipts—Flour, 11,000 bbls.; Wheat, 125,000 bushels; Corn, 30,000 bushels; Oats, 41,000 bushels; Barley, 5,000 bushels; Rye, 1,000 bushels. Shipments—Flour, 14,000 bbls.; Wheat, 88,000 bushels; Corn, 775 bushels; Oats, 20,000 bushels; Barley, 19,000 bushels; Rye, 3,000 bushels.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Lake receipts—Flour, 5,800 bbls.; Wheat, 385,000 bushels; Corn, 197,000 bushels; Oats, 28,000 bushels. Railroad receipts—Flour, 6,160 bbls.; Wheat, 18,500 bushels; Corn, 29,600 bushels; Oats, 26,500 bushels; Barley, 6,500 bushels. Railroad shipments—Flour, 6,100 bbls.; Wheat, 114,500 bushels; Corn, 65,000 bushels; Oats, 66,500 bushels; Barley, 6,500 bushels. Canal shipments to tide-water—Wheat, 114,000 bushels; Corn, 41,000 bushels; Oats, 22,000 bushels; do. to interior points—Wheat, 22,000 bushels; Corn, 36,000 bushels; Oats, 8,200 bushels. Canal Freights nominal; no consignments. Flour quiet but firm; sales 800 bbls. at unchanged prices. Wheat dull but steady; sales 5,000 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1 30; 1,000 bushels White Michigan at $1 38. Corn dull; sales of car lots of No. 2 Mixed Western at 63½c.@64c. Oats inactive and nominal. Rye inactive; Milwaukee offered at 83c. Pork dull at $22 50 for Heavy Mess and Short Cut. Lard dull at 14c. Highwines nominal.

NEW-ORLEANS, Nov. 17.—Cotton steady; Middling, 12½c.; Low Middling, 11⅞c.; Good Ordinary, 11⅛c.; net receipts, 8,787 bales; gross, 9,293 bales; exports to France, 1,060 bales; coastwise, 1,764 bales; sales, 1,000 bales; stock, 165,324 bales.

GALVESTON, Nov. 17.—Cotton firm; Middling, 12⅜c.; Low Middling, 11⅞c.; Good Ordinary, 11⅛c.; net receipts, 3,110 bales; exports, coastwise, 1,196 bales; sales, 2,566 bales; stock, 77,915 bales.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 17.—Spirits Turpentine quiet at 35¼c. Resin steady at $1 45 for Strained. Tar steady at $1 45.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 17.—Printing Cloths quiet at unchanged prices.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Nov. 17—12:30 P. M.—The rate of discount in the open market for 3 months' bills is 2¾@2⅞, or 1¼@1⅛ ₽ cent. below the Bank of England rate. Consols, 94 15-16 for both money and the account. United States Bonds, 1867s, 108⅝; new 5s, 103⅞. Erie Railway shares, 14½; do., preferred, 27.

3:30 P. M.—The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance to-day, is £50,000, all of which was for shipment to America. Erie Railway shares, 14¼.

4:30 P. M.—United States Bonds, 1865s, old, 103½; 10-40s, 104¾. Erie Railway shares, 14.

FRANKFORT, Nov. 17.—United States Bonds, new 5s, 98⅞.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—Exchange on London, 25f. 18½c. for short sight. Rentes, 65f. 75c.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 17—12:30 P. M.—Cotton—To arrive, steady; sales of Middling Uplands, Low Middling clause, shipped November and December, per sail, at 6 13-16d.; receipts, 7,400 bales, all American. The market is steady; Middling Uplands, 6⅞d.; Middling Orleans, 7 3-16d.; sales, 15,000 bales, including 3,000 bales for speculation and export.

1:30 P. M.—Cotton—Sales of Middling Uplands, Low Middling clause, shipped December and January, per sail, at 6 13-16d.; do. do., shipped January and February, per sail, at 6⅞d.; do. do., February and March delivery, at 6 13-16d.; sales of Middling Orleans, Low Middling clause, shipped November and December, per sail, at 6 15-16d. Provisions—Lard 56s. 6d. ₽ cwt.; Bacon, 58s. ₽ cwt. for Long Clear Middles.

3:30 P. M.—Cotton—Of the sales to-day 8,100 bales were American.

ANTWERP, Nov. 17—Petroleum, 27½f. for fine Pale American.

LONDON, Nov. 17—Evening.—Linseed-oil, 25s. 6d. ₽ cwt. Spirits of Turpentine, 25s. 6d. ₽ cwt. Tallow, 52s. 3d. ₽ cwt. for 1875.

HAVANA, Nov. 17.—Spanish Gold, 217@218. Exchange nominal; on the United States, 60 days, currency, 100@102 premium; Short Sight, 104@106 premium; 60 days gold, 125@127 premium; Short Sight, 129@131 premium; on London, 154@156 premium; on Paris, 122@124 premium. Sugar nominal; No. 12, Dutch Standard, 14@14½ reals ₽ arroba.

DRY GOODS.

CONTINUATION OF THE GREAT SALE OF FURNITURE.

WE CONTINUE TO CLOSE OUT THE ENTIRE BALANCE OF OUR SPLENDID STOCK OF RICH CABINET FURNITURE AT PRICES MUCH BELOW COST OF MANUFACTURE.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Broadway and 20th st.

HEALTH AND ECONOMY!

WATERPROOF
DOUBLE CORK-SOLE BOOTS
FOR
LADIES, MISSES, and CHILDREN, READY-MADE and to MEASURE, at PRICES TWENTY PER CENT. less than are charged elsewhere.
ALSO,
DRESS and EVENING BOOTS in BLACK SATIN and BRONZE KID, equally low.
LIGHT AND WARM OVERSHOES
in great variety, made expressly for our trade.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Broadway and 20th st.

MILLINERY.

MARIE TILLMANN, OF PARIS, IMPORTER of fine millinery, successor to MME. A. MICHEL, No. 423 6th av., near 26th st.
November exposition of Winter millinery from Virot, Tuvee, and Parist.

DRESS-MAKING.

DRESS-MAKERS. — MME. BRODOWSKI'S dress-making establishment, No. 36 West 33d st.—Ladies can rely on perfectly fitting dresses in Parisian styles; cashmere suits, complete, $35; cashmere and silk, $50; ladies' own material made at short notice.

PROPOSALS.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Committee on Normal Schools, at the Hall of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until WEDNESDAY, Nov. 24, 1875, and until 4 o'clock P. M. on said day, for improving the grounds around the Normal College Building, 68th st, and 4th av., in accordance with the following

SPECIFICATION:

1. The material now upon the ground is to be excavated and shaped so as to leave the surface one foot below the finished grades and slopes.

All surplus material resulting from this excavation is to be removed from the ground. Care is to be taken to follow closely the lines of slopes given.

2. The material at this sub-grade is then to be thoroughly spaded and turned over to a depth in no case less than eight inches.

3. Upon this surface is to be placed rich garden mold to the depth of one foot. This mold must be approved by the representatives of the Board of Education before being brought upon the work.

4. The surface is to be brought to the lines, grades, and slopes to be given, and to be shaped smoothly and to the entire satisfaction of the representative of said Board.

Approximate estimate of material to be removed is .... 900 cubic yards.
Approximate estimate of mold to be furnished .... 1,300 cubic yards.

Two responsible and approved sureties, residents of this City, will be required from each successful bidder. Proposals will not be received unless sureties are named.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals submitted if deemed for the public interest.

WILLIAM WOOD,
LAWSON N. FULLER,
ALBERT KLAMROTH,
R. W. TOWNSEND,
J. M. HALSTED,
Committee on Normal Schools.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 10, 1875.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Sealed proposals will be received by the School Trustees of the Twenty-third Ward, at the Hall of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until WEDNESDAY, Dec. 1, 1875, and until 9:30 o'clock A. M. on said day, for the erection of a new school-house on Courtlandt av., near 3d av., Mott Haven.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 146 Grand st., third floor.

Proposals must state the estimate for each branch of the work separately, and be indorsed "Proposal for Mason-work," "Proposal for Carpenter-work," "Proposal for Painting."

Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder. Proposals will not be considered unless sureties are named. The Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals submitted.

N. S. KING, M. D.,
WILLIAM HOGG,
ALONZO CARR,
JOHN L. BURNETT,
GEO. C. MANNER,
Board of School Trustees Twenty-third Ward.

Dated NEW-YORK, Nov. 18, 1875.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE OF ENGINEER OF MAINTENANCE OF WAY,
PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26, 1875.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned until Nov. 20, 1875, for furnishing this company with 150,000 CROSS TIES, delivered on the wharf at Tacony, near Philadelphia.

Before any contract will be awarded, the successful bidders will be required to execute a bond, with approved sureties, for the faithful performance of the contract.

Proposals will be received for the whole number or any part of the above.

Specifications can be obtained at office, No. 233 South 4th st., Philadelphia.

WILLIAM H. BROWN,
Engineer of Maintenance of Way.

LOST AND FOUND.

$15 REWARD WILL BE PAID FOR THE return of the BLACK AND TAN SLUT, with bell, found on 3d av. and 34th st. on the 29th of October, if returned before 9 A. M. this 17th of November, to No. 150 East 35th st.

FINANCIAL.

INCORPORATED 1835.
1875.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 10, 1875.

The following statement of the affairs of the company is published in conformity with a provision of its charter:

PREMIUMS RECEIVED from Nov. 1, 1874, to Oct. 31, 1875:		
On marine and inland risks	$645,379 86	
On fire risks	190,174 60—	$835,554 46
Premiums on policies not marked off Nov. 1 1874		546,569 83
Total		$1,382,124 29
PREMIUMS MARKED OFF as earned from Nov. 1, 1874, to Oct. 31, 1875:		
On marine and inland risks	$660,991 35	
On fire risks	195,440 11—	$856,431 46
Interest during same period, salvages, &c.		116,759 76
Total		$973,191 22
LOSSES, EXPENSES, &c., during the year as above:		
Marine and inland navigation losses	$361,200 34	
Fire losses	70,508 45	
Return premiums	71,572 38	
Re-insurances	29,853 66	
Agency charges, advertising, printing, &c.	53,625 08	
Taxes—State and Municipal taxes	11,109 41	
Expenses	27,200 24—	625,069 56
Balance		$348,121 66

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY Nov. 1, 1875.

$150,000	United States six per cent. loan, 1897	$185,250 00
184,000	State of Pennsylvania six per cent. loans	205,540 00
325,000	City of Philadelphia six per cent. loans (exempt from tax)	350,575 00
250,000	State of New-Jersey six per cent. loans, 1880 to 1902	268,460 00
100,000	City of Pittsburg seven per cent. loans	107,000 00
100,000	City of Boston six per cent. loans	107,000 00
20,000	Pennsylvania Railroad first mortgage six per cent. bonds	20,800 00
25,000	Western Pennsylvania Railroad mortgage six per cent. bonds (Pennsylvania Railroad guarantee)	19,500 00
44,000	State of Tennessee six per cent. loan	20,680 00
19,000	Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 330 shares stock	19,380 00
6,050	North Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 121 shares stock	6,413 00
5,000	Centennial Board of Finance, 500 shares stock	5,000 00
40,000	American Steam-ship Company six per cent. bonds	29,600 00
271,950	Loans on bond and mortgage, first liens on city properties	271,950 00
$1,540,000	Par. Cost...$1,542,718 44 Market value	$1,617,148 00
	Real estate at Philadelphia and Pittsburg	120,000 00
	Bills receivable for insurances made	213,574 55
	Balances due at agencies—Premiums on marine policies—Accrued interest, and other debts due the company	67,113 28
	Stock and scrip, &c., of sundry corporations, $17,043. Estimated value	6,789 00
	Cash—On deposit in banks $175,531 46 Loaned on call with collaterals 120,000 00 In office 839 84—	$296,371 30
	Total	$2,320,996 13

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 10, 1875.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a cash dividend of ten per cent. on the capital stock, and six per cent. interest on the scrip of the company, payable on and after the 1st December, proximo, free of State tax.

They have also declared a scrip dividend of thirty-five per cent. on the earned premiums for the year ending Oct. 31, 1875, certificates of which will be issued to the parties entitled to the same on and after the 1st December proximo.

They have ordered, also, that the scrip certificates of profits of the company, for the year ending Oct. 31, 1868, be redeemed in cash at the office of the company, on and after 1st December proximo, all interest thereon to cease on that day. ☞ By a provision of the charter, all certificates of scrip not presented for redemption within five years after public notice that they will be redeemed, shall be forfeited and canceled on the books of the company.

☞ No certificate of profits issued under $25. By the act of incorporation, "No certificate shall issue unless claimed within two years after the declaration of the dividend whereof it is evidence."

DIRECTORS:

THOMAS C. HAND,	WILLIAM G. BOULTON,
JAMES TRAQUAIR,	EDWARD DARLINGTON,
HENRY P. SLOAN,	H. JONES BROOKE,
JOHN R. CATHERWOOD,	EDWARD LAFOURCADE,
N PARKER SHORTRIDGE,	JACOB RIEGEL,
ANDREW WHEELER,	THOMAS P. STOTESBURY,
JAMES C. HAND,	JACOB P. JONES,
WILLIAM C. LUDWIG,	JAMES B. McFARLAND,
HUGH CRAIG,	SPENCER McILVAINE,
JOHN D. TAYLOR,	JOHN H. MICHENER,
GEORGE W. BERNADOU,	A. B. BERGER, Pittsburg.
WILLIAM C. HOUSTON,	D. T. MORGAN, Pittsburg.
H. FRANK ROBINSON,	WM. S. BISSELL, Pittsburg.
SAMUEL E. STOKES,	

THOMAS C. HAND, President.
HENRY LYLBURN, Secretary.
HENRY BALL, Assistant Secretary.

VERMILYE & CO.
BANKERS
16 and 18 Nassau st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
NEW-YORK CITY AND BROOKLYN BONDS.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS, AND GOLD.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

WASH'N R. VERMILYE, DONALD MACKAY
JAS. A. TROWBRIDGE LATHAM A. FISH

THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

OMAHA BRIDGE BONDS.

In accordance with the provisions of the above bonds we, the undersigned, hereby give notice that the following numbers, viz.:

1,816	1,903	1,629	599
1,922	2,255	703	1,288
1,308	2,027	1,883	109
33	185	2,348	1,010
2,063	1,959	2,010	1,281
2,374	1,016	2,168	1,959
736	73	2,053	2,428
1,085	418	2,274	2,060
1,795	1,055	1,872	2,397
822	1,884	1,682	591
622	217	1,537	753
2,137	1,431	1,470	1,326
970	46	and	1,168

Were this day designated by lot in our presence to be redeemed, together with the premium thereon, as provided in said bonds, at the London and San Francisco Bank, Limited, No. 22 Old Broad st., London, E. C., England, or at the office of Drexel, Morgan & Co., in the City of New-York, on the 1st day of April, 1876.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 16, 1875.

J. PIERPONT MORGAN, }
FRED. L. AMES, } Trustees

J. HOOD WRIGHT,
Of Drexel, Morgan & Co.,

[L.S.] Attest:
HENRY L. THORNELL, Notary Public.

NEW-YORK CITY
Six per Cent. Currency Bonds.
MAY AND NOVEMBER.
For sale by
DREXEL, MORGAN & CO.
WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.

Boston City 5 per cent. Water Loan Bonds,
THIRTY YEARS TO RUN.
PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD.
FOR SALE BY WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,
No. 27 Pine st.

WOOD & DAVIS,
BANKERS,
NO. 31 PINE ST., NEW-YORK.
GOVERNMENT BONDS; STATE, MUNICIPAL, RAILROAD SECURITIES, AND GOLD, BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
C. D. WOOD. S. D. DAVIS

SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

On 23d inst. will be offered for sale at auction, by H. H. De LEON, Charleston, S. C., £3?,525 First Mortgage Sterling Bonds of South Carolina Railroad Company, bearing five per cent. interest, payable semi-annually in London; redeemable 1878 to 1888.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 18, 1875.

OFFICE OF THE HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 66 WALL ST., NEW-YORK, Nov. 3, 1875.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this company will be held at their office on MONDAY, Dec. 6, 1875, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 o'clock P. M. The Transfer-books will be closed until after that date. THEODORE KEELER, Secretary.

A MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS OF THE Secor Sewing-machine Company will be held on MONDAY, Nov. 29, 1875, at the office, No. 900 Broadway, in the City of New-York, for the election of Trustees. Polls will be open from 12 to 1 o'clock.

E. MILLER, Secretary.

WANTED TO LOAN—$15,000 AT SIX PER CENT. for a term of years on two splendidly-improved farms, worth more than twice that amount; interest payable semi-annually. Address OGDEN, Box No. 183 Times Office.

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A FEW GOOD INSURANCE STOCKS wanted by E. S. BAILEY, No. 65 Wall st.

The New York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, NOV. 18, 1875.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—CASTE—Mr. George Honey, Mr. H. J. Montague, Miss Ada Dyas, Miss Effie Germon.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE.—LED ASTRAY—Miss Rose Eytinge, Miss Fanny Morant, Mr. C. R. Thorne, Jr., Mr. Stuart Robson.

COLOSSEUM.—GRAND SPECTACLE DIORAMA of the Prussian Siege of Paris. Afternoon and evening.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE HALL.—EXHIBITION OF WORKS OF ART, MECHANICS, AND AGRICULTURE.

CHICKERING HALL.—PIANO CONCERT—Dr. Hans Von Bülow.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE.—HAMLET—Edwin Booth, Mr. Charles Fisher, Mr. W. Davidge, Miss Lewis.

HITCHCOCK'S THIRD AVENUE THEATRE.—VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—VAUDEVILLE AND VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.—HUMPTY DUMPTY—(Pantomime)—Mr. George L. Fox.

PARK THEATRE.—THE MIGHTY DOLLAR—Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Florence.

BROOKLYN THEATRE.—THE OVERLAND ROUTE—Mr. John Gilbert, Mr. Harry Beckett.

TONY PASTOR'S NEW THEATRE.—NOVELTY AND VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT—Tony Pastor.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.—BURLESQUE, SONGS, AND NEGRO COMICALITIES—Birch, Wambold, Backus.

EAGLE THEATRE.—SONGS, DANCES, DRAMA, FARCE—Mr. Josh Hart.

METROPOLITAN MUSEUM OF ART.—EXHIBITION OF ANCIENT STATUARY, PAINTINGS, &c. Day only.

PARISIAN VARIETIES.—VAUDEVILLE AND NOVELTY ENTERTAINMENT.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES is the best family paper published; it contains the latest news and correspondence. It is free from all objectionable advertisements and reports, and may be safely admitted to every domestic circle. The disgraceful announcements of quacks and medical pretenders, which pollute so many newspapers of the day, are not admitted into the columns of THE TIMES on any terms.

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The Sunday Edition, per annum	2
The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	3
The WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	2

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We cannot, under any circumstances, return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

THE UP-TOWN OFFICE OF THE TIMES.

The up-town office of THE TIMES *is at No. 1,257 Broadway, between Thirty-first and Thirty-second streets. It is open daily, Sundays included, from* 4 *A. M. to* 9 *P. M. Subscriptions received, and copies of* THE TIMES *for sale. Dealers supplied at* 4 *A. M.* ADVERTISEMENTS RECEIVED UNTIL 9 P. M.

MR. ROBERT BROWNING'S NEW POEM.

We shall publish Mr. Browning's new poem, "The Inn Album," as soon as completed, in a separate supplement sheet, which we shall present to the readers of THE WEEKLY *and* SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

It will be observed from our Washington dispatches that there is reason to believe "that all questions at issue between Spain and the United States have been satisfactorily settled" by Spain yielding to the demands of our Government. These demands have, it would appear, been chiefly directed toward securing a better protection of the rights of American citizens in Cuba. It is announced that in future these will be "fully and absolutely respected," and that the delays and prevarications of subordinate officials which have heretofore been allowed to interfere with the recognition of these rights will no longer be tolerated. We might assume that the United States Government thought it advisable to assist the Spanish Cabinet in coming to a speedy decision by some little display of hostile preparation. Several iron-clads were unquestionably ordered to get ready for sea, but these orders are said to have been countermanded. It may be doubted whether the "moral support" which a few ships of war are supposed at Washington to lend to our side of a diplomatic controversy will be quite appreciated by the American public. It would surprise most people to learn that hostile proceedings against Spain had been really contemplated by our Government, and failing any obvious cause of war, the necessity for a display of force is not quite apparent.

The progress of the Tweed suits is still delayed by dilatory motions, disputing over amended answers, and other varieties of legal fence, in which the general public can hardly be expected to take an interest. These cases ought to come to trial at the December term, and doubtless will do so, if the technical obstructions in their way are disposed of with the promptness and thoroughness of which the Court of Appeals has set so good an example. It only needs a resolute prosecution of these Ring suits to convince those against whom they are directed that prompt restitution to the full extent of their ability is an alternative preferable to the protracted worry of a costly and hopeless defense.

The rate of taxation in Brooklyn is determined by wards, and the figures for this year vary from $3 13 to $3 50 per $100. The average rate is $3 40 per cent., or fifty cents on the $100 more than New-York has to pay. Brooklyn has the advantage over us, however, in showing a decreasing rate of taxation, there being a saving of thirteen cents on the $100 as compared with the average rate of last year. The two main sources of the burdens of both cities are the prosecution of premature public "improvements" on the most extravagant scale, and the vast proportions which their bonded debt has been allowed to assume. Both evils can be checked, if the tax-payers of New-York and Brooklyn will only take the trouble to sustain the efforts made on their behalf at the approaching session of the Legislature.

It is stated that Mr. WILLIAM O. AVERY, Chief Clerk of the Internal Revenue Bureau at Washington, was in the habit of receiving $300 a week from the "Whisky Ring" at St. Louis. It is to be hoped that in due season Mr. AVERY will be able to produce a good answer to this charge. But there is an unmistakable job recently carried out in the Internal Revenue Department which also calls for explanation. Our attention was directed to it yesterday in a letter from a firm in this City. The contract for printing internal revenue stamps on checks, drafts, and other documents has been held for nine years by a respectable firm. The work was done well, but, nevertheless, the contract was taken away, and handed over to a firm of the most evil repute, known to be connected with all kinds of disreputable practices—the firm, namely, of "GOODSELL Brothers." These persons are comparative strangers in New-York, and everything that is known of them is to their discredit. Then, why is it that we suddenly find them employed by the Government? They publish two "newspapers," both of which would be a disgrace to any city. That alone would not account for their success at Washington. Has Mr. AVERY been "seen" and properly cared for? We strongly advise Commissioner PRATT to give the matter his immediate attention. The contract in question ought to be rescinded before the meeting of Congress, and if Mr. PRATT wishes to have a reason for doing so, let him ask Mr. AVERY for one, and if he fails there, we will furnish him with a good one in the course of a day or two.

The Board of County Canvassers have suggested a highly-necessary amendment to the Election law. It is to the effect that the present method of correcting errors and discrepancies in the election returns is liable to gross abuses; that the Board of County Canvassers do not have the means at their disposal of testing the accuracy of the corrections made by the District Inspectors, and that, in order to furnish them with this, the law should be so amended as to provide for the preservation of all the ballots cast at every election held in this City until after the statement and declaration of the result by the Board of County Canvassers. As the corrections made by the District Inspectors frequently determine the election of a candidate, the importance of ascertaining exactly how these corrections have been made is sufficiently obvious.

THE TEMPERANCE PARTY.

An inquiry which our correspondent has made into the causes of the Republican defection in Suffolk County, at the recent elections, shows that the free use of money by the Democrats, and the obstinacy of the Temperance or "Prohibition" Party, fully explain all that happened adverse to us in that particular locality.

Where the money came from is a question which it would perhaps be useless to press. It did not drop from the moon, and it did not grow out of the ground—and, of course, Mr. TILDEN or the Democratic State Committee did not furnish any of it. We all know that it was a strictly "Reform" campaign on the part of the Democrats, and therefore the leaders, from the Governor down to JOHN KELLY, would have scorned to call in the aid of improper influences. Was not even JOHN KELLY a Reformer? Did not Tammany Hall close its virtuous doors against "JOHN MORRISSEY and his kind"? A voice from the clouds has so assured us, and bold indeed would be the man who dared to contradict it. We must suppose, therefore, that it was "British gold" which did so much service for the Democrats in Suffolk County, and we hope that Mr. DAVID WELLS will be called to a strict account for it.

The other cause is more within the comprehension of ordinary intellects. That the advocates of the Temperance cause have for years past been playing into the hands of the Democratic Party is a fact which it would be impossible to deny, and equally impossible to explain. What sympathy is there between the Democratic Party and the Prohibitionists? The sympathy of repulsion—nothing else. The cause of Temperance is by no means dear to Democrats. The average Democrat in our cities would rather take a glass of rum any day than the pledge. The fatuity which leads the Temperance Party to practically vote the Democratic ticket is one of the most remarkable instances we have ever seen of the prostitution of a good cause to a sentiment of disappointment or revenge. No Temperance man supposes that he can elect his candidate. At the very most he can only hope that in course of time he may intimidate one or other of the great parties to bid high for his vote—the attempt to serve a highly moral cause by immoral means. To show the lengths to which the folly of the Temperance people leads them, we may mention a case which happened only at the last election in Erie County. In one of the Assembly Districts there was a Republican candidate presented who was well known to be a strictly Temperance man. The Democratic candidate was a man who, to put it very mildly, was not in any way a friend to the Temperance cause. The Prohibitionists put up a candidate of their own, and drew just enough votes from the Republican to elect the Democrat.

Now, we appeal to any intelligent man to tell us frankly what the advocates of Temperance gained by this result? Is this the way to lead a great cause to victory? Almost every vote which the Temperance Party records for a dummy candidate is a vote taken from the Republican Party. The Democrats never lose anything. In short, the Temperance leaders try their hardest year after year to elect the very party to office which is most bitterly opposed to all their ends and projects. There never was such an example of political blindness seen in this world before. We respect the Temperance leaders and their cause—the leaders may push their doctrines a little too far at times, but when we look around us in any of our great cities, and mark the horrible misery and crime to which drunkenness daily leads, we cannot but feel that the so-called "fanaticism" of the Temperance advocates is a virtue of the highest kind. What harm do they propose to do? It is only when they adopt a course which is fatal to their own purposes that we condemn them. They should at least be consistent, even in politics. They cannot hope to strengthen their friends by voting at every election on the side of their enemies. A Temperance candidate is always a mere tender to the Democratic Party. Now, if the Temperance people think proper to announce at once that they have joined the Democratic Party, there is an end of the question. We may marvel at their inconsistency, but no one will dispute their right to vote as they please. But when they tell their followers that they are promoting the cause of religion and morality by covertly assisting the Democratic Party, we can only say that they are false to all the principles which they profess. We wish we could induce Temperance men to think well over the whole matter, and tell us plainly what they are driving at, and in what light they regard such an occurrence as that which recently happened in Erie County.

CHILDREN IN SLAVERY.

Another shocking instance of the cruelty of the "padrone" system among Italian children in this country has just come to light. A policeman, in the pouring rain of last Sunday night, found a poor little fellow lying exposed on a stoop. The officer's questions brought out the fact that the lad was the slave of an Italian task-master, who professed to be the step-father of this waif and two other children. The boy's father and mother were dead, and he and his brother and sister were compelled to drudge and black boots in the streets for their master. Fifty cents a day seems to have been the sum fixed for the poor child's gains, and, as he had secured but twenty cents, he did not dare to go back to his task-master. He was already sore with wounds from previous beatings, as the officer could see for himself. The boy's story has been practically substantiated by investigation, and the "padrone" has been arrested.

In the course of the examination of the man charged with cruelty toward the infant acrobat, "Prince LEO," several surprising and suggestive facts were brought out. This man LEONARD, alias Husband, testified that he came into possession of the boy by means of an advertisement inserted in a Philadelphia paper. He says that he had seventeen answers to that advertisement. Seventeen persons were ready to furnish him with children to be taught to walk the tight-rope. Moreover, he was confident that he could have had one thousand children for this business, if he had advertised in New-York. He did not remember that he had beaten the child often; but he he knew a woman in the same "profession" who used the children whom she trained with great cruelty. This woman, he said, has several very small children in training for acrobatic performances, one of them being five years old, and the other a mere baby. The father of "Prince LEO" testified that he had apprenticed the child to the trainer for a term of years, but as the indentures were not legalized, they amounted to little else than an informal agreement. He also said that he was living apart from his wife, and that most of his children, of whom he had eight, had been put out or adopted by the assistance of others. This child, it appears, had been hurt by falling down stairs at some time. His trainer, LEONARD, otherwise Husband, was formerly a butcher; he had taken to the show business "to benefit his health." It does not appear that his pupil's health was improved by his kind attentions.

For the exposure of both of these cases we are indebted to Mr. BERGH and the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. And the incidental details prove that that useful organization has work enough to do. It is evident from the facts brought out in the inquiry into the treatment of the little acrobat that the traffic in children is by no means small. What LEONARD says about the woman who has a company of infants in training for acrobatic performances is, quite likely, true enough, although the animosity of the witness toward this person seems to arise from the fact that she had deprived him of one of his pupils by means of a legal process. Nor is it probable that this ex-butcher's assertion that he could get a thousand children for his purposes was an empty boast. The fact that a single advertisement in Philadelphia brought him seventeen offers for children, shows something of a state of things with which the trainer is more familiar than almost anybody else can be. The question is, Whence come these children so freely offered to cruel task-masters? The lad rescued from LEONARD was one of eight children left with their father, a poor man living apart from his wife. The little Italian drudge was an orphan, left in charge of a stranger by his mother, who died at sea. From such waifs as these, or from the overlarge families of very poor and unnatural parents, thousands of hapless children are gathered by people who are enabled to live comfortably on the gains of these drudges. The streets are infested with squalid boys and girls who sell small wares or flowers, black boots, or beg, and generally appeal to the sympathies and generosity of passengers. It is pretty well known that these poor creatures are nearly all little better than slaves. Now and then some case of extreme cruelty to them is made public, and there is a general cry of "Shame!"

It is evident that the root of this growing evil is deeper down than appears in the conduct of the brutal fellows who live on the gains of the enslaved children. It is fortunate that a society for preventing the cruel usage of children has been organized. It has sufficiently proved its usefulness already. There is still something radically wrong in a state of society in which so many poor little creatures may be led into bondage. Mrs. BROWNING, in her poem of "The Cry of the Children," has very forcibly pictured the wrongs of boys and girls oppressed by cruel task-masters in mines and factories. The few glimpses which we get of child-life among the poor in our own cities are pathetic enough to stir the sympathy of every generous person. Multitudes of children are trained for a criminal life. If they live, they will by and by prey on society which neglects them now.

A SPEECH AT THE BAR.

JOYCE, one of the active agents of the St. Louis whisky ring, was sentenced the other day to three years and a half in the Penitentiary. This man had served in the rebellion as a Colonel, and he was, at the time his crime was committed, a Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue. He was convicted on documentary proof found among his official papers. His fate seems to have spread consternation among the persons indicted with him, and it is said that every effort was made to close his mouth. We must assume that this phrase is a mere figure of speech. He was, according to thieves' jargon, likely "to squeal," or confess his accomplices. Certainly, his mouth was not closed, for he took an opportunity—usually accorded to convicted criminals—to make an astonishing speech. When Prof. WEBSTER was about to be sentenced to death for the murder of Dr. PARKMAN, the court gave him a moment's liberty to speak. He uttered a most unexpected and pitiful plea in his own behalf. He referred to some of the evidence as inconclusive of his guilt, particularly mentioning a letter designed to baffle the detectives, the authorship of which he then denied. WEBSTER appeared to feel that he had not been well defended by his distinguished counsel. JOYCE, whose guilt is as clearly established as WEBSTER'S was, seems to have been actuated by a desire to "get even" with the witnesses, and to enter a final plea of not guilty.

In JOYCE'S case, besides the letters and documents exposing his complicity in the whisky frauds, important evidence was furnished by three subordinate officials, of whom the eloquent convict remarked that "the pencil of GUSTAVE DORE could not do justice to these three wandering Israelites, who seemed ever on the lookout to steal small things when big ones were conveniently at hand." And, rising with a noble rage, he dismissed these unhappy men who had testified against him "to the devouring fury of a rotten conscience." Then dropping into history, he declared, with his hand on the left-hand pocket of his waistcoat, that his heart was "actuated by that noble impulse that nerved WINKELRIED when he opened a breach for the liberty of his country, or by that lofty courage that inspired Sir WALTER RALEIGH at the block." And he affirmed that he had never yet "trampled on the royal robes of the Virgin Queen." This neat allusion to Good Queen BESS, we are informed, visibly affected the audience. Whether they laughed or cried does not appear. Even a rascal who can plead that he has "fought, bled, and died for his country," has a certain hold on popular sympathies. This was part of the rôle of the convicted whisky thief. He, too, was "visibly affected" when, recalling past services in another sphere of duty, he said: "When I look back to the field of battle, where I fought and bled for my country in the hour of terrible trial, I wonder whether patriotism was but a name, the gratitude of nations but a mockery and a sham to lure the brave to destruction." Then dilating on his "glorious services, now buried in the grave of forgetfulness," he burst out with the interrogatory, "Is this just?" Old *Eccles*, in ROBERTSON'S play of "Caste," complains that an infant is decked with jeweled gauds, "while his poor old grandfather has not upon him the price of a pint of early beer or half a quartern of refreshing gin," and he asks, "Is this right?" The mental confusion in both these cases springs from the same cause—self-delusion.

The Ring conspirator was strong in historical precedents. We might well suppose that the great D. W. VOORHEES, who is counsel for some of the defendants, had "coached" the ex-Deputy Collector for this occasion. Certainly there is a flavor of the Tall Sycamore of the Wabash in the remark that "the prison-walls that hemmed in GALILEO, COLUMBUS, TASSO, and NAPOLEON did not measure the minds of the men." These are great names, and they have a grand sound. And there is a more than Wabash gush in the added statement that the souls of these worthies have inspired the convict orator, so that he will, "like a mountain crag, breast the pelting storm, and lift his head clear and bold to the coming sunshine of truth and redemption." Could anything be finer than this? Probably, the gushing speaker who uttered it really convinced himself that he was a deeply injured man. Captivated by his own eloquence, he must have beheld in the unfriendly witnesses, whom the pencil of GUSTAVE DORE could not faithfully draw, the persecutors of GALILEO and COLUMBUS, to say nothing of the enemies of NAPOLEON BONAPARTE, WINKELRIED, and Sir WALTER RALEIGH. Multitudes of people consider that there is nothing criminal in robbing or defrauding the Government, especially when that Government, like ours, is a "paternal" one. If it is not of this paternal character, it is a tyranny, and the Labor Reformers declare that all Governments are tyrannies, and should be put down. Here was a man who had systematically aided in a conspiracy to cheat the revenues of his country. He thought somebody else would steal if he did not. To him the Government was an impersonal thing, with no rights which a Deputy Collector was bound to respect. And when he was brought up with an indictment, he compared himself to philosophers and heroes suffering in the cause of human liberty. It is a common delusion. Few men go to the scaffold or penitentiary with a good opinion of the law and facts which sent them there. But it is not often that the convict departs in such a blaze of oratory as that which accompanied the St. Louis felon to his cell.

A NEW HOGARTH.

Art enlisted in the service of morality has often accomplished a vast amount of good. HOGARTH'S pictures of the Industrious and the Idle Apprentices have undoubtedly made scores of gray-headed but unfortunate men determine to go and be industrious apprentices without further delay, and have induced small boys without number to resolve to run away to sea, lest they should incur the temptation to be idle apprentices. A well-known sewing-machine firm has lately comprehended the service that art might be made to render to its business, and has employed a cheap and hitherto unknown Hogarth to furnish two series of highly-colored plates, representing respectively the histories of the Believer in Sewing-machines, and of the Scorner of those excellent inventions. As these plates have not yet been secured for the Metropolitan Museum, it is a duty to the public to point out their peculiar and remarkable merits.

The history of the Believer in Sewing-machines begins with a drawing representing the delivery of a machine at a cottage door. The happy mother receives it with a countenance in which joy has swallowed up all fear lest the machine should be knocked against the wall, or should graze the door. Her little girl raises her infantile hands to bless her generous father, and her small boy dances about the machine reveling in the thought that he can induce his sister to pinch her fingers in it. In the next plate we have, if possible, a still happier scene. The mother occupies an easy chair. The boy stands in a position by which he shuts out from her sight his sister, who is amusing herself with the machine, and who has undoubtedly been lured into an undertaking full of promise in point of pinched fingers. The father is absent, having plainly been driven away by the noise of the sewing-machine, and the portrait of a young man which hangs on the wall may be interpreted as an evidence that some meritorious cousin, who regards the machine in the light of a music-box, takes the place of the prosaic husband. Plate number three shows the husband on his death-bed. The machine has evidently finished him at last, and his wife is exultingly remarking to herself that her machine is "exempt from execution and not perishable." The children are crying in a most edifying manner, but there is a sweet smile on the face of the dying man, which betrays his consciousness that he is going where sewing-machines never rattle, and needles never break. Last of all, we have a picture entitled "The Award," in which the widow and the two children, beautifully dressed, are exhibited as an award which it is presumed the sewing-machine company will present to any person who will order ten machines to be sent to one address.

How different is the fate of the Sewing-machine Scorner. In the first plate of this series that hardened wretch is shown in the act of remarking to his weeping wife, "Nonsense! you don't need it!" while the good sewing-machine agent is moving sadly away, his heart wrung by so brutal a spectacle. In the next plate the hardened husband is dying—and every humane person will remark that it serves him right. The wife is still weeping, having evidently never dried her eyes since she was refused a machine. There is a marble mantel-piece in the room, but it gives the dying man no real comfort. No clergyman has ventured to stand at the bedside of so desperate a villain. Despair is written on his face, for he knows that if he had only bought a sewing-machine his wife could run him up a nice, comfortable shroud, with little labor and at next to no expense.

The third picture gives us the interior of a wretched garret, in which the widow and two barefooted children are sitting sewing by the light of an earthen jug and one tumbler. They are plainly very hungry, and one would say that they had not tasted sewing-machines for months. There is no trace of a comforting cousin, no sign of any sympathizing tract distributor. The small boy is gloomily remarking, "If I only had a sewing-machine!" He is thinking how quickly he would sell it at the junk shop, and buy marbles and gum-drops.

The last scene of all is a wretched one. The small boy is undergoing the process of "licking" at the hands of a bootblack, and the sister, in a complicated state of rags, is devoting her solitary energies to the futile task of forming a ring. This miserable tragedy is what the artist calls "The Penalty" of not buying a sewing-machine. It is just. What better fate do the children of the man who scorns the sewing-machine deserve?

This remarkable series of pictures deserves to be secured for the Centennial Exhibition, and to be afterward placed in the gallery of our largest museum. Its technical merits are fully equal to the powerful logic of its teaching. When a sewing-machine company can thus develop a private Hogarth, the future of American art looks bright indeed.

AFRICAN GEOGRAPHY.

"In the Winter, the *Sun*, driven from his course by storms, retires to Libya," remarks Herodotus. This year the *Sun* has retired to Libya without waiting for the Winter storms, and busies itself investigating Libyan geography with more zeal than judgment. Yesterday it remarked: "As we have pointed out in a previous article, the recent discovery by Cameron of a stream flowing out of Tanganyika, and which must discharge itself into the Lualaba at a lower level than the Albert N'yanza, makes it absolutely impossible that the river can flow into the lake, a fact so self-evident that it was even insisted upon at some length by our contemporary, THE TIMES." Inasmuch as the *Sun* did not point out this fact until after it was pointed out by THE TIMES, this assertion is cooler than is quite in keeping with the season. The argument referred to may be called self-evident, after it has been set forth, but it was not sufficiently self-evident to attract the notice of any geographers until after THE TIMES had brought it to their attention. Our neighbor also takes especial pains to commend the suggestion which has often been made that the mountains Kilimandjaro and Kenia are the peaks "Alphi and Maphi mentioned by Herodotus." Now, the mountains mentioned by Herodotus were "Krophi and Mophi." He asserted that they were situated between "Syene and Elephantine," and declined to believe the story of the Registrar of Minerva's treasury, to the effect that the Nile rose between these two peaks and that half its waters flowed northward to Egypt and the other half southward to Ethiopia. No stream having any connection with the Nile rises anywhere near Kilimandjaro or Kenia, and no river-fountain in that locality or anywhere else in Africa sends half its waters north and the other half south. Herodotus mentioned the Registrar's story only to refute it, and we might as well identify Breakneck Hill and the Crownest with Krophi and Mophi, as to identify the latter with any two Central African peaks.

SUFFOCATED BY COAL GAS.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 17.—In Seekonk, Mass., Tuesday morning, Mrs. Annie L. Waterman and two children were found in their room insensible from coal gas escaping from a stove, the damper of which was improperly turned. One child was soon restored, but the other died yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Waterman was restored to consciousness this morning, but is in a critical condition. She lost her husband last Spring and a brother last week.

ATHLETIC SPORTS AT NEW-HAVEN.

NEW-HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 17.—At Lake Saltonstall this afternoon a single-scull race for the challenge cup was rowed by R. B. Bainbridge, champion amateur oarsman of the country, and Julian Kennedy, of Yale College. The distance was two miles. Bainbridge was badly beaten, his time being 15:52½ against 14:56¼ for Kennedy. A minor single-scull race over the same course, previous to the Kennedy-Bainbridge race, between H. Livingstone, of Yale, Class '78, and T. A. Vernon, of Yale, Class '76, resulted in a victory for Livingstone, who came in in 15:31, his opponent being two minutes behind. In the evening in the city Prof. Dale, of this place, and Prof. McClelland, of Wood's Gymnasium, New-York, participated in a sparring exhibition to close the day's sport. The match at 10 o'clock was decided to be a draw. The men were very evenly matched.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE VON BULOW CONCERTS.

Dr. Von Bülow's second concert, which took place at Chickering Hall last evening, drew out an audience quite as brilliant and as enthusiastic as did the entertainment on Monday. The most important number on the programme was Adolph Henselt's grand concerto for piano and orchestra (opus 16) in F minor, but Dr. Von Bülow also interpreted Liszt's "Fantaisie Hongroise," dedicated to the artist by the composer, and, besides, a brief transcription ("Chant Polonais") by Liszt, and three selections from Chopin. Dr. Von Bülow's work produced a still deeper impression than it wrought on the night of his first hearing in this City, and we hardly think there can be two opinions as to the fact that his interpretation of the Henselt concerto was the finest piano performance listened to within the memory of the present generation. The composition, as the habitual reader need scarcely be told, is one of the most exacting written. Its three movements—an *allegro patetico*, a *larghetto*, and an *allegro agitato*—abound in technical difficulties, in ever-changing modulations, and in violent contrasts of power and delicacy, and the effect of anything but a remarkably precise, vigorous, and spirited rendering, must be most unsatisfactory. We cannot imagine a reading in which all the positive and ideal requisites of the piece would be more faithfully complied with than they were in Dr. Von Bülow's, on the occasion we refer to. Of the pianist's wonderful command of tone we have already spoken, and it was a rare gratification to observe the variety of color by means of which each passage was made to contrast with another; the admirable discipline of touch which could evoke a scale or a series of arpeggios forming a very lace-work of sound after a thunder-peal in *fortissimo*, and the exact knowledge of the force to be exerted so that the instrument should fitly reply to the orchestra without once losing its resonance. Magnificent as a whole, and terminating, in spite of its length, which is sufficient to utterly exhaust an ordinary mortal, in a finale which was dashed off with a brilliancy that increased until the climax was reached, the pianist's interpretation of the concerto was rich in delicious detail. The frequent adornment of the themes by arpeggios, runs, and other devices, showed to marked advantage the dainty and sparkling style of the performer, the symmetry of his ornamental lines—a symmetry never to be mistaken for the result of mere mechanism—being always observable; the sounding of the motive of the chorale under an intricate 'broidery of notes, revealed the beauty of the singing quality of Dr. Von Bülow's tone; and, of course, in the wide chords and octave passages, there was abundant opportunity for the display of strength, regulated, as we have implied, by the nicest sense of the possibilities of the piano. A unanimous demonstration of delight followed the rendering of the concerto, and the artist had to reappear again and again, and bow his acknowledgments. As in Boston, where Dr. Von Bülow executed the same compositions of Chopin, his delivery of these exquisite little poems, last night, appeared somewhat too sharply-cut and formal. The New-York audience, however, took to the waltz (Opus 42) quite as kindly as did the assemblage that welcomed Dr. Von Bülow to the United States, and its well-defined tune and the marvelous fluency of its execution caused so much applause that it had to be given for the second time. The "Fantaisie Hongroise," also heard in Boston on the evening of the performer's *début*, was, in its way, as remarkable a performance as the concerto; some of its bizarre themes took on as fantastic a coloring as they might have if sounded on gypsy instruments by a gypsy camp fire; its dance-tunes were full of character, and the peroration was all power and sparkle. The orchestra, as heretofore, was under the baton of Dr. Damrosch, and is to be complimented upon its labors, of which excellent performances of Glück's "Iphigenia in Aulis," and Mendelssohn's "Midsummer Night Dream" overtures were part. To-morrow the third Von Bülow concert will occur; the pianist is then to play Beethoven's grand concerto in E flat, Liszt's first concerto, and three preludes and fugues by Bach, Mendelssohn, and Raff.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE.

"Kotzebue's celebrated play, 'The Stranger'." The phrase has stared at people out of programmes from time to time for many a year back, and it will probably confront them at long intervals for years to come, as a triste memento of the endurance of boredom. Scarcely any great actor, in the tragic line, of course, has been satisfied with what he has done for his art unless he has given vitality to the sombre and melancholy misanthrope, while the goody-goody *Mrs. Haller* is responsible for the indifferent acting of hosts of performers of the gentler sex. Both people turned up yesterday at the matinée at Mr. Daly's theatre with the comforting assurance, however, that it was positively the single occasion of their appearance. The house was filled with ladies, and the exasperating melancholy and emotion of the principal personages did not seem to go amiss. In fact, both characters were so very much better portrayed than they commonly are that the representation was interesting in spite of its gloomy character. Miss Davenport, who filled the part of *Mrs. Haller*, made that familiar personage much less of a moping negation than she usually appears to be, and in the last act, in which she has a meeting with *The Stranger*, there were abundant evidences of those dramatic powers which first came into prominent notice in Miss Davenport's personation of *Ruth Tredgett*. This whole scene was finely acted, Mr. Booth's performance imparting to it great force and intensity. Indeed, intensity of suffering and the perpetual presence of a great sorrow were the conspicuous features of his representation, and entirely overlaid the idea of any mere misanthropical retirement. The comic side, which is introduced to relieve the oppressive sombreness of the piece, was as fairly dealt with as anything so inane could be. In truth there is only one joke—and that an unintentional one—in the entire composition, and it consists of the request of *Baron Steinfort* that the melancholy *Stranger* will go a wooing for him to *Mrs Haller*. "Katherine and Petruchio" followed "The Stranger," and the brilliant comedy was played with great spirit by both Miss Davenport and Mr. Booth. It was a marvelous transition, but a very pleasant one, and it served to show how successful clever actors may be in the very opposite extremes of dramatic art.

BRIEF MENTION.

Herr Wachtel and Mr. Neuendorff's company last evening sang "Don Juan" at the Academy of Music. To-morrow evening they are to appear in "The Postilion," and the company, *sans* Herr Wachtel, will interpret "Fidelio" at the matinée on Saturday.

The thousand and one assertions in relation to an intended season of Italian opera at the Academy, with Mme. Titiens, in January, are all premature, and the confident announcement that Signor Campanini will join Mme. Titiens, has as yet no foundation whatever in fact.

"The New-York Quartet," an organization consisting of Messrs. Edward Mollenhauer, Max Schwarz, George Matzka, and Frederick Bergner, will give the first of a series of concerts, with the co-operation of Mme. Dowland and Herr Weikert, at Chickering Hall on Saturday evening.

"Le Gendre de Mons. Poirier" and "Les Deux Sourds" will be acted by the French comedians at the Lyceum Theatre, this evening. The sale of seats for the representations at this house, in French, of the original version of "The Two Orphans," commences at the box-office this morning.

Mr. George Fawcett Rowe is acting in "Little Em'ly" at the Boston Theatre this week. The *Advertiser* remarks of his performance: "Mr. Rowe's *Micawber* is very funny indeed, and by almost innumerable little touches of gesture, tricks of tone, and facial expression, and unexpected action, it demonstrates the genuineness of his humorous power. *Mr. Micawber's* tranquil urbanity and stateliness have never been surpassed by any representative of the character upon our stage, and his exuberant life, as we have implied, never equaled."

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

A LETTER FROM MR. WATSON WEBB.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I was in Philadelphia when proceedings were had in the United States District Court on Saturday in the case of the United States versus J. Watson Webb, a report of which appeared in your edition of Monday. That report, unintentionally no doubt, does me injustice, and concludes as follows:

"United States District Attorney Bliss then filed interrogatories in connection with the suit for Mr. Webb to answer, among them one as to what were the names of the persons to whom the £9,000 were paid. No answer to these interrogatories was received, and Mr. Bliss now moves that he be required to answer the questions or show cause why he should not be committed for contempt of court. The order was granted by Judge Blatchford, but no time was fixed for its answer. In this connection it may be said, in explanation, that it is reported that Mr. Webb is at present very ill, and cannot now make proper return to the order."

The suit is for damages, and my defense is that all I did in the premises was with the full knowledge and approval of the late Hon. William H. Seward, the then Secretary of State, as fully appears by my official correspondence with the Department of State, called for, at my request, by Congress, and contained in Executive Documents No. 50, 1874.

The District Attorney demanded that I should be examined as a witness, to which I voluntarily assented, and made full and explicit answers to all his interrogatories, except those which demanded the names of distinguished Brazilians employed by the claimant to advocate his claim. Such knowledge was not material to enable the jury to arrive at a just verdict, and withholding their names could not possibly be an injury, directly or indirectly, to any of the parties interested in the suit; and, inasmuch as I had pledged my private and official character not to reveal the names of the parties implicated, I respectfully declined to answer the interrogatory demanding the names of the Brazilians employed by the claimant to further his demand for redress. If the Government have any curiosity on that subject, although the result can have no possible bearing on the action of the jury, they have only to place the claimant, Mr. Samuel Wells, upon the stand to achieve their purpose. I have solemnly sworn that I cannot, without personal dishonor, answer the question put to me.

I was not, as is alleged, absent from the court from illness, but because I was not in the City; but I am at the service of the court when wanted.

Do me the favor to publish the interrogatories alluded to, together with my answers, and oblige,

Yours very truly, J. WATSON WEBB,
late Envoy Extraordinary to Brazil.
NEW-YORK, Wednesday, Nov. 17, 1875.

THE COURT OF APPEALS.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I was very glad to see your editorial in today's TIMES in regard to the recent decision of the Court of Appeals in the Tweed case. I have always thought that the editorials published by "Tilden's Goufalon" follower and *Harper's Weekly* were pure nonsense. I am not surprised at the course of the former, as it is only in accordance with its career for the last six months. A DAILY READER.

THE ARCHITECT'S INSTITUTE.

NINTH ANNUAL CONVENTION IN BALTIMORE—ADDRESSES MADE.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 17.—The ninth annual convention of the American Institute of Architects assembled in this city to-day. In the absence of Richard Upjohn, of New-York, President, Richard M. Hunt, of New-York, was called to the chair. The annual address was read by Henry Van Brunt, of Boston, and gave a history of the Institute from its organization, in 1869, when it had forty-nine fellows and sixteen associates, to the present time, when it has seventy-five fellows and eighty-two associates. The address paid a high tribute to Henry A. Sims, of Philadelphia, who died since the last convention. It was adopted, and a vote of thanks to Mr. Van Brunt passed.

The report of the Board of Trustees was read by the Secretary and accepted. A large part of it consisted of drafts of bills and agreements, which are deemed necessary for mutual protection, and it then dwelt upon the construction of United States buildings in the new States and Territories, which cannot be properly attended to by the Supervising Architect of the Government. It insists that the Supervising Architect should not be permitted to make designs.

The Treasurer's report showed the receipts for the past year to have been $2,846 14, and the disbursements $2,834 07. It was accepted and referred to the Auditing Committee, and Messrs. Alfred Stone, Charles C. Haight and N. H. Hutton were elected the committee.

The report of the Committee on Publications was read, showing that a weekly journal, to be called the *American Architect and Building News*, had been arranged for and would be published in Boston in January next, with William P. Longfellow as editor.

The reports of the Chapters, except Albany, were then read.

The convention then took a recess for one hour. The following members are present: Hunt, Mason, Bloor, Walter, Lind, Andrews, Van Brunt, Neirnsee, Sr., Stuart, Littell, Neirnsee, Jr., Fredericks, Hutton, Le Brun, Baldwin, Murdock, Jones, Wilkinson, Hallett, Wright, Wall, Scofield, Longfellow, Brauns, Stone, Haight, Smith, Nickerson, Dixon, Meyer, Cassell, Hathorn, and Poor.

The afternoon session was devoted entirely to executive business, to which only members were admitted. In the evening there was a reception at the rooms of the Baltimore Chapter, under the St. James' Hotel, when there was an exhibition of the works of the members.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 17.—At the executive session this afternoon the present officers were reelected as follows: President, Richard Upjohn, of New-York; Vice Presidents, R. M. Hunt, of New-York; T. U. Walter, LL. D., of Philadelphia; P. B. Wright, of Chicago; A. C. Nash, of Cincinnati; E. C. Cabot, of Boston; U. H. Hutton, of Baltimore; Thomas Fuller, of Albany; Treasurer, R. G. Hatfield, of New-York; Secretary, A. J. Bloor, of New-York; Secretary for Foreign Correspondence, Henry Van Brunt, of Boston, in place of Henry A. Sims, deceased, of Philadelphia.

THE ELECTRICAL SOCIETY.

ANNUAL MEETING IN CHICAGO—BUSINESS OF THE SESSION—ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—The American Electrical Society held a meeting at the Grand Pacific Hotel to-day, Gen. Anson Stager, the President, in the chair. There was a large attendance of prominent electricians and telegraph men, and of gentlemen interested in the scientific development of electricity.

A number of members were admitted, after which several papers were read, including a communication from Gen. Sooy Smith, Chairman of the Committee on Physical Phenomena of the United States Testing Board, asking the society to suggest means by which the committee could determine at what time the molecular disturbance which takes place in a bar of iron or steel, when under a tensile or compressive strain constantly increasing, develops heat and electricity.

The society then appointed the following committee to act with Gen. Smith and the United States Board: C. H. Summers, Dr. Edward A. Hill, Thomas Henning, Charles H. Haskins, and Gen. Anson Stager.

At the evening session Gen. Stager was elected President of the society for the ensuing year.

A new constitution, authorizing the formation of local auxiliary societies, was also adopted.

GUIBORD'S REMAINS.

THE BODY NOT DISTURBED—A GENERAL EXPECTATION THAT IT WILL BE SECRETLY REMOVED.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

MONTREAL, Nov. 17.—It is now confidently hoped by the authorities here that the Guibord troubles are at an end forever. The city has resumed its usual quiet aspect, and no outbreak or disturbance is feared. The grave was not interfered with last night, but it is still guarded by a small force of policemen. There seems to be no doubt that the body will be removed, but this will be done secretly, and will occasion no trouble.

THE RECENT ELECTION.

A FEW LESSONS OF THE CANVASS.

CAUSES OF REPUBLICAN LOSS IN VARIOUS COUNTIES—DEMOCRATIC MONEY AND THE PROHIBITION VOTE DID THE WORK IN SUFFOLK—THE DEMOCRATS WORKED DESPERATELY BUT QUIETLY.

From Our Special Correspondent.

PATCHOGUE, Saturday, Nov. 16, 1875.

The most striking circumstance of the recent election in this State was the apparent falling off in the Republican vote in those counties and towns where it was expected to be heaviest. Niagara County went Democratic for the first time in its history; Oneida County did the same, which it has not done for twenty-one years before; Suffolk County, where a good Republican majority was expected, gave 500 majority for the Democratic ticket. The same exhibit was made by other counties thought to be sure for the Republicans, and the circumstance has been hailed by the Democracy as a sure sign of the progress of Democratic principles in the rural districts. So far as regards Suffolk County this rejoicing is premature.

When the two opposing parties of the country were known respectively as Whig and Democratic, this county voted consistently with the latter; but in the Fremont campaign it went over with a whirl, and since then has been kept pretty steadily Republican till this year. The result of the recent election, giving 500 Democratic majority, seems a little startling at first view, especially when it is considered that only three years ago the county gave Gen. Dix a majority of 1,891; but whether this change represents a revolution of feeling in the mass of the voting population, or whether the Democratic majority was the result of temporary and accidental causes, may be judged from the following statements. Looking into the returns of previous elections the vote of Suffolk County is found to be as follows:

	Rep.	Dem.
For Governor, 1868	4,528	4,254
* For Secretary of State, 1869	3,107	3,136
For Governor, 1870	4,234	4,066
* For Secretary of State, 1871	3,830	2,858
For Governor, 1872	5,182	3,201
* For Secretary of State, 1873	3,528	2,881
For Governor, 1874	3,601	3,529
* For Secretary of State, 1875	3,742	4,313

A glance at this table will show how much less the vote of both parties is in the "off years" (marked with a star) as compared with the years when a Governor is elected. It will also show, what is well known to everybody, that in these years the Republican vote falls off much more than does the Democratic. Take the years 1868 and 1869. The Republican vote in the former was 4,528 and the majority 274; it fell off in the latter year 1,421, while the Democratic vote fell off only 1,118. This gave just 29 majority for the Democratic ticket. No one can pretend that this small majority represented a change in the sentiments of the people. If it did, then another change must have taken place the next year, (1870,) for then the Republican vote rose to 4,234, and the majority was 168. Then came another "off year," (1871,) and the vote sank to 3,830; but the following year, (1872,) Gen. Dix was nominated. His nomination was hailed with enthusiasm. He was a resident of the county, personally known to a majority of the voters in it, and very popular. The vote rose to 5,182; his majority was 1,981. In the off year succeeding, (1873,) the Republican vote fell off 1,654, but the Democratic vote only 320. The elections for 1874, it will be remembered, were everywhere most disastrous to the Republican Party. Even Massachusetts elected a Democratic Governor. Still Suffolk County did not quite go with the general tide. It gave Dix 72 majority. The vote of both parties stood: Republican, 3,601; Democratic, 3,529. Neither party polled within a thousand of its full strength. In view of these facts, it may fairly be assumed that under ordinary circumstances, where a full vote is brought out, Suffolk County is Republican; but in off years the county may go Democratic simply from Republican apathy. The figures of the recent election will show this, but they also exhibit the presence of another element which may materially change the relative positions of the two parties in the future.

The vote of the county was: Republican, 3,742; Democratic, 4,313. This is a Republican off-year vote, and better than some in which the majority has been on the Republican side. There was the usual apathy among the mass of the party. None of those elements of excitement which the contest with Tammany gave to the election in New-York had any force outside the Municipal limits. In this county there was only a languid interest manifested by the Republicans in the election, and such attention as they gave to it was concentrated on the local candidates. Even under these circumstances, however, 141 more votes were cast by them than were cast last year, when the county went Republican by 72 majority, and 214 more than were cast the year before that, when the Republican majority was 647. The question naturally rises—how comes it that there should be this year an unprecedentedly heavy Democratic majority, when the Republican vote is up to its usual standard? The answer is simply that it was not the falling off in the Republican but the surprising increase in the Democratic vote. This vote, it will be observed, was 4,313; which is 59 more than the Democratic vote of the Presidential year 1868, and 1,112 over that of 1872.

In inquiring into the causes of this large increase, we may dismiss at once the idea that any large number of Republicans voted with their opponents. The figures above quoted show that they did not. But, on the other hand, a large vote is not usually brought out by one party without exciting a degree of interest in the election which also brings out a large vote on the other side. You cannot start one party into great activity without exciting an antagonistic activity as great on the other side. In the ordinary course of things, the Republican vote of Suffolk County should have been this year at least fully equal to that of 1868, which would have given a majority of 215. The real question to be answered is, why was not this vote brought out?

I have said above that the usual apathy which Republicans exhibit in off years marked their conduct in Suffolk County on this occasion. The tactics of their opponents in the conduct of the campaign were directed to avoid everything likely to arouse them from this state of feeling. Whoever planned the campaign—and there is little doubt about what master hand it was—would appear to have argued something in this way: The vote of both parties falls off in an off year, but the Republican vote always in larger proportion than the Democratic. If nothing is done by the Democrats to arouse their opponents to activity, the ordinary Republican vote of an off year will be cast, while by bringing out a full Democratic vote a handsome majority will be the result. In pursuance of this policy the Democratic Party in this county maintained up to the day of election an appearance of absolute inactivity. No speakers were sent through it to arouse the enthusiasm of the voters; there were no meetings blazing with fireworks and noisy with brass bands; no banner raisings, ratifications, nor parades. All the usual methods for bringing out a full vote were studiously avoided. It is a fact that only one meeting, and that almost an accidental one, was held by the Democrats here throughout the whole of the canvass. The district Republican managers, up to within about a week of election day, reported that both parties were entirely apathetic. But about that time some of the shrewder among them began to observe movements on the other side which were suspicious. Nominal Democrats, who could generally be prevailed upon to vote at least a portion of the Republican ticket, stated that this year they must vote for their party men right through; other men who had previously promised their votes for certain Republican candidates declined to do so; "doubtful men" said they thought they would vote the Democratic ticket this time, and occasional expressions were dropped by some of the district Democratic leaders that they would show the other side a thing or two this year which would surprise them. Leading Republicans had an uncomfortable feeling that there was something in the air and yet they could see nothing. All was quiet on the surface.

There was one party, however, which fought the Republicans with a virulence and activity more intense than had ever been shown by the Democrats. The Prohibitionists came to the front early in the campaign, and no fratricidal war could be more bitter than the one they conducted against the only party from which they ever received support, and the only one from which they could hope to obtain votes. They declared war to the knife against the Republican Party from the start; they denounced it as being false to its pledges, as being corrupt to the core, as having become a "rum" party, as infinitely worse than the Democracy. Its leaders stumped the county in opposition to the Republican ticket; they declaimed against it in every village hall and every district school-house; Methodist ministers preached against it from their pulpits; they issued circulars, signed with their names, denouncing the party and its candidates in the bitterest terms; and the Prohibition paper of the county, its columns teeming with libels and abuse, was circulated by hundreds through the length and breadth of the county. No words were too severe, no statement too outrageous to denounce the men whose names were on the Republican ticket. But with all this no word was uttered by them against the Democratic candidates.

Such was the condition of affairs in the county when election day came. The general mass of Republicans indifferent; the Prohibitionists straining every effort to divide the party; the Democrats ostensibly quiet, but secretly intensely active. On the morning of election there was a sudden and astounding change. The whole mass of the Democratic world seemed to spring into life and being; wagons with three and four horses to each scoured the county in all directions, bringing their loads of voters to the polls; banners were displayed, huge posters exhibited, and brass bands brayed; Democratic ticket peddlers surrounded each poll by dozens; "workers" swarmed everywhere, sending in their voters; no farm-house was so obscure, no fishing station so remote, but the working parties could reach it and bring out its inmates. The wagons came driving furiously along all the roads leading to the polling-places, crowded with Democrats or Prohibitionists shouting for their respective tickets, and calling on the party to "close up! close up!" Men who were not before known to be residents of the districts were brought up and voted; men who were expected to vote the Republican ticket were seen to be working with the Democrats; venal voters, with votes notoriously at the service of the highest bidder, did the same; straight Republicans were assailed by Prohibitionist ticket-peddlers, and exhorted to "vote as they prayed;" doubtful men were made more so and declined to vote at all. When the Democratic worker failed, he signed to his Prohibitionist ally to come in, and the two parties worked at the polls hand in glove all the day through. Every district of every township polled all its Democratic votes to the last man. Brookhaven and Southold brought out their hundreds, East Hampton and Riverhead their fifties, Smithtown and Shelter Island their tens. In the Republican township of Islip fifty-five workmen who were employed on some houses in course of erection there were brought up by their foreman and voted the Democratic ticket solid. The Republican workers were overwhelmed by the astounding numbers of voters which crowded to the polls. By noon they gave up all hope.

The result of the day showed that the strongest efforts had been made by the Democrats in what were known to be Republican districts; and the effect of the Prohibition movement was shown not only in the number of straight votes polled for that ticket, but in the splitting of the Republican vote. In Riverhead, with a Republican vote of 294, there were only 120 straight ballots cast. The total number of votes cast for the Prohibition ticket was 464, against 270 last year; and it is safe to say that 460 of this number were cast by Republicans. In the township of Islip, which is always reckoned good for from 80 to 100 Republican majority, there were 85 Prohibition votes, and a Democratic majority of 69 was the result, notwithstanding that the Republican vote was 41 over that of last year. Adding the total Prohibition vote of the county to the Republican vote, the following is the result:

Republican vote	3,742
Prohibition vote	464
Total	4,206

This number falls below what the county can give in years when the election is of sufficient importance to bring out even a decently full Republican vote. It is probably below what would have been brought out this year had not the "still-hunt" tactics of the Democrats lulled their opponents into fancied security. The latter were taken completely by surprise. It will not be so easy to surprise them again.

It is fair to assume, in view of all the circumstances of the case, that with the present population of Suffolk County no higher Democratic vote can be brought out than was polled this year, viz., 4,313. Nor is it likely that so supreme an effort as was made by that party on this occasion can be repeated next year, or with the same success. Not a solitary Democratic voter was overlooked in any district of any township in the county. The Democratic strength was tested to the last degree, and the above number represents its extreme limit. Compare this with the Republican vote. Excluding the year when Gov. Dix's personal popularity in the county brought to his support so large a vote, much of it undoubtedly Democratic, we may take the Presidential year 1868 for a basis of estimate. The Republican vote for Governor in that year was 4,528. With such a vote as this there would be no fear of a Democratic majority at the next Presidential election.

But in 1868 there was no Prohibition movement to split the Republican vote; and it becomes a question whether a like vote can be brought out with this disturbing element at work. Of one thing we may rest assured, that no effort will be spared by the Democrats to encourage the Prohibition movement. The campaign was openly fought for them this year by the Prohibition leaders in Suffolk County. However sincere were the motives of the rank and file of the Temperance Party, there is sufficient evidence to remove all moral doubt that its leaders received direct pecuniary assistance from the Democratic State Committee. The Secretary of the County Committee of the Prohibitionists was directly charged with having received $300 from it; while every one acquainted with the workings of the Prohibition county paper knows that a pecuniary consideration must have been the motive which induced it to take the course it did. A paper which announces the result of an election with a parade of roosters, and other customary typographical signs of triumph, might fairly be supposed to have affiliations with the triumphant party. Besides this, some of the men who appeared active in the Prohibition cause were former candidates for office on the Democratic ticket.

The question to consider in forecasting the political future of Suffolk County is obviously concerning the action of the Prohibition Party. Every vote for its ticket may be set down as one taken from the Republican Party. To compensate for their loss, votes must be gained from the Democrats. Gen. Dix brought them over, but the conditions of his candidature, so far as regards this county, were accidental. They are not likely to occur next year; while the Prohibition movement is what might be termed a "fixed quantity." It may happen, however, that between this time and the next election circumstances may occur which will bind up the loosened ties of the Republican Party, and rally every member of it to the support of the ticket. The prohibition question would temporarily sink before more stirring issues, and Republicans come up again true to their colors. At any rate, there is the fact that, the next being a Presidential election, a fuller vote will be polled than in other years; and that at these elections, when national issues are at stake, parties are always more firmly united than in other times, when local matters receive most attention, and the small strifes and grievances which attend them exert their strongest influence. It may also be added that the course of the Prohibition leaders this year entirely disgusted a large number of their followers, and this may have its effect at the next election.

From these facts it is evident that there were two prominent causes for the Republican defeat in Suffolk County: first, the "still-hunt" policy of the Democrats, who did the most effectual work in the most noiseless manner; and secondly, the activity of the Prohibition faction of the Republicans, which was backed by Democratic money.

THE DOCK SYSTEM.

THE SENATE COMMITTEE'S INQUIRY—PRESIDENT WALES ON THE WITNESS STAND—THE STONE PIER EXPERIMENTS—FLOATING PROPERTY.

The Senate Special Committee resumed its investigations of City affairs at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday, Senator Booth presiding, and Commissioner Davenport, counsel to the committee, conducting the examination of witnesses. The only witness examined was Mr. Salem H. Wales, President of the Dock Department, who was over three hours in giving his testimony. In answer to questions at the outset, he described the organization of the Dock Department, and defined its jurisdiction. Mr. Davenport, who based a large share of his inquiries upon a letter which appeared in THE TIMES of Monday last, called President Wales' attention to the fact that that letter set forth the value of dock property at $80,000,000, $60,000,000 of it being public property and $20,000,000 private. President Wales said there should be a distinction drawn between available and unavailable property. He, however, had made no estimate of the value of dock property held by private parties. It was generally understood that there was considerable pier property in this City claimed to be owned by private parties, whose claims would disappear if legally contested. In the matter of leasing City property the law required the Dock Department to pursue two courses—one in regard solely to new or improved property under the present plan, which enabled the board to designate certain districts for special branches of commerce and at stipulated rents to be agreed on. Under the old plan all leases were made at public auction to the highest bidder. The law did not now allow the board to lease property for a term of more than fifty years. The department made leases now under the old plan for not more than three years, but under the new plan leases were made for as high as thirty years, on a sliding scale of rental.

Commissioner Davenport next directed attention to the masonry being executed by the department along the river front, and Mr. Wales said there had been a stone landing and platform built at Pier No. 1, North River, to be about five hundred and fifty feet in length when completed. About eleven hundred feet of permanent stone bulkhead had now been built, including that platform. He next described the two plans on which this sea wall had been constructed, the first being the Beaton block system, as shown at Christopher street, North River. In October, 1874, the department determined to try another plan, and instead of using the patent block system, caissons were built on the bulkhead line, and filled with cement, which formed a monolithic mass. This was done at King and Canal streets. The plan at Christopher street was prepared by Gens. Gilmore and McClellan. That at Canal street by Gen. C. K. Graham. The commission ordered by the Mayor to examine and report on this monolithic system had not yet completed their report. It was the original intention of the board to build about five miles of that wall, to extend from West Eleventh street to Corlears Hook. Ex-Gen. McClellan estimated that this five miles of wall would cost about ten millions of dollars, but it would be actually less than that, for at the time of that estimate labor and materials were much higher than now. It would, perhaps, now cost $8,000,000. The letter in THE TIMES contained many errors. For example, it stated that the cost of stone on the Pier No. 1 improvement was $11 33 per lineal foot, and they had estimated the whole cost on that basis. In another part the letter had estimated the cost of wooden bulkhead at $15 a foot, thus making wooden work cost more than stone. Mr. Wales said he would furnish the figures of the cost of this work in detail at the next sitting of the committee. He had heard no complaints as to the manner of doing this work or the quality of it, as set forth in THE TIMES letter, though he understood there had been some little trouble with the work at Christopher. But that occurred, and had, as he understood it, been remedied before he came into the department. The board, some years since, investigated this subject of wood against stone, and examined some thirty or forty witnesses, experts, and the result was that this stone bulkhead wall was undertaken. As to the advisability of effecting these advances of the bulkhead line, and of the consequent narrowing of the rivers: This was determined on after careful consideration, and Gen. Humphries, of the United States Army, was called in as a consulting engineer. No harm could possibly result from this slight narrowing of the North River. As to the East River, there was some room for doubt, taking into consideration its present width and the experience of the late ice engorgements, its rapid currents, and other points. On the question of contract work over public day labor President Wales said he was of the opinion—and, so far as he could do so, he acted on that opinion—that the department should do all the work it could by contract. As to the charges in THE TIMES letter about the cost of dredging, that was susceptible of explanation. There were advantages and disadvantages of doing the work by contract. The department dumped all its refuse from dredging at sea, while private contractors, as a rule, only carried it up the river to Spuyten Duyvil, just beyond the City limits. Now, he believed that much of that stuff which the contractors left up there was washed down here again by the river current and tide to block up our harbor again, but they did it because it cost them less to send it up there than to carry it out to sea. The cost of maintaining and repairing this floating property was quite an item of expense; he did not know if it was $150,000 a year as charged, but he would furnish the committee with the information on this point. The legislative limitation of not more than $100,000 per annum for office expenses had not been exceeded this year, but it might have been exceeded in other years. He could not say whether the affairs of the department could be as well managed by one Commissioner as by three or five, but he supposed if there was but one Commissioner he would manage to get along. Since its organization and up to October last the department had collected $2,600,000 in rentals, and had expended about four million nine hundred thousand dollars in the same time; there was a great public mistake to the effect that the department expended $3,000,000 a year. That was the amount of the legislative limit of expenditure, but it had never in any year expended over $1,200,000 to $1,000,000, and this year it would be about $600,000; the cost of floating property was $448,000; this $600,000 represented everything, salaries and all; the aggregate income of the department had been about one-half of its aggregate expenditure; then the land reclaimed to the City without other expense, and the result of the operations of the department, was estimated to be worth $1,000,000.

Mr. Wales next explained the circumstances so far as he understood them of various charges brought against employes of receiving commissions on materials sold to the department, of levying black-mail, and of doing outside engineering and other work in office hours. In all these cases he had made inquiry officially, but had never been able to trace out the truth of the charges.

Gen. Graham, former engineer of the board, sent in his letter of resignation at the time he left; witness would rather not say what were the causes of his resignation; the reporters, perhaps, could tell, as they had from time to time made great efforts to find out; the General's letter was on file in the department; witness would produce it only on subpœna. The committee then adjourned.

THE BILLIARD TOURNAMENT

EVENTFUL DAY AT TAMMANY HALL.

GARNIER DEFEATED BY SLOSSON—CYRILLE DION WINS THE GAME BETWEEN HIMSELF AND RUDOLPHE—DALY BEATEN BY SEXTON—THE LATTER MAKES A RUN OF 136—SLOSSON DEFEATED BY JOSEPH DION.

The seventh regular game of the tournament, in which Albert Garnier and George Slosson were the contestants, was begun a few minutes after 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The betting was $100 to $30 in favor of Garnier. Slosson won the lead, chose the white, and failed to carom. He scored naughts in successive innings, then a 2, and then another cipher. The same number of innings brought Garnier 22 caroms, 17 of which were obtained in his fifth. Slosson followed with 11, then Garnier scored 35. His manipulation of the balls was excellent. Most of the time they lay near the upper right-hand corner, but it required frequent force shots and two *massés* to get them there. The balls finally aligned themselves, and it being a difficult follow and cushion-kiss shot he failed to successfully make the stroke. This run he supplemented in the next inning with another of 37. The most difficult caroms were made, but it was on an easy two-cushion shot that he failed. At no time were the balls in a bunch, and little nursing was indulged in. Slosson again secured 11, and except for a failure to give sufficient English to a short draw he would in all probability have made a fair run. Eleven mere were added in the ninth inning, but meanwhile Garnier was piling up double figures, and was creeping slowly away from his competitor. The game stood 123 to 49 in his favor. But in his twelfth Slosson started in for a large run, and except for an unlucky "freeze" would have succeeded. He counted off the "spot," the stroke threw the balls far apart, and the inning was terminated. As it was he scored 65 caroms, nearly every one of them earned by the daintiest touch imaginable. Then with 12 in his thirteenth, and 28 in his fifteenth inning, he wrested the lead from Garnier. Six successive innings netted the latter only 4 caroms; Slosson meanwhile had made an even 100. Garnier was not doing himself justice, nor was Slosson, for that matter; but the latter was playing better than his opponent, consequently he retained the lead and eventually won the game. Following is the summary:

TAMMANY HALL, NEW-YORK, Nov. 17, 1875.—The Garnier tournament, French billiards, 300 caroms, on a five by ten table, rules of the American championship to govern; seventh game of the series. Score—George F. Slosson, 300; Albert Garnier, 218. Innings—Slosson, 32; Garnier, 31. Winner's average 9 12-32. Highest runs—Slosson, 65; Garnier, 35. Time of game—1 hour 45 minutes. Referee, Mr. Miller.

Slosson—0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 11, 12, 11, 11, 0, 2, 65, 12, 0, 28, 8, 9, 2, 2, 0, 0, 4, 22, 7, 0, 0, 18, 27, 26, 4, 0, 17—300.

Garnier—0, 4, 0, 1, 17, 35, 37, 16, 13, 0, 0, 0, 3, 0, 1, 8, 2, 6, 1, 0, 7, 5, 4, 4, 16, 12, 8, 2, 2, 11, 3—218.

The eighth game was won by Cyrille Dion, M. Rudolphe being his opponent. Dion sold as favorite in the pools, strong odds being laid in his favor. The first five innings were weak attempts. Neither player seemed sure of the easiest shot; but in his sixth Dion shook off the lethargy, and in a really skillful and satisfactory manner counted 89 caroms. First he had the balls at the head of the table, near the right-hand corner; he was twice compelled to "break" them from the "crotch;" then he worked them along the head rail for a few strokes, after which they got away from him, and he found it necessary to make a hard force shot to carom. This brought the balls to the foot of the table. There he continued the run; but getting uncomfortably near the "crotch" was again directed to play them out. He did so, but the run was nearly finished. A few more caroms followed, and finally he missed a short spread stroke and sat down. Rudolphe followed with 1; Dion did the same, and then the former scored 33. Two innings later he made 23 more. It was in this inning that Rudolphe executed a *massé* shot which was really astonishing. The balls were nearly aligned, close to the left-hand upper corner. No shot, save a *massé* to cushion, could count, and it was hardly possible to make one. But Rudolphe "took the chances," hit his ball hard in the right place, and made the carom. Then Dion did some "nursing," and speedily secured just half a hundred. With his forty-second stroke the balls were firmly united and had to be spotted. He counted, however, but presently they were beyond his reach, and he failed. The second inning afterward a run of 21 sent him on his last hundred, while Rudolphe was yet only 69. The latter got 32 in his twelfth, but as Dion followed with a run of 35, the lead was not decreased. A run of 39 soon after brought Rudolphe's score up, however, and at the end of the sixteenth he was only 90 points behind, and at this time was playing much better than his opponent. During the progress of a run by Rudolphe in the seventeenth inning, Dion claimed that the balls were in the crotch. "I'll bet you $100 they are not," said Rudolphe. Dion declined the offer. The referee measured the distance, and disallowed the claim. The matter settled, another incident followed. The balls were "frozen," Rudolphe himself acknowledging the fact. But in violation of rule 9, he himself separated them, rolling the red to the other end of the table. "I claim three points," said Dion. Rudolphe pretended ignorance of the rule, but the referee allowed the claim. Dion soon after ran the game out. Following is the summary:

SAME DAY.—Same conditions: eighth game of the series. Score—Dion, 300; Rudolphe, 192. Innings—Dion, 28: Rudolphe, 27. Winner's average, 10 5-7. Highest runs—Dion, 89; Rudolphe, 39. Time of game, 1 hour and 50 minutes. Referee, Mr. Gleason.

Dion—11, 1, 2, 0, 0, 89, 1, 1, 25, 50, 2, 21, 35, 1, 0, 3, 2, 12, 1, 1, 8, 0, 2, 0, 2, 17, 12—300.

Rudolphe—0, 0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 33, 7, 23, 1, 0, 32, 1, 39, 8, 3, 13, 0, 0, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 20, 2, 2—192.

The ninth game of the tournament—the first last evening—was between Maurice Daly and William Sexton. The latter won the lead and scored a cipher. Daly did the same. Sexton then made 5 and Daly 15, after which there was another naught for Sexton. Then Daly scored 37 caroms. The balls persisted in nestling uncomfortably near the left hand upper "crotch," and it was difficult for the player to turn the corner. In doing so he scattered the balls, and soon after concluded the inning. A supplementary 16 gave him a good lead, but Sexton reduced it in his fifth inning. He took a bad "leave," and, manipulating the balls for a while, brought them into splendid position near the right hand upper corner, and then began to nurse. Slowly yet skillfully he carried the three before him along the right side rail, now forcing the object ball to travel the entire length, and now the width of the table; but so well calculated were his strokes, so precisely was the muscular power exerted, that each time the ball rolled back exactly to the required spot. After traveling over half the length of the table, he was compelled to carry them to the centre, and from thence toward the upper end, along the left side rail. Here he continued his delicate work until he had scored 100. The applause was loud and long continued; but Sexton was not yet through with them. Daly's run of 124, the highest so far, was to be beaten. He drove them safely around the "jaw" and along the upper rail, and in all made 136 caroms. It was a notable inning, for it placed Sexton in the front rank of first-class professionals. Although far in the rear, Daly played steadily and kept his average good. Sexton closed the game in his twentieth inning, winning by a majority of 63, with an average of 15. Following is the summary:

SAME DAY.—Same conditions: ninth game of the series. Score—William Sexton, 300; Maurice Daly, 237. Innings—Sexton, 20; Daly, 19. Winner's average, 15. Highest runs—Sexton, 136; Daly, 37. Time of game, 1 hour and 50 minutes. Referee, G. S. Hubbel, of Hartford.

Sexton—0, 5, 0, 1, 136, 7, 5, 1, 41, 0, 31, 0, 4, 38, 0, 0, 14, 10, 2, 5—300.

Daly—0, 15, 37, 16, 10, 0, 1, 29, 4, 26, 3, 1, 15, 12, 3, 1, 35, 26, 3—237.

The tenth game was between Joseph Dion and George Slosson, and was won easily by the former. Slosson missed shot after shot which any novice should be able to make. Single figures, and they of small value, fell to him in each inning save one. In his fourth he scored 15; after that until his twenty-fifth his highest run was 5. He was utterly unable to explain the cause of his ill success. He said that he tried to hit them just right, but somehow the cue ball happened to miss the second object ball. In his twenty-fifth he scored a neat run of 38, and then supplemented it with one of 61. The last run was well earned. He did some nursing, but the majority of the strokes were cushion caroms and force shots for position. The gap was too great, however, and Slosson could not escape defeat. Dion closed the game in his thirty-second inning. Following is the summary:

SAME DAY.—Same conditions: tenth game of the series. Score—Joseph Dion, 300; George Slosson, 163. Innings—Dion, 32; Slosson, 31. Winner's average, 9⅜. Highest runs—Dion, 65; Slosson, 61. Time of game, 1 hour and 40 minutes. Referee, Mr. Guillette.

Dion—20, 2, 2, 5, 12, 46, 0, 5, 0, 17, 5, 0, 65, 18, 5, 0, 7, 1, 0, 1, 4, 22, 11, 9, 12, 4, 1, 0, 6, 8, 10, 2—300.

Slosson—0, 1, 0, 15, 1, 3, 0, 1, 2, 1, 5, 0, 1, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 1, 4, 0, 2, 2, 0, 38, 61, 0, 8, 4, 0, 11—163.

The mutual pools paid well yesterday, winning tickets paying as follows: Slosson-Garnier, $21 85; C. Dion-Rudolph, $8 70; Sexton-Daly, $12 25; J. Dion-Slosson, $8 45. There will be three games to-day, one in the afternoon and two in the evening. The first will be between Sexton and Rudolph, the second between Garnier and J. Dion, the third between Sexton and C. Dion. Should Sexton prove successful in his contest with Rudolphe the last game will doubtless prove an exciting one. In all there have been ten games played in the tournament. Thus far Garnier has won one and lost one; Cyrille Dion has won three and lost none; William Sexton has won two and lost none; M. Daly has won one and lost two; Joseph Dion has won two and lost one; George Slosson has won one and lost three; A. P. Rudolphe has lost three and won none.

A WOMAN MURDERED.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 17.—A special dispatch to the *Gazette* from Jackson, Ohio, says: Mrs. Mary Bruce was found burned to death yesterday near the burning residence of Mrs. Lowder. Her skull was fractured, and it is supposed the woman was assaulted in the house during Mrs. Lowder's absence, and the building fired to conceal the crime, and that she revived and attempted to escape, but her clothing being in flames she perished outside the burning structure. Nathan Lowder, son of Mrs. Lowder, has been arrested, but the evidence against him is wholly circumstantial.

WOMEN DEMANDING SUFFRAGE.

PROGRESS OF THE MOVEMENT—ADDRESSES BY BISHOP HAVEN, MRS. BLACKWELL, MRS. STONE, AND CHARLES BRADLAUGH

The seventh annual meeting of the American Woman's Suffrage Association was held last evening at Steinway Hall, Bishop Gilbert Haven, of Georgia, presiding. There were at least 800 persons present, and the sexes were about evenly represented. Among the ladies on the platform were Mrs. Armenia A. White, of New-Hampton; Mrs. Antoinette Brown Blackwell, New-Jersey; Mrs. Mary F. Eastman, Mrs. Mary N. Davis, Mrs. Margaret V. Longley, Ohio; Mrs. Maria F. Walling, Mrs. Hewitt, and Mrs. Rebecca Morse, and among the gentlemen were Hon. Nathaniel White, Thomas J. Lothrop, C. C. Burleigh, Charles Bradlaugh, and Rev. Dr. Warren, of Brooklyn. The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. Warren, after which Bishop Haven made an address, in which he said that the first woman who originated the idea of woman suffrage was present on the platform, and, like any movement which was started by a single person, it had had its struggles, but it had now reached that point in its development when the American public and even the English public was beginning to recognize the movement, and to examine it on its own merits. The right of suffrage belonged alike to the whole human family, and as suffrage was a national right, he claimed that all had a right to participate in the government of the country. In many respects the wife and the husband had separate interests, and why not, he asked, in political interests? A man could not touch his wife's property or interfere with her in other matters, still he had control over her in political relations. He claimed that woman was fitted for the exercise of the ballot, and that taxation carried the inherent right of representation. Woman was interested in all the questions which came before the country, still she had no voice in their settlement. Who had a deeper interest in the school question than woman—who had such an interest in the preservation intact of this great gift of our fathers as woman; and why should she not be allowed to participate in its preservation? Who had such an interest in getting rid of intemperance as woman? She suffered more from this tremendous evil than man, and still she was not allowed to vote for public representatives who had to make laws regulating the traffic in intoxicating liquors. The subjection of woman was completely passing away, and although America declined to put woman into power, every other nation had done so. If they could put women into some of the executive offices of this country they would not have as much peculation as existed at present. He alluded to the fact that woman suffrage existed at present in the Territory of Wyoming, and he was assured that the giving of the ballot to woman was a blessing to the Territory. He hoped that the heart of this great City would throb in harmony with the movement.

Mrs. Antoinette Brown Blackwell, of New-Jersey, next addressed the audience, and said that the question before them was of more importance than the currency question. The latter only touched the pockets, but the question of the right of suffrage touched the whole human family. Woman was needed in politics; she was needed in the jury box, as man was not competent to understand a woman's temptations. She would be an efficient worker in her proper place and would be the fit associate in the government of the country with men. Mrs. Blackwell concluded by stating that the question of woman suffrage would continue to vex the nation until it was settled according to justice. [Applause.]

Mrs. Lucy Stone, the first woman worker in this movement, was the next speaker. She said that if it was right for men a hundred years ago to fight for their rights, it was just as right now for women to endeavor to better their condition. She did not know whether she was the first worker or not in this movement; but one thing was clear, that they had gained much—that women had gained much during the past half century. Fifty years ago there were few things which a woman could do without being scoffed at and hooted, but now they were found in many of the professions. When women began first to speak in public in this country they were hissed and hooted, but now none were more acceptable to the public. Women had succeeded as artists and physicians. The latter, to be sure, were not at first well received, but they were fast making their way, and were now cordially received everywhere. Mrs. Stone next called attention to the inequality of the laws as affecting men and women—husbands and wives. She asked the right to vote for women, and was convinced that it would be granted, as justice was on their side. Idiots, lunatics, felons, and women could not vote. Woman was a political idiot! She asked them were they going to sustain a law which classed their wives, sisters, and daughters with the felon as far as their political rights were concerned. The men of the country should not allow such a law to exist; they should not allow the felon to be the political peer of woman. Woman worked for the Army during the war, but what was her reward? The negro got the right to vote, the rebels got universal suffrage and universal amnesty, and when woman asked for recognition the nation said, "take your place below the negro, below the rebels, and on a level with Jefferson Davis," who has since, however, been restored to political rights. Notwithstanding all this, men had the unspeakable impudence to ask them to help to contribute money to the Centennial. She, for one, was not going to do it. [Applause.]

The Chairman next introduced Mr. Charles Bradlaugh, who made a brief address. He said that the only right he had to be on their platform was that for the past twenty-five years he had pleaded the cause in England. It was not an American question; the best men of every country were in favor of it, the worst men against it. He claimed the right of universal suffrage for man, and he would not withhold it from woman. It was not a question of taxation, but a question of humanity. The grander woman was made the truer would man be. [Applause.]

The Chairman said that Mrs. Lucy Stone would read her annual report at the meeting of the association this morning, and that a session would be held at 2:30 P. M. and another at 7:30 P. M. The meeting then adjourned.

ANOTHER NEWSPAPER "DODGE."

The editor of THE NEW-YORK TIMES has taken such umbrage at the criticisms passed upon him, in the recent political canvass, by the Geneva *Gazette*, that he has sued Mr. S. H. Parker, the editor and proprietor of that paper, for libel. The provocation must have been very unusual.—*Syracuse Journal.*

[The editor of THE NEW-YORK TIMES never saw or heard of the Geneva *Gazette*, although that newspaper—if it is a newspaper—is evidently getting a little judicious advertising done free of cost. The Rochester *Democrat* has the honor of inventing the above fiction.]

ENGLISH CANNEL COAL, $20 per ton; American Cannel, $11 per ton, screened and delivered; Cumberland Lump, for grates, $7 50 per ton at THOS. DAVIES', No. 157 East Twenty-third street.—*Advertisement.*

ANY ONE can see at a glance that POMEROY'S ELASTIC TRUSS is the best. Price, $4. No. 744 Broadway.—*Advertisement.*

Consumption, Weak Lungs, Dyspepsia, General Debility, and Weakness of every description promptly cured by WINCHESTER'S HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME AND SODA, $1 and $2 per bottle. Prepared only by WINCHESTER & CO., Chemists, No. 36 John st., New-York. Sold by all Druggists.

"Stock Speculation" is the Title of a New Book explaining the best method of operating in Wall st. Those who speculate in Puts and Calls should read it. Mailed free by L. W. HAMILTON & CO., No. 10 Wall st., New-York.

Everdell's Principal Office, 302 Broadway.—Elegant Wedding and Ball Cards, Foreign Note Papers, Monograms, &c.

For a Stylish and Elegant Hat of Extra quality, go direct to the manufacturer, ESPENSCHEID, No. 118 Nassau st.

Lundborg's California Water

For the Toilet and Bath. A delightful substitute for Cologne or Bay Rum. Fragrant and refreshing.

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Established 1815. No branch offices.

Card Engravers, Label and Job Printers, Stationers, &c.

Have Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry always at hand. It cures coughs instanter. 50c. and $1.

MARRIED.

CONWAY—PALEN.—On Tuesday, Nov. 16, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Arthur Brooks, THOMAS G. CONWAY to ANNIE L., daughter of William Palen, of this City.

LEGGETT—CLAPP.—At Elizabeth, N. J., Nov. 16, 1875, at Westminster Church, by Rev. W. C. Roberts, E. HOWARD LEGGETT to GEORGIANA CLAPP, daughter of the late Benjamin W. Clapp.

PIERSON—ROCHESTER.—On Tuesday morning, Nov. 16, 1875, at St. Peter's Church, Niagara Falls, by Rev. Dr. Ingersoll, HENRY L. PIERSON, Esq., of this City, to MRS. B. C. ROCHESTER, of Rochester, N. Y.

SPALDING—WYETH.—At Montclair, N. J., Nov. 17, 1875, at the residence of Mrs. C. C. Wyeth, by Rev. James F. Merriam, HENRY SPALDING, of New-York, to Miss REBECCA CHURCHILL, daughter of Mrs. C. C. Wyeth, of Montclair, N. J. No cards.

DIED.

BROWN.—On Saturday morning, 13th inst., CREIGHTON BROWN, only son of Rev. John C. and Adela R. Brown, of Trenton, N. J., in the 17th year of his age.

BLYDENBURGH.—At Huntington, Long Island, Tuesday, Nov. 16, Mrs. H. M. BLYDENBURGH, aged 55. The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral at the Presbyterian Church at Smithtown, on Friday, 19th inst., at 1:30 P. M.

BELCHER.—On Tuesday, Nov. 16, NELLIE H., daughter of William H. Belcher, in her 17th year. Funeral from her father's residence, Orange Valley Station, N. J., on Thursday, Nov. 18, on arrival of the 11:20 A. M. train from New-York. Carriages in waiting.

CLEARMAN.—At Wyoming, N. J., Nov. 17, 1875, MARY ELEANOR, wife of Isaac Clearman and youngest daughter of Robert W. Ryckman.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

CHANDLER.—In Boston, Nov. 16, of pneumonia, JOHN CHANDLER, aged 69.

DICKSON.—On the morning of the 17th inst., of diphtheria, LIZZIE FRY, eldest child of Edward G. and Mary L. Dickson, aged 6 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral on Friday afternoon at 1 o'clock, from No. 59 Monticello av., Jersey City Heights, N. J.

FANNING.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, the 17th inst., after an illness of only twelve hours, MARION STANTON, aged 3 years, youngest child of David G. and Elizabeth B. Fanning.

The friends of her parents, as also of her grandfather, Mr. Anthony Lane, are invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 57 Willoughby st., Brooklyn, on Friday, the 19th, at 10 o'clock A. M. Her remains will be placed in Sleepy Hollow Cemetery, at Tarrytown.

GASSNER.—At Freehold, N. J., Nov. 16, ANDREW GASSNER, in the 84th year of his age.

Funeral service 18th, at 2 P. M., at Freehold. Interment in family vault, St. Paul's, Broadway, Friday, 12 M. Relatives and friends particularly invited.

HALLAM.—On Wednesday morning, Nov. 17, Mrs. MARCIA H. HALLAM, aged 77 years.

Her funeral will take place at her late residence, No. 226 East 20th st., on Friday, the 19th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

KISSAM.—At Jamaica, Long Island, on Monday, Nov. 15, GEORGE C. KISSAM, M. D., in the 42d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral this (Thursday) morning, at 10 o'clock, from the residence of Mrs. George H. Kissam, Fulton st., Jamaica, without further invitation.

LAWRENCE.—At her residence, No. 340 West 19th st., on Wednesday, the 17th inst., after a short illness, CATHERINE REMSEN LAWRENCE, daughter of the late Samuel A. and Catherine Lawrence, in the 71st year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral at St. Peter's Church, West 20th st., near 9th av., on Saturday, Nov. 20, at 1 o'clock P. M.

MERRIAM.—On Wednesday, Nov. 17, NELLIE M., daughter of Isaac L. and Ellen M. Merriam, aged 19 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, No. 143 West 43d st., on Friday, the 19th inst., at 2:30 P. M. Interment at Oswego, N. Y.

SEYMOUR.—Suddenly, at St. Augustine, Fla., on Nov. 16, WALTER M. SEYMOUR, in the 32d year of his age.

VAN KEUREN.—On Tuesday, Nov. 16, Mrs. RACHEL, widow of the late Capt. Cornelius Van Keuren, in the 76th year of her age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her son-in-law, N. E. Mead, corner 19th st. and 4th av., on Friday, the 19th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

"WITHOUT A RIVAL ANYWHERE."

—*Troy Times.*

"THE BEST SUNDAY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD."

—*Utica Herald.*

"ESPECIALLY ENTERPRISING AND PROGRESSIVE."

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The Best Sunday Newspaper in the World.

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A Paper Without a Rival.

From the Albany Evening Journal.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES, *enterprising in all respects, is especially enterprising, progressive, and discriminating in its Sunday edition. The* SUNDAY TIMES *is emphatically the best of all the Sunday papers—it is so far ahead as to be without a rival. Yesterday, according to announcement, it presented itself with an installment, spreading over more than an entire page, of Robert Browning's poem, "The Inn Album," which it had specially engaged. The poem is a characteristic and striking production, and its publication from advance sheets a noteworthy piece of enterprise.* THE SUNDAY TIMES *is carefully made up throughout with the choicest original and selected literature, and with a variety of matter and a style of treatment suited to the best tastes and worthy of its own reputation.*

Marvels of Newspaper Enterprise.

From the Troy Times.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES *goes on from victory to victory. Twice has it conquered in its great fights with the Tammany Ring—the victory in the late election being almost as important as the one gained over Tweed in 1871. But* THE TIMES *means to outstrip its rivals in the more congenial fields of literature, as well as in the merits of political discussion, and has entered into an arrangement with Robert Browning whereby it will begin on Sunday next the publication of the first part of a new poem from his pen, entitled "The Inn Album." The week-day issues of* THE TIMES *are marvels of newspaper enterprise—only excelled in point of literary excellence by the Sunday edition.* THE SUNDAY TIMES *is without a rival anywhere.*

NEXT SUNDAY'S EDITION OF THE TIMES

Will contain the continuation of

MR. ROBERT BROWNING'S NEW POEM,

"THE INN ALBUM."

We shall also publish additional chapters of MR. THOMAS HARDY'S new story

"THE HAND OF ETHELBERTA,"

Besides the usual extracts from the leading European and American magazines, gems from the best authors, interesting stories, and ALL THE NEWS.

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THE VERY LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH, both foreign and domestic.

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THE SUNDAY EDITION OF THE NEW-YORK TIMES will be taken by the new FAST MAIL TRAINS to all parts of the Western and Southern States. IT MAY BE READ at all points along the Pennsylvania and New-York Central Railroads ON SUNDAY, and will reach Western Towns and Cities BEFORE BREAKFAST on Monday.

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BAPTIST SUNDAY-SCHOOL TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION

Meets THIS EVENING in Calvary Baptist Church, 23d st.

Lesson taught by Rev. Dr. Elder. Address by Rev. D. C. Potter.

WM. PHELPS, President.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

The mails for Europe for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 20, 1875, will close at this office as follows: On TUESDAY, at 5 A. M.; on WEDNESDAY, at 5:30 A. M.; on THURSDAY, at 11:30 A. M., and on SATURDAY at 8, 9:30, and 11:30 A. M. T. L. JAMES, Postmaster.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

PUBLISHED THIS DAY,

I.

FAMOUS PAINTERS AND PAINTINGS.

By Mrs. JULIA A. SHEDD.

Illustrated with heliotypes of engravings after Raphael, Corregio, Titian, Copley, Reynolds, Murillo, and other celebrated painters. 1 vol. 8vo., red edges. $5.

The aim of this beautiful book is to furnish concise sketches of the most distinguished painters, to set forth their special characteristics as artists, and to give an account of their principal works, together with the places where these are now to be found. The volume is full of just the kind of information desired by all intelligent persons, and with the excellent heliotypes that embellish it, is no less attractive than useful.

II.

ROSE AND ROOF TREE.

Poems by GEORGE PARSONS LATHROP.

With frontispiece by John La Farge. 1 vol., 16mo., beveled boards. $1 50.

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POLITICAL.

A REGULAR MEETING OF THE TENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION will be held at head-quarters, Nos. 28 and 30 Avenue A, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

JACOB M. PATTERSON, JR., President.

W. GLASER, Secretary.

SEVENTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—Regular meeting THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 18, 1875, at 8 o'clock, at head-quarters, Park Hall, No. 247 West 46th st., a few doors east of 8th av., instead of Nov. 25, the same being a legal holiday.

JOEL W. MASON, President.

GEORGE W. [illegible], Secretary.

THE REAL ESTATE MARKET.

The attendance at the Exchange, yesterday, Wednesday, Nov. 17, was again large, and numerous sales were effected, as will be seen by a reference to the proceedings, as follows:

Steele & Carter, by order of the Supreme Court, in foreclosure, Alfred McIntyre, Esq., Referee, sold two four-story and basement brown-stone-front houses, with lots each 20 by 100.5, situate on West Fifty-eighth street, south side, 245 feet west of Eighth avenue, for $28,000 apiece, the purchasers being Bernheimer Brothers, plaintiffs in the foreclosure suits.

A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co., under a Supreme Court foreclosure decree, Joseph A. Welch, Esq., Referee, disposed of a four-story brown-stone-front store and dwelling, with lot 24.8 by 100, located on Ninth avenue, east side, 74 feet north of Twenty-second street, known as lot No. 185 on map of the C. C. Moore property, for $12,425, the buyer being Jeremiah Pangburn. The same firm also sold, under a similar court decree, George A. Black, Esq., Referee, a four-story brick tenement-house, with lot 25 by 100.5, on West Fifty-fourth street, north side, 150 feet east of Tenth avenue, for $10,700, to Peter L. Buchanan, plaintiff in the legal action.

James M. Miller, by order of the Supreme Court in foreclosure, E. S. Dakin, Esq., Referee, sold one two-story and basement brick house, with lot 32.4 by 69.5 by 32 by 63, on Hopper's lane, south side, 220.8 feet west of Eleventh avenue, for $4,296, to S. Phillips, plaintiff. The same auctioneer also sold, under a similar court decree, M. A. Dayton, Jr., Esq., Referee, one lot, 25 by 100.4, on East Seventy-first street, south side, 175 feet east of Second avenue, for $2,400, and four lots, each 25 by 102.2, on East Seventy-second street, north side, 200 feet east of Second avenue, for $3,300 each, the five lots being bought by Catherine M. Jones, plaintiff in the foreclosure suits.

Blackwell & Riker, under a Supreme Court foreclosure order, John L. Sutherland, Esq., Referee, sold one lot, 25 by 104.4, with a two-story frame house in front, and a small frame shop in rear, located on East Eighty-fifth street, north side, 100 feet east of Third avenue, for $4,000, to Jacob D. Odell, Trustee, and plaintiff in the action.

E. A. Lawrence & Co., by order of the Supreme Court, in foreclosure, J. P. O'Neill, Esq., Referee, disposed of one three-story and basement brown-stone-front house, with lot 20 by 102.2, situate on West Eighty-fourth street, south side, 375 feet west of Eighth avenue, for $11,000, to Harriet Oberheisen, the owner of a second mortgage on the property, and also sold a similar house and lot adjoining for $8,000 to William A. Cauldwell, Executor, and plaintiff in the legal action. The same firm also sold, under a similar court decree, same Referee, a plot of land, 635 by 1,062.6 by 25 by 262.3 by 138.4 by 900 by 453.6 by 129.1 by 25 by 75, located on Barretto avenue, west side, and fronting also on Beach, Western, Bay, and Coster avenues, West Farms, Twenty-fourth Ward, for $14,357, the purchaser being George Miller, plaintiff.

Oliver Bryan, under a Supreme Court foreclosure order, C. C. Bigelow, Esq., Referee, sold five lots, together forming a plot in size 125 by 122.6, located on Washington avenue, east side, between One Hundred and Sixty-ninth and One Hundred and Seventieth streets, Morisania, Twenty-third Ward, known as lot No. 63 on village map, for $4,010, to George Waddington, the owner of a second mortgage on the property.

E. H. Ludlow & Co., also under a Supreme Court foreclosure decree, John P. Crosby, Esq., Referee, disposed of a plot of land, 60 by 150, situate on Johnson avenue, north-west corner of Samuel street, East Tremont, Twenty-fourth Ward, for $250, the buyer being Henry Schaefer, plaintiff in the legal action.

The total sales of the day reached the sum of $140,638.

Richard V. Harnett offered at public auction the two three-story brick houses and lots, No. 127 and 129 East Seventeenth street, east of Irving place, which were knocked down at $16,000 each, but not sold.

The remaining auctions of the day noticed were adjourned as follows: Sale by Bleecker & Co. of a house and lot on Lexington avenue and Forty-seventh street, sine die; sale by James M. Miller of a house and lot on East Seventy-ninth street, north-west corner of Lexington avenue, sine die; sale by same auctioneer of one lot on the Grand Boulevard, north-west corner of One Hundredth street, Nov. 24; sale by Lawrence & Co. of lots on Prescott avenue and Nichols place, Nov. 24. Sale by D. M. Seaman of four lots on Fifth avenue, north-east corner of One Hundred and Nineteenth street, Nov. 26; sale by R. V. Harnett of a plot on West Ninety-fourth street, east of Tenth avenue, Dec. 1; sale by V. K. Stevenson, Jr., of a plot on Helen street, Morrisania avenue, Ella and Lewis streets, West Morrisania, Twenty-fourth Ward, Dec. 1; and sale by Lawrence & Co. of a plot on Sedgwick avenue, West Farms, Twenty-fourth Ward, Jan. 12, 1876.

TO-DAY'S AUCTIONS.

The sales announced for to-day at the Exchange are the following:

By Richard V. Harnett, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, Ambrose Monell, Esq., Referee, of one house, with lot 20.2 by 50, on First avenue, west side, 90.4 feet north of Forty-second street. Also, similar sale, Elliot Sandford, Esq., Referee, of four lots, each 25 by 79.11, with improvements, on One Hundred and Eighty-fifth street, south side, 216.11 feet east of the King's Bridge road, and four lots, each 25 by about 60, on the same street, north side, 283.1 feet east of the King's Bridge road.

By George H. Scott, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, A. D. W. Baldwin, Esq., Referee, of one house, with lot 20 by 100.10, on East One Hundred and Twelfth street, north side, 195 feet east of Fourth avenue.

By James M. Miller, foreclosure sale, by order of the Court of Common Pleas, W. S. Keiley, Esq., Referee, of one house, with lot 18.9 by 99.11, on West One Hundred and Twenty-seventh street, south side, 191.3 feet east of Sixth avenue.

By Hugh N. Camp, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, W. P. Dixon, Esq., Referee, of one house, with plot 150 by 99.11, on West One Hundred and Fortieth street, south side, 325 feet west of Eleventh avenue, as widened, and a stable, with plot 99.11 feet deep, adjoining the above on the west side, and extending to high-water mark on the Hudson River.

By D. M. Seaman, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, Thomas Allison, Esq., Referee, of the premises No. 98 Pitt street, east side, 150 feet south of Stanton street, embracing one lot, 25 by 100, with a three-story and basement brick house upon the front thereof and a three-story brick house in rear.

By C. S. Carter, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, William Sinclair, Esq., Referee, of two houses, with lots each 25 by 98.9, on East Twenty-fifth street, north side, 185 feet east of Third avenue.

EXCHANGE SALES—WEDNESDAY, NOV. 17.

NEW-YORK.

By Steele & Carter.	
2 four-story and basement brown-stone-front houses and lots, West 58th st., s. s., 245 ft. w. of 8th av., lots each 20x100.5, $28,000 each	$56,000
By A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co.	
1 four-story brown-stone-front store and dwelling and lot, 9th av., e. s., 74 ft. n. of 22d st., known as lot No. 185 on map of C. C. Moore property, lot 24.8x100	$12,425
1 four-story brick tenement-house and lot, West 54th st., n. s., 150 ft. e. of 10th av., lot 25x100.5	10,700
By James M. Miller.	
1 two-story and basement brick house and lot, Hopper's lane, s. s., 220.8 ft. w. of 11th av., lot 32.4x69.5x32x63	$4,296
1 lot, East 71st st., s. s., 175 ft. e. of 2d av., 25x100.4	2,400
4 lots, East 72d st., n. s., 200 ft. e. of 2d av., each 25x102.2, $3,300 each	13,200
By Blackwell & Riker.	
1 two-story frame house, front, 1 one-story frame shop, rear, and lot, East 85th st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of 3d av., lot 25x104.4	$4,000
By E. A. Lawrence & Co.	
1 three-story and basement brown-stone-front house and lot, West 84th st., s. s., 375 ft. w. of 8th av., lot 20x102.2	$11,000
1 three-story and basement brown-stone-front house and lot, West 84th st., s. s., 395 ft. w. of 8th av., adjoining above, lot same size	8,000
1 plot, Barretto av., w. s., fronting also on Beach, Western Bay, and Coster avs., West Farms, Twenty-fourth Ward, 635x1,062.6x25x263.3x138.4x900x453.6x129.1x25x75	14,357
By Oliver Bryan.	
5 lots, Washington av., e. s., between 169th and 170th sts., Morrisania, Twenty-third Ward, known as lot No. 63 on village map, together forming plot 125x122.6	$4,010
By E. H. Ludlow & Co.	
1 plot, Johnson avenue, n. w. corner of Samuel st., East Tremont, Twenty-fourth Ward, 60x150	$250

RECORDED REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

NEW-YORK.

Tuesday, Nov. 16.

Pier No. 23 North River, n. s., (leasehold;) Cornelius Stokem to Stokem Fish Association	nom.
57th st., n. s., 425 ft. w. of 5th av., 25x200.10 to 58th st.; Sarah J. Mead and husband to William A. W. Stewart	nom.
83d st., n. s., 117.11 ft. e. of 3d av., 20x102.2; Augustine Walsh and wife to Benjamin F. Browne	$12,000
Hudson st., w. s., No. 569, 84.11 ft. n. of Perry st., 18.6x50.4 irregular; also, rear lot; Isaac Clark and wife to Rickis Boum	10,500
17th st., n. s., 300 ft. e. of 2d av., 25x100.5; Anna M. Eutrup and husband to Peter Wilkins	19,000
Watts st., s. s., 228.10 ft. e. of Varick st., 21.2x60x52x16; Catharine N. Le Grand to Joseph Martin	8,000
78th st., n. s., 119 ft. e. of 4th av., 18.9x102.2; Emily A. Patterson and husband to Frances E. Rutter	16,750
73d st., n. s., 155 ft. w. of 3d av., 20x102.2; Frances E. Rutter and husband to Emily A. Patterson	15,000
22d st., n. s., 325 ft. w. of 4th av., 33.4x98.9; David Stewart and wife to Morris Woodruff	29,250
Grand st., s. s., 34.6 ft. w. of South 5th av., 34.6x98.6; Charles S. Shearer to Lydia H. Plume	24,000
14th st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of 9th av. to 15th st., thence 100 ft.; Beverley Robinson (Referee in partition) to James Stewart and others	46,300
79th st., n. s., 385 ft. e. of 4th av., 20x82.2 to Lexington av., thence irregular; Adrian H. Joline, Referee, to Jeremiah Brown	2,200
47th st., n. s., 550 ft. e. of 7th av., 20x100.5; Benjamin F. Wheelwright and wife to Caroline M. Child	23,000
Lexington av., e. s., 36.6 ft. n. of 62d st., 17x70; Thomas Gearty and wife to William P. Parsons	20,000
Grand st., n. s., 40.1 ft. e. of Lewis st., 20x100 x irregular; Abraham Katzenstein and wife to Joseph Belleshelm	25,000
4th av., e. s., 65.6 ft. n. of 55th st., 20x90, leasehold; William L. Loew to Frederick Bachstein	9,000
4th av., e. s., 45.5 ft. n. of 55th st., 20x90, leasehold; same to same	9,000
4th av., e. s., 25.5 ft. n. of 55th st., 20x90, leasehold; William L. Loew to Augusta C. Bechstein	6,000
4th av., e. s., 105.5 ft. n. of 55th st., 20x90, leasehold; same to same	9,000
112th st., s. s., 102.6 ft. e. of 4th av., 17.1x100.11; William S. Kelley, Referee, to David R. Kendall	8,000
50th st., s. s., 400 ft. w. of 10th av., 50x100.5; Andrew Busch and others to David Christie	11,138
27th st., n. s., 145 ft. w. of 1st av., 27.6x98.9; Elizabeth J. Briggs and husband to Elizabeth Byckman	16,000
47th st., n. s., 58 ft. e. of 6th av., 20.2x75.4; C. George White and wife to Stephen V. White	30,000
150th st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of 8th av., 200x99.11; also 150th st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of 8th av., 65.3x irregular; Adelaide Williams and husband to G. A. C. Van Buren	700
121st st., s. s., 165 ft. e. of 4th av.; Freling H. Smith, Referee, to Edward Oppenheimer	11,000
3d av., s. w. corner 98th st., 100x100.11; Sarah E. Raynor, Executrix, to Charles L. Cornish	12,500

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A LARGE, FIRST-CLASS HOUSE, four-story and basement, with all the modern conveniences, Nos. 36 and 38 East 39th st., between Madison and Park avs.; house 38.6 feet front; lot, 55 feet by half the block. Apply to

THOMAS MURPHY, No. 31 Broad st.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN,

ON VERY EASY TERMS, TO CLOSE AN ESTATE, five very desirable lots, suitable for immediate improvement, ON 55TH ST., north side, 100 feet west of Park av., adjoining row of new brown-stone houses. Apply at office of estate of WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 1,300 Broadway, Room No. 6.

NINTH AV., CORNER 79TH ST.—100 FT. street and park entrance, opposite Museum of Natural History; three lots, including corner, for sale very low; no rock, and assessments all paid; terms very liberal; the extension of the Elevated Railroad makes the purchase of these lots a profitable investment. F. G. & C. S. BROWN, Broadway, corner Wall st.

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS ON MADISON AV., BETWEEN 57th and 58th sts., west side. Also, three lots in 58th st., 150 feet east of Madison av., south side; are desirable for immediate improvement; will be sold at reduced value of real estate.

CHARLES FOX, No. 12 East 45th st.

A—FOR SALE OR TO LEASE, UNFURNISHED, No. 2 West 51st st.; equal to a corner house; magnificent full-size four-story high-stoop dwelling. Price or rent low; superb locality. Offices No. 4 Pine st. or No. 33 East 17th st.

V. K. STEVENSON, Jr.

CHOICE IMPROVED PROPERTIES, SITUATED upon the best business streets and avenues, now paying from seven per cent. to nine per cent. net, for sale. Full particulars from F. G. & C. S. BROWN, Broadway, corner Wall st.

FRANK G. AND CHARLES S. BROWN, Broadway corner Wall st., agents for selling, purchasing, leasing, and appraising of real estate and managing of properties. Highest possible references given as to capability, integrity, and responsibility.

FOR SALE—A MEDIUM SIZED FOUR-STORY high-stoop brown-stone house on 56th st., between 5th and 6th avs.; price reasonable. For further particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BUILDINGS SUITABLE FOR MANUFACTORIES, in Brooklyn, convenient to Hamilton and South Ferries and to the water front, for sale on liberal terms to close an estate.

Apply to C. KELSEY, No. 162 Columbia st., Brooklyn, or to B. A. HEGEMAN, Executor, No. 26 Exchange place, New-York.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

PROPERTY ON NEWTOWN CREEK, LONG ISLAND.—For sale, a valuable piece of property on Newtown Creek, with substantial brick building thereon 40x80; lot 65 feet dock frontage by 396 deep. This eligible piece of property, which is free from incumbrance, is suitable for manufacturing or other business purposes, and will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to JAMES BUCHAN & CO., No. 190 Elizabeth st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, TERMS REASONABLE, A cottage in complete order, with modern improvements; well located in first-class neighborhood; on high ground, and convenient to horse or steam cars; only 20 minutes from 42d st., Grand Central Depot. Apply to JAMES L. PARSHALL, on Washington av., corner 167th st., Morrisania.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES, LANDS, and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by WALTER E. SMITH, formerly Blackwell & Smith, Orange, corner of Main and Cone sts.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of THOMAS ROWE, a bankrupt.—The undersigned will sell at public sale, on the premises, in John street, between Jay and Bridge streets, in the City of Brooklyn, State of New-York, on the 2d day of December, 1875, at 12 o'clock M., all the real and personal property known as Rowe's Oil Works, in said city, to wit.: First, the four lots of land lying on the northerly side of said John street, containing together fifty feet in front and rear and two hundred feet in depth on each side, together with the mill, machinery, and fixtures thereon, lately used for crushing linseed, and the wharf adjoining the said lots and extending about two hundred and thirty feet into the East River; second, the five other lots of land lying on the southerly side of said John street, opposite to the said four lots, and extending through the block southerly to Plymouth street, containing together fifty feet in front on John street and seventy-two feet in front on Plymouth street, with all the buildings, machinery, and fixtures thereon, lately used for boiling, packing, storing, and weighing linseed-oil; third, the two other lots of land, unimproved, lying on said southerly side of John street, adjoining the last-mentioned parcel of five lots, on the westerly side thereof, containing together fifty feet in front and rear and ninety feet in depth on each side; fourth, all the personal property, fixtures, furniture, tools, and utensils in and about the said works and belonging thereto.

The said parcel of four lots will be sold subject to a mortgage of $40,000, held by the Mutual Life Insurance Company, and free and clear of all other incumbrances; and the said parcel of five lots will be sold subject to a mortgage of $10,000, held by the Brooklyn Savings Bank, and free and clear of all other incumbrances; and the said parcel of two lots will be sold free and clear of all incumbrances. For maps, descriptions, catalogues, &c., apply, on and after November 15 next, to the undersigned.

JOHN H. PLATT, Assignee,
n11-law3wTh No. 40 Wall street, New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF NO. 111 CHAMBERS ST.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, Nov. 23, 1875, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, New-York. Sale by order of the Executors of Archibald A. Peterson.

CHAMBERS STREET.—The lease of the lot, with the five-story marble-front store, No. 111 Chambers st., 100 feet west of Church st., 24.10¼ front by 76.2 deep, covering entire lot, which is leased from the Trustees of Grace Church, twenty-one years from May 1, 1872; ground rent, $1,100 per annum and taxes. Rented until Feb. 1, 1876, at $4,000 per annum.

Sixty per cent. of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage for three or five years.

Maps at No. 3 Pine st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

DESIRABLE STABLE PROPERTY ON EAST 11TH ST., NEAR 2D AV.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at public auction, on TUESDAY, Nov. 23, 1875, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York.

EAST ELEVENTH STREET—The substantial three-story and cellar brick stable, covering entire plot of ground, 60 by 94.10, and known as Nos. 304, 306, and 308 East 11th st.

The above is very desirable for a pork-packing house, or any manufacturing business. A large portion may remain on bond and mortgage.

Maps at No. 3 Pine st., New-York.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO RENT—FOR THE WINTER OR TERM A SUPERB residence at Sing Sing upon the Hudson, ten minutes from station, heretofore occupied only by the owner, and in excellent order; fifteen rooms, with all city conveniences; hot and cold water throughout from running spring; large carriage-house and stable for four horses, with coachman's rooms; ice-house filled; excellent garden, abundant fruit and magnificent forest and shade trees; will be rented furnished or unfurnished low to a desirable tenant. Apply to C. T. BARBER, No. 786 Broadway, corner 10th st., or to HOWLAND & BRANDRETH, Real Estate Agents, Sing Sing.

FOR RENT.—TWO THREE-STORY, HIGH-STOOP houses, $800 each; three four-story, high-stoop, brown-stone, $1,500; two four-story, high-stoop, brown-stone, on Madison av., $1,500, $1,800; five superbly finished and admirably located brown-stone residences, $2,000, $2,500, $3,000, $6,000. Apply at the Office of the North America Life Insurance Company, Nos. 17 and 19 Warren st., or at the office in new block, 60th st., near Madison av. KINGMAN F. PAGE.

TO RENT, ELEGANTLY FURNISHED—FOR the Winter or longer, a first-class four-story brown-stone high-stoop house on Park av.; the house is clean, neat, and beautifully furnished, to let to a private family only; possession at once.

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET
IN THE
TIMES BUILDING.
ON THE SECOND AND THIRD FLOORS.

These rooms are desirably located, are well lighted, in good order, and will be partitioned to suit tenants.

Apply to

GEORGE JONES,
Times Office.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED—BETWEEN Madison and 6th avs., 23d and 53d sts., until 1st of May next. Address DUDLEY, Box No. 1,975 New-York Post Office.

WANTED—A FULLY FURNISHED FIRST-CLASS house at a moderate rent, from December to May, by a small private family of adults; location must be between Madison and 6th avs. and 20th and 38th sts. Address L., Post Office Box No. 347, Tarrytown, N. Y.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A VALUABLE PATENT OF CAST-IRON for sale or on royalty. Address Post Office Box No. 54, Westchester, Westchester County, N. Y.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

THE UP-TOWN OFFICE OF THE TIMES.

The up-town office of THE TIMES is located at No. 1,257 Broadway, bet. 31st and 32d sts. Open daily, Sundays included, from 4 A. M. to 9 P. M. Subscriptions received, and copies of THE TIMES for sale.

ADVERTISEMENTS RECEIVED UNTIL 9 P. M.

HORSE BLANKETS, CARRIAGE ROBES, AND SLEIGH BELLS,
in large variety and grades.
W. CLARK'S GENUINE PATENT HORSE CLIPPERS.
Prices greatly reduced.
HARMER, HAYES & CO., No. 72 Beekman st.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID TEAM OF BROWN bay horses; warranted perfectly sound and kind in all harness; also, a three-quarter clarence in perfect order and double harness; will sell cheap. FARMER'S BOARDING STABLE, No. 128 West 31st st.

CARRIAGES CHEAP.—ONE CLARENCE, ONE Coupé, and one Park Phaeton, nearly new; the owner is going to Europe. To be seen at M. CURLEY'S, Nos. 109, 111, and 113 East 13th st., near 4th av.

A STABLE TO LET—FIVE STALLS, GOOD coach room, and a large loft; 13th st., between 5th av. and University place. Inquire of M. CURLEY, No. 111 East 13th st., near 4th av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

THE UP-TOWN OFFICE OF THE TIMES.

The up-town office of THE TIMES is located at No. 1,257 Broadway, bet. 31st and 32d sts. Open daily, Sundays included, from 4 A. M. to 9 P. M. Subscriptions received, and copies of THE TIMES for sale.

ADVERTISEMENTS RECEIVED UNTIL 9 P. M.

AT J. MORISON'S,
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FIRST-CLASS SERVANTS' EXCHANGE,
FIRST-CLASS SERVANTS' EXCHANGE,
NO. 138 WEST 11TH ST., CORNER 6TH AV.
NO. 138 WEST 11TH ST., CORNER 6TH AV.
NO. 138 WEST 11TH ST., CORNER 6TH AV.
RELIABLE SERVANTS for EVERY CAPACITY on hand.
RELIABLE PROTESTANT GIRLS.
RESPECTABLE GERMAN, FRENCH, and SWEDISH girls.

A YOUNG LADY WISHES TO MAKE AN engagement as nursery governess, housekeeper, or companion; references exchanged. Address Miss A., Box No. 619 New-York Post Office.

AT MRS. HARDMAN'S, NO. 1,282 BROADWAY, corner 33d st., select Protestant servants; all nationalities; City, country, hotels, boarding-houses; great demand; lady attending.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS, AND Assist in Washing.—By a respectable woman, thoroughly experienced as chamber-maid, an excellent waitress, and will assist in washing; can furnish undoubted City reference. Apply at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th st., corner of Broadway. Inquire for K. C.

CHAMBER-MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY a trustworthy English Protestant, as seamstress and chamber-maid; very good seamstress; make children's clothes and do all kinds of family sewing; neat, obliging, and a thorough chamber-maid; excellent reference. Call at 602 6th av., between 35th and 36th sts.

CHAMBER-MAID AND NURSE.—BY AN English Protestant young girl who understands her duties as chamber-maid, and is fond and attentive to children; is also a good seamstress; good recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 108 6th av., near 9th st., late of 11th st.

CHAMBER-MAID, WAITRESS, NURSE, or General House-work.—By a respectable, tidy colored girl from Louisiana; she has the best of references; will go to country or City, or any distance. Can be seen at the Protestant Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A Swedish Protestant girl, speaking English, as chamber-maid and waitress, or chambermaid and assist with washing in a private family; eighteen months' City reference. Call at No. 239 East 47th st., first floor.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A Swedish girl; has the best City references; is a good waitress; neat, willing and a good girl. Can be seen to-day at the Swedish Servants' Office, No. 108 East 27th st., over the Russian Baths.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A Protestant Swedish young girl as chamber-maid and waitress and plain sewing; highest City references. Apply for two days at Mrs. Hardman's, No. 1,282 Broadway, corner 33d st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chamber-maid; can also wait on table; is perfectly willing and obliging; has some years' experience; satisfactory reference given. Call at No. 29 Pike st., near East Broadway.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A young Protestant girl as chamber-maid and waitress; is willing to make herself useful; three years' reference from last place. Call or address for two days No. 7 East 28th st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A PROTESTANT young woman as chamber-maid and seamstress, or nurse to grown children and seamstress. Address M. S., Box No. 301 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY AN AMERICAN GIRL, as chamber-maid and seamstress, or as chamber-maid and waitress, or nurse; good City reference from last employer. Call at No. 277 7th av., near 26th st., third floor.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A respectable girl as chamber-maid and waitress; willing to assist with washing and ironing; no objection to boarding-house; City reference. Call at No. 317 East 39th st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—AS chamber-maid and waitress; is willing and obliging; references, two and six years; no objections to the country. Call at No. 240 West 19th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL as chamber-maid and waitress; is willing and obliging; good reference from her last employer. Call at No. 709 7th av., top floor.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A FIRST-CLASS CHAMBER-maid and waitress, with good City references; thoroughly understands her business. Can be seen for three days at No. 1,233 Broadway.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as chamber-maid and seamstress; can cut and fit; no objection to the country; City reference. Call at No. 780 2d av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as first-class chamber-maid, or chamber-work and waiting; City or country; best City reference. Call at No. 205 West 27th st., near 7th av.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A young girl as first-class chamber-maid and waitress; has best City references. Address D. C., Box No. 301 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL as chamber-maid; is capable to take charge of children or other work; private family; City or country; reference. Call at No. 318 East 27th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL as first-class chamber-maid; City references. Apply at or address No. 414 West 25th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A NICE GERMAN PROTestant chamber-maid; will assist with children and sew. Can be seen at 1,233 Broadway, French Office.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A FRENCH GIRL AS chamber-maid; speaks German and English. Call at No. 108 West 40th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE NEAT, tidy girl. Apply at No. 1 West 19th st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS, &c.—By a competent Protestant girl as chamber-maid and waitress or do chamber-work and plain sewing; good City reference. Call at No. 243 West 18th st., rear, second floor.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A Swedish Protestant girl as chamber-maid and waitress in a private family; eighteen months' best City reference; speaks good English. Call at No. 208 East 50th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMan as first-class chamber-maid; will assist at anything required of her; has lived in London; best City reference. Address E. G., Box No. 327 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS, &c.—By a young girl as chamber-maid and waitress, or would do fine washing; no objection to a short distance in the country; has best City reference from last place. Call at No. 363 9th av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG GIRL AS first-class chamber-maid in a private family or boarding-house; best City references. Call at No. 346 West 37th st., third floor, front.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—AS CHAMBER-MAID and assist with the washing and ironing by a respectable young girl; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 430 West 48th st., from 9 to 5 o'clock.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as chamber-maid and fine washer in a private family; good City reference. Call at No. 365 6th av., near 23d st., in the bakery.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A COMPETENT girl as chamber-maid and fine washing or general house-work in a small family; City or country; good City reference. Call for two days at 117 West 46th st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A respectable young girl as chamber-maid and waitress; has good City reference from last place. Call for two days at No. 488 6th av., Room No. 15.

COOK AND ASSIST IN WASHING.—BY A respectable woman as good family cook; makes nice soups, desserts, jellies, preserves, &c.; will do whole or part of washing and ironing; excellent references. Apply at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th st., corner of Broadway; inquire for M. E.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A Scotch Protestant young woman as good family cook; meats, game, pastries, &c.; excellent baker, washer, and ironer; good butter maker; understands milk; best City testimonials; country or City. Call at Bookham's, No. 307 4th av.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN AS FIRST-class English cook, who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; can take the entire charge of a kitchen; best City reference; can be strongly recommended. Call at No. 767 6th av., between 43d and 44th sts.

COOK—BUTLER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS FANCY cook, a real cordon blue, and her husband as first-class butler; both speaking excellent English; their present employer to be seen for three days, as they are going North. Call or address at Bongrand's French Office, No. 1,233 Broadway.

COOK—HOUSE-WORK.—BY TWO GERMAN girls, with good references for experience in all kinds house-work, cooking, &c.; they are tidy, bright, cleanly help; ready for City or country; together or separate. Can be seen at the Protestant Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN AS good plain cook; good baker; will assist with washing and ironing; City reference. Call at No. 205 East 38th st., first floor.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT WOMAN, from Canada, as first-class cook; is willing and obliging; good City reference. Apply at No. 241 West 27th st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

COOK.—BY A STEADY, RELIABLE WOMAN AS first-class cook; is an excellent baker of bread and pastry; will assist with coarse washing if required; private family or boarding-house; City or country; best City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th st., near 7th av.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A REliable young woman who is a good cook; makes best soups, bread, biscuits, pastries, &c.; is also an excellent washer and ironer; has best recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 108 6th av., near 9th st., late of 11th st.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A strong young woman as good family cook; makes excellent bread and biscuit, soups, roasts, desserts, &c., and is an excellent washer and ironer, and can furnish the very best reference. Inquire for M. F., at Odell's Agency, 109 West 34th st., corner of Broadway.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS, OR GENERAL SERvant.—By a smart capable girl; is a good cook and baker and first-class washer and ironer; a reliable, economical, and respectful servant; highly recommended; City or country. Call at No. 115 Atlantic st., Brooklyn.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A REspectable young woman as good cook, excellent washer and ironer, in a private family; willing and obliging; good City reference. Address E. C., Box No. 263 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COOK.—BY A VERY COMPETENT WOMAN AS family cook; thoroughly understands the different branches of cooking, pastry-making, &c.; is of good disposition, and has the highest testimonials. Call at No. 602 6th av., between 35th and 36th sts., first floor.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A REspectable woman, in a private family, as cook, washer, and ironer; good baker; can give best references; has no objection to City or country. Call at No. 403 West 29th st., St. John's Guild.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A respectable girl as cook, washer, and ironer, or laundress, or to do house-work in a small family; best of City references. Address M. G., Box No. 309 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COOK OR HOUSE-WORK.—BY A COMPEtent woman, (Protestant;) is capable for any house, and good laundress; can do any work; has the best of reference. Call at the Protestant Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

COOK—WAITER.—BY MAN AND WIFE AS first-class cook and waiter; eleven years' reference from last place; wages moderate; no objections to the country. Address T. D., Box No. 315 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG SCOTCH Protestant woman as first-class cook in a private family; thoroughly understands French, English, and American cooking in all its branches; has excellent City reference. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A REspectable woman as cook, washer, and ironer; thoroughly competent; good references. Address Reliable, Box No. 271 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COOK.—BY A COLORED YOUNG WOMAN AS first-class cook; thoroughly understands her business; in a private family; good reference. Address Cook, Box No. 300 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK; UNDERstands English, French, and American cooking; game, bread, and desserts of all kinds. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 17 West 26th st.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT, FIRST-CLASS ENGlish cook; understands all kinds of cooking; has the very best of references; in a private family. Call at J. Morison's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN TO COOK and assist with washing and ironing; is a good baker; good City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 412 East 15th st.

COOK AND HOUSE-WORK.—BY A GERMAN girl for City or country; used to all kinds of house-work, washing and ironing, &c. Can be seen at the Protestant Home Bureau, 138 6th av., above 10th st.

COOK, AND TO WASH AND IRON.—CITY OR country, by a neat, competent industrious girl; has excellent testimonials from her late employers. Call or address 951 6th av., second door above 53d st.

COOK.—AS FIRST-CLASS COOK IN A PRIVATE family by a Protestant woman who thoroughly understands her business; soups, pastry, &c.; is a good baker; City reference. Call at No. 39 East 10th st.

COOK.—BY A CAPABLE AND TRUSTWORTHY young woman as first-class cook; neat, economical, and respectful; two and a half years' reference from last place. Call at No. 333 East 59th st.

COOK, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, in a private family, as plain cook, washer, and ironer; is willing and obliging; good City reference. Call at No. 153 West 18th st.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT PERSON AS GOOD cook; understands all kinds of family cooking, and is an excellent baker; best City reference. Call at No. 136 West 35th st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL AS first-class cook in a small private family; is willing to go a short distance in the country; best City reference from last place. Call at No. 780 2d av.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A REspectable girl as cook, washer, and ironer in a small family; can give good City reference. Can be seen for two days at 404 West 32d st., near 5th av., basement.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS COOK IN a private family; is willing to do the coarse washing; best City reference from her last place. Call at No. 111 West 46th st.

COOK.—BY A STEADY MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN as cook; understands soups, pastry, and jellies; willing to go a short distance in the country; City reference. Call at No. 230 3d av., near 19th st.

COOK.—BY A CAPABLE WOMAN AS GOOD COOK; will assist with washing and ironing; best City reference; City or country. Address K. M., Box No. 304 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COOK.—BY AN EXCELLENT COOK AND BAKER; willing and obliging; good reference. Apply at No. 210 East 28th st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS COOK; will assist with washing; has the best City references. Call at No. 140 West 19th st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS FIRST-class cook in a private family; is a good baker; has the best City reference. Call at 153 East 43d st.

COOK.—BY AN EXCELLENT COOK; ONE WHO thoroughly understands her business; best City references. Call at No. 60 West 26th st.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—BY A YOUNG WOMan as good cook and laundress; two years' reference. Call at No. 219 East 24th st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT WOMan as first-class cook; makes good soups, and a good baker; best City reference. Call at 182 3d av.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN; HAS three years' City reference from last employer. Can be seen in the laundry, No. 3 West 51st st., near 5th av.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A German girl as cook, washer, and ironer; City or country. Call at No. 247 Bowery.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER—CHAMber-maid and Waitress.—By two respectable young women; one as cook, washer, and ironer, the other as first-class chamber-maid and waitress; together preferred; City or country; good reference. Call at No. 132 West 19th st., rear.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN IN A SMALL family to do the cooking and part of the washing; a good cook and baker; has good City reference; wages no object to a comfortable home. Call at No. 335 East 21st st., in the store.

COOK.—BY A PROFESSED COOK; THOROUGHLY understands cooking in all its branches; best City references. Call at No. 344 West 25th st.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS ENGLISH COOK IN A private family; no objection to the country; good City reference. Call for two days at 99 Lexington av.

COOK—WAITRESS.—WOULD LIKE TO GO together or separate; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 3 West 51st st., near 5th av., in the laundry.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY AN American young woman as plain cook; an excellent washer and ironer; best City reference from her last employer. Call or address No. 1,145 2d av., near 60th st., in the fancy store.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A REspectable girl as cook, washer, and ironer, or to do general house-work in a small family; willing and obliging; good City reference. Call at No. 219 East 40th st.

COOK, &c.—AS FIRST-CLASS COOK AND TO DO the coarse washing; is willing and obliging; no objection to go out of the City; good reference from last place. Address M. B., Box No. 306 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COOK—WHO THOROUGHLY UNDERSTANDS HER business; is an excellent baker; will assist in the washing and ironing; has the best City reference. Can be seen at No. 161 Madison av.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A Protestant woman as plain cook, washer, and ironer; good City reference can be given. Call at No. 241 West 22d st., rear, first floor.

COOK, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMan as cook and to assist with the washing and ironing; good references from her last place. Call at No. 126 West 35th st., in the store.

COOK—WAITRESS.—BY TWO RESPECTABLE young girls; one as first-class cook, the other as excellent waitress; would go together or separate; best City reference. Can be seen at 350 West 46th st.

COOK.—BY AN ENGLISH FIRST-CLASS COOK; understands English and French cooking; most excellent references; in a private family. Call at J. Morison's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A REspectable woman as good cook, washer, and ironer in a private family; good City reference. Call at No. 235 East 28th st., first floor, back room.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK; UNDERSTANDS all kinds of meat, jellies, pastries, and soups; good reference; City or country. Call at 404 West 32d st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS COOK AND help with the washing; six years' reference from her last place. Call at 122 West 20th st., basement.

DRESS-MAKER AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY a Protestant dress-maker and seamstress, by the day, week, or month; can cut, fit, and do all kinds of family sewing; will furnish her own machine if required. Call at No. 259 West 37th st.

DRESS-MAKER.—BY A DRESS-MAKER WHO thoroughly understands her business, a few more engagements in private families. Address, for two days, Dressmaker, No. 293 7th av., between 26th and 27th sts.

DRESS-MAKER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS DRESS-maker; will go out by day or week, or take home work. Call at No. 228 East 45th st.

DRESS-MAKER.—A FASHIONABLE DRESS-maker would like a few engagements by the day in private families; cut, fit, and trim; best reference. Apply at 109 West 46th st. Ring first bell, left hand.

GET YOUR FIRST-CLASS COLORED cooks, chamber-maids, waitresses, laundresses, nurses, seamstresses, waiter men, errand boys, coachmen, grooms, firemen, &c., at the HOME BUREAU, No. 543 6th av., between 32d and 33d sts.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

HOUSEKEEPER.—BY A MIDDLE-AGED PROTestant woman as housekeeper in City or country; would take charge of an invalid; or as infant's nurse and seamstress; best of reference. Address for three days E. S., Box No. 275 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

HOUSEKEEPER, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE woman as housekeeper and seamstress; good City reference; several years' experience as housekeeper. Call or address No. 326 East 33d st., between 1st and 2d avs., two flights up, back room.

HOUSEKEEPER.—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTAble English person as housekeeper and useful companion; experienced and practical; can superintend the cooking, linen, &c.; can take entire charge. Address B. C., Box No. 168 *Times* Office, for three days.

HOUSEKEEPER OR COPYIST.—BY A young English Episcopal person as housekeeper or copyist; good reference; not seen after 7 P. M. Call for three days on Anne, No. 507 6th av., two flights up, front room; don't ring.

HOUSEKEEPER.—BY AN AMERICAN LADY AS housekeeper or to wait upon an elderly or invalid lady. Call or address Mrs. Holmes, No. 6 Cottage place, (from Bleecker st.)

HOUSE-KEEPER.—AS HOUSE-KEEPER IN A hotel or family by an American lady. Address E. F., Box No. 270 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

HOUSEKEEPER.—BY A CAPABLE GERMAN person of experience as housekeeper or nurse; good reference; salary less an object than a good home. Call or address L. W., No. 237 West 48th st.

HOUSEKEEPER, &c.—BY A CAPABLE PERson of experience as housekeeper, nurse, or companion to an invalid; or to teach children and sew; good reference; salary less an object than a pleasant home in the City. Address S. E. B., 323 West 34th st.

HOUSEKEEPER.—BY A PROTESTANT HOUSEkeeper, with first-class references, and of refined manners, either in private family, hotel, or boarding-house. Call at J. Morison's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

HOUSEKEEPER.—BY A RESPECTABLE LADY in a respectable family; would like to have her six-year old boy with her; references exchanged. Address Mrs. L., Box No. 132 *Times* Office.

HOUSE-WORK.—CITY OR COUNTRY, BY A steady, quiet, competent woman; lived fourteen years in her situation; has excellent testimonials; is a good plain cook, and laundress, baker, and butter maker; will take moderate wages. Apply personally at No. 951 6th av., second door above 53d st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A RESPECTABLE COMpetent person to do light house-work, or will make herself generally useful; is willing and obliging; can be recommended. Call at or address No. 241 East 18th st., Room No. 1.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do general house-work in a private family; willing and obliging; best City reference. Call for two days at No. 243 East 28th st., between 2d and 3d avs., second floor, back room.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY AN INDUSTRIOUS, HARD-working girl as kitchen-maid or cleaner, or to do house-work; willing to do anything; wages no object. Can be engaged at No. 602 6th av., between 35th and 36th sts.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG Swedish girl to do general house-work in a small private family; is honest, willing, obliging, and has best of City references. Call at Swedish Servants' Office, No. 203 East 37th st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A SWEDISH GIRL FOR general work; not afraid of a large family, and a good cook and laundress, and will not stand for wages if a steady home is offered; City or country. Apply at No. 366 6th av., near 23d st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do general house-work in a private family; best City reference; good washer and ironer. Call at No. 49 West 18th st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY AN AMERICAN GIRL, lately arrived from Albany, having good references, for general house-work. Call at J. Morison's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A YOUNG GIRL TO DO house-work in a private family; is a good plain cook, washer, and ironer; good references from last place. Call at No. 484 7th av.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant girl to do general house-work in a small private family; best of references. Apply at No. 427 East 14th st., in the store.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A GIRL WITH FIVE YEARS' reference, to do general house-work. Apply to Mary Burns, at No. 131 4th av.

LADY'S MAID, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE young English Protestant woman as lady's maid and seamstress; is a thorough hair-dresser and good seamstress; has excellent City reference; no objection to the country. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

LADY'S MAID.—CAN CUT AND MAKE LADIES' dresses and do all kinds of family sewing and hair-dressing; long experience in first-class families. Can be seen for two days at No. 2 West 16th st.

LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A German person, speaking French and English, as lady's maid, seamstress, and hair-dresser; no objection to young ladies; best City references. Call at No. 150 East 42d st.

LADY'S MAID.—BY AN EDUCATED FRENCH person of ability and experience; understands dress-making and hair-dressing; good City reference. Address N. N., Box No. 318 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A YOUNG GERMAN GIRL, who is a first-class hair-dresser, as lady's maid or child's nurse; can do sewing nicely. Call at No. 36 3d av.

LACE-WORK.—AN EXPERT LACE HAND MAKES and cleans laces in the best manner; cleans kid gloves and makes over human hair goods. Call at No. 850 5th av., up-stairs.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS in a private family; she thoroughly understands all kinds of fine work, laces, and fluting; can give good City references. Address Laundress, Box No. 291 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A NEAT AND TIDY YOUNG woman as first-class laundress; understands all kinds of fine washing, French fluting, &c.; would assist with chamber-work if required; has best City reference. Apply at A. Pelton & Co's, No. 645 6th av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT woman; very superior laundress, and can do French fluting, box plaiting, and all kinds of ladies' and gents' fine work; very highest City testimonials from best families. Call at Bookham's, 307 4th av., near 23d st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A SWEDISH GIRL AS FIRST-class laundress; has the best City references for competency and character. Can be seen to-day at the Swedish Servants' Office, No. 108 East 27th st., over the Russian Baths.

LAUNDRESS.—BY AN ACTIVE YOUNG WOMAN as first-class laundress; understands ladies' fineries and French fluting, ruffling, and polishing; private family or boarding-house; best City reference. Call at No. 205 West 27th st., near 7th av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WELSH PROTestant laundress, with several years' references; is a good worker; wishes a steady place. Can be seen at No. 602 6th av., between 35th and 36th sts.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS; can flute with or without machine, and do up ladies' dresses, puffing, &c.; nearly three years' references. Can be seen at present employer's, 400 5th av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMan as laundress in a private family; understands her business thoroughly; good City reference given. Call at No. 318 East 47th st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS in a good family; best City reference. Call at or address No. 488 6th av., in store.

LAUNDRESS.—A PROTESTANT WOMAN, (A widow,) wishes work by the day; good City reference. Address Advertiser, No. 342 East 36th st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS laundress; good reference. Call at 118 East 63d st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS in a private family; thoroughly understands her business; good references. Apply at No. 150 East 42d st., between 3d and Madison avs.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS in a private family; no objection to the country; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 207 West 26th st.

LAUNDRESS.—A COMPETENT LAUNDRESS wishes some families' or gentlemen's washing; fluting and puffing; best City reference. Call at No. 246 3d av., second floor.

MAID AND SEAMSTRESS, OR NURSE TO Grown Children.—By a Protestant young woman; would like a place in City or country; is a first-class seamstress, can cut and fit and operate, and is a good hair-dresser, or would take care of one or more grown children; undoubted City reference. Apply at Odell's, No. 109 West 34th st.; inquire for L. M.

NURSE.—BY A COMPETENT PROTESTANT WOMan as infant's nurse; can take the entire charge of an infant from its birth, and bring it up on a bottle, if required; best City references; will take care of an invalid lady. Can be seen for two days at No. 204 West 27th st., second floor.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS, OR CHAMber-maid.—By a respectable woman as nurse and seamstress, or to assist with chamber-work, or to take care of an elderly or invalid lady; six years' reference from present employers, where she can be seen for two days. Call at No. 24 West 25th st.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A RESPECTable Protestant young girl as nurse and seamstress; is fond of children, also a neat sewer; kind in disposition; best reference from last place. Call at No. 824 West 57th st.

NURSE.—BY A RESECTABLE PROTESTANT WOMan as infant's nurse; thoroughly understands the care of a child; can bring it up on the bottle; best City reference from last place. Call at No. 345 6th av., in the store.

NURSE OR CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG woman as nurse or chamber-maid in a private family; three years' reference from last place. Call at No. 22 West 20th st.; ring second bell.

NURSE.—BY A VERY NEAT YOUNG PROTESTANT woman as nurse to grown children and do sewing; is thoroughly competent and well recommended. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE SOUTHERN COLored woman as infant's nurse; good plain sewer; three years' reference from last place. Call for two days, from 10 to 3, at No. 353 West 31st st.

NURSE, &c.—BY A COMPETENT PERSON AS nurse and do plain sewing; is willing to assist with chamber-work; has good City reference. Call at No. 136 West 35th st.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS nurse; is thoroughly competent to take the entire charge of a baby from its birth; eight years' reference from last place. Call at No. 7 East 35th st.

NURSE, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL as nurse or seamstress, chamber-maid, or waitress, or go out by the day to do plain sewing; best City reference from last place. Call at No. [illegible] West 25th st.

NURSE.—BY A COMPETENT AND EXPERIENCED young woman as nurse for an infant or grown children, and do the finest of sewing; very highest City reference. Call at No. 100 West 46th st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A NURSE and seamstress; understands dress-making and all kinds of family sewing; the best of City reference. Call at No. 223 West 27th st.

NURSE.—BY A HIGHLY-RESPECTABLE GIRL, Protestant, as nurse and sewing; can take care of a baby from birth; five years' good reference from last place. Call at No. 78 West 48th st.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN TO TAKE care of an invalid or a child. Apply at No. 132 West 19th st., one flight up, front room.

NURSE, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as nurse; would assist in the chamber-work; reference. Call at No. 197 West 11th st.

NURSE.—BY AN AMERICAN WOMAN AS INfants' nurse. Call for three days at No. 332 6th av.

NURSE.—BY A FRENCH GIRL AS NURSE; SPEAKS English and German. Apply at 103 West 40th st.

NURSE.—AS THOROUGH INFANT'S NURSE BY A Protestant woman; will be highly recommended from last employer in this City. Address No. 715 6th av., in the millinery store.

NURSE.—BY A COMPETENT AND EXPERIENCED young woman as nurse; can take full charge of a baby from its birth, and do any kind of fine sewing; very highest City reference. Call at 100 West 46th st.

NURSE.—BY AN EXPERIENCED MONTHLY OR invalid nurse, (American;) is now disengaged, and can be engaged immediately; first-class references. Call at or address No. 333 West 32d st.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A YOUNG girl as nurse and seamstress; can cut and fit; is a good operator; would do chamber-work or assist in waiting; City reference. Apply at No. 537 5th av.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE SOUTHERN WOMAN as infant's nurse; good plain sewer; three years' reference from last place. Call for two days, from 10 to 3, at No. 353 West 31st st.

NURSE, &c.—BY A FRENCH NURSE TO TAKE care of children and do sewing; good reference. Call for two days at No. 58 3d av., ring third bell.

NURSE.—BY A RELIABLE YOUNG WOMAN TO take care of an infant baby; good reference. Call at No. 484 7th av.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL AS NURSE IN a private family. Apply at No. 327 West 11th st., in rear, top floor.

NURSE.—BY A WELSH GIRL (PROTESTANT) AS nurse. Call at No. 300 East 23d st., third floor, front room.

NURSE.—BY A MIDDLE-AGED PERSON AS NURSE to an invalid or wait on an aged lady; is a good seamstress. Call at No. 670 6th av.

SEAMSTRESS AND LADY'S MAID.—BY A very excellent young Swedish woman; can cut and make garments in fine style; dress hair, &c.; understands her business in every branch; good reference; City or country. Call at No. 366 6th av., near 23d st.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A SEAMSTRESS WHO CAN cut and fit for ladies and children; no objection to assist with house-work; best references. Address M. C., Box No. 284 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

SEAMSTRESS, &c.—BY A SEAMSTRESS IN A private family, or would wait on a lady, assist with growing children, or chamber-work; understands dress-making; City reference. Call at No. 334 4th av., store.

SEAMSTRESS.—WORK BY THE DAY OR MONTH in families; can operate on sewing-machines. Call or address at No. 349 East 86th st.

SEAMSTRESS.—A COMPETENT SEAMSTRESS desires a few more engagements by day or week; makes all kinds of children's clothes and ladies' under-garments. Call or address No. 607 3d av.

WAITRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMan, highly recommended as being a very efficient servant and waitress; understands the care and cleaning of silver; gets up all kinds of salads; or will do chamber-work and waiting; country or City. Call at Bookham's, No. 307 4th av., near 23d st.

WAITRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS; one who understands her business, and would be willing to assist with a little chamber-work if required; unexceptionable references. Can be seen for two days at No. 742 3d av.

WAITRESS.—BY A VERY NEAT AND TIDY woman as first-class waitress in a private family; understands making salads and care of silver perfectly; is capable of filling a man's place; has excellent City reference. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

WAITRESS, &c.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN AS first-class waitress; understands her business thoroughly; or as first-class chamber-maid; best City reference. Call at No. 117 West 26th st., second floor.

WAITRESS, &c.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN AS first-class waitress, or as parlor-maid and assist man; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 166 West 32d st.

WAITRESS OR CHAMBER-MAID.—BY AN experienced young person as first-class waitress or chambermaid; has good City reference. Call at No. 140 West 31st st.

WAITRESS, &c.—BY A YOUNG GIRL; WILLing to assist with chamber-work; best of City reference. Can be seen in the laundry, No. 3 West 51st st., near 5th av.

WAITRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as first-class waitress, or would assist with chamber-work; best City reference. Can be seen at No. 465 3d av.

WAITRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMan as first-class waitress; best references from last situation. Call at 22 East 39th st., from 10 to 4.

WAITRESS OR CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY a young woman as waitress or chamber-maid, or parlor-maid; has had experience in all its branches; no objections to the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 927 Broadway.

WAITRESS, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE AMERican girl as first-class waitress or chamber-maid, and attend to growing children; good City references. Call at No. 158 West 28th st.

WAITRESS AND CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A respectable young girl as waitress and chamber-maid or nurse; good City reference. Call or address No. 236 East 37th st.

WAITRESS.—BY A YOUNG, ACTIVE GIRL AS first-class waitress; has excellent City reference from last place. Apply at No. 571 3d av., near 37th st.

WAITRESS.—BY A YOUNG GIRL AS WAITRESS in a private family. Can be seen for two days at No. 906 6th av., in the milliner's store.

WASHING.—A COMPETENT LAUNDRESS DEsires ladies', gentlemen's, or family washing to do at her own home; is a good shirt-ironer. Inquire in grocery store, No. 135 West 28th st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WASHING.—WASHING AND IRONING DONE BY a respectable colored woman; either families' or gentlemen's linen done to order; every convenience, hot and cold water, &c. Call at No. 129 West 26th st., basement.

WASHING.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN SOLICITS the washing of one or two gentlemen at her own home, or would take families' washing. Call at No. 230 East 22d st.

WASHING.—A THOROUGH LAUNDRESS SOlicits a few more gents' or families' washing; is neat, prompt, and reliable; darning and mending on moderate terms; excellent references. Call or address Miss Burke, No. 411 West 41st st.

WASHING.—A RESPECTABLE WIDOW WOMAN wishes a few gentlemen's washing at her own home; best City reference. Call at No. 317 West 35th st., Room No. 2.

WASHING.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WISHES the washing of a family, or gents' linen; rough washing done; good reference. Call at Mrs. Macs's, No. 20 East 12th st.

WASHING.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN FAMilies' or gentlemen's washing; sent home promptly. Call or address No. 115 West 33d st.

MALES.

AN EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT OFFERS his services for the examination of books and complicated accounts; best references furnished. Address ACCOUNTANT, Box No. 128 *Times* Office.

BUTLER—OR FIRST-CLASS WAITER.—SINGLE; has a thorough and complete knowledge of his duties; highest City reference, &c.; a trustworthy man. Address James M., Box No. 299 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

BUTLER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS BUTLER IN A PRIvate family who can give several years of the best City reference for honesty, sobriety, and capability. Can be seen at No. 203 East 22d st.

BUTLER OR WAITER.—UNDERSTANDS THE duties of a gentleman's house; has best of City references, also from last place. Address S., Box No. 283 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A RESPECTAble married man; is but a short time in the country; is a first-class driver, and thoroughly understands the care of horses; has no objection to the country; five years' reference from last place. Call or address for two days at private stable, No. 221 West 41st st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A FIRST-class man, (English,) who thoroughly understands the care of horses and carriages; careful driver and groom; milk, or work in garden, if required; wages moderate; best of reference. Address T. T., Box No. 308 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COACHMAN, &c.—BY A YOUNG MAN AS coachman and groom; is willing to make himself generally useful; has good reference; capable of taking care of a furnace; the country preferred. Address J. H., Box No. 260 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COACHMAN.—BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT MARried man; thoroughly understands the care of horses, harness, and fine carriages, and is strictly temperate; willing and obliging; best City references. Address J. S., Box No. 264 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COACHMAN.—BY A YOUNG MAN THOROUGHLY competent in every respect; keeps everything in his charge in first-class style; good City driver; reliable, trustworthy, and strictly temperate; seven years' City reference. Call, or address, T. B., No. 31 East 35th st., private stable.

COACHMAN.—BY AN ENGLISHMAN WHO thoroughly understands his business; three years' references from his late employers of the highest standing in this City; left on account of giving up for the Winter. Address H. M., Box No. 309 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COACHMAN.—BY A SINGLE TRUSTWORTHY man who thoroughly understands his business; can be trusted in every respect for sobriety and honesty; is a careful, steady driver in City or country; best of City references. Address R. L., Box No. 229 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A SOBER, reliable single man, (Scotch;) an experienced driver in City or country; can milk, tend furnace, and make himself useful; first-class City references. Address B., Box No. 227 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN.—BY A COLORED SINGLE MAN; understands the business, and is willing to do anything that is required; City or country; can give references. Address B. L., Box No. 228 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN.—BY A COACHMAN; CAPABLE IN every respect; road horses a specialty. Apply to William H. Van Cott, Grand Central Stables, Nos. 114 and 116 West 46th st., until engaged.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

COACHMAN.—BY A SWEDE; GENTLEMAN selling his horses is the reason for leaving; has the best references; is a first-class City driver; is single. Can be seen to-day at the Swedish Servants' Office, No. 108 East 27th st.

COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—BY A SINGLE young man; thoroughly understands his business in both branches; first-class references from last employer; willing and obliging in every respect. Call on or address No. 51 East 41st st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A YOUNG man as coachman and groom; best of City reference. Call or address J. H. G., No. 144 5th av.

COACHMAN, &c.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COACHman and a plain vegetable gardener; an Englishman, married, no family; can milk take care of fires; age thirty years; wife American, age twenty-eight years, and first-class cook; will be found willing and obliging; best of City and country references. Address James, No. 210 William st.

COACHMAN.—BY A SINGLE PROTESTANT MAN who thoroughly understands his business in every respect; willing and obliging; City or country; best City reference from his last employer. Address W. E., Box No. 207 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COACHMAN.—BY A GENTLEMAN FOR HIS coachman, whom he can highly recommend as a trustworthy, sober, single young man; Protestant; a good groom and careful driver. Call or address F. L., No. 30 West 26th st.

COACHMAN.—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT man of long experience; is a good and safe driver; four years' reference from last place; left on account of family going to Europe. Address W. B., No. 1,588 3d av.

COACHMAN.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN, with very best of City reference, in a private place or livery stable. Call at J. Morison's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COACHMAN.—BY AN ENGLISHMAN; THOROughly understands the care of horses; careful City driver; good City reference. Address J. B., Box No. 275 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

COACHMAN.—BY A GENTLEMAN FOR HIS coachman, who has been with him for over ten years. Apply at No. 3 Cliff st.

DRIVER, &c.—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE young German man as driver, coachman, gardener, &c., and who can handle tools. Can be seen at J. Morison's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

GARDENER—LAUNDRESS.—BY A MARRIED man, no family, who is a first-class gardener, either for greenhouse, graperies, and forcing-house, or for outside work; wife is a good laundress or dairy-maid, and would engage in that capacity, if desired, either to live in the house or cottage; best of City reference. Call or address W. C., at Alfred Bridgeman's seed store, No. 876 Broadway.

GARDENER, &c.—COOK, &c.—BY A REspectable English Protestant man and wife, the man as gardener or any other work; his wife as cook or to make herself generally useful; can furnish good reference from last place. Call for two days at No. 39 East 10th st., between 10 and 5 o'clock.

GARDENER AND COACHMAN.—BY A PROTestant man; can milk, tend furnace, any rough carpenter work; a useful man on gentleman's place; has good reference. Address Gardener, Box No. 242 *Times* Office.

GROOM OR COACHMAN.—BY A RESPECTable man, thoroughly competent; two years' best City reference from last employer. Call or address Coachman, No. 137 West 38th st.

GROOM OR COACHMAN.—BY A THOROUGHly competent man; two years' best City reference from late employer. Call or address Coachman, No. 137 West 38th st.

NURSE OR VALET.—BY A WELL-EXPERIENCED German man as nurse for invalid gentleman or as valet; can furnish good references. Address C. N., Box No. 303 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, 1,257 BROADWAY.

PORTER, JANITOR, OR SEXTON.—BY A Protestant man as porter janitor, or sexton, or as an assistant in either capacity; best City reference. Address H G., Box No. 323 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

PORTER.—BY AN ENGLISHMAN AS LIGHT PORter; unexceptionable references; any person procuring me the above position, permanently, I will pay $10 bonus. Address Porter, Box No. 300 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

WAITER—LAUNDRESS.—BY MAN AND WIFE; man as first-class waiter; wife as first-class laundress or chamber-maid; no incumbrance; leaves present place on account of family going to Europe; well recommended; best City and country reference; willing and obliging; no objections to the country; (Protestants.) Address Joseph, Box No. 289 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

WAITER.—BY A STEADY, RESPECTABLE PROTestant man as first-class waiter in private family; understands his business thoroughly; charge of dining-room, care of wines, marketing, &c. A note addressed X. N. R., No. 108 West 18th st., will be respectfully attended to until engaged.

WAITER, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant young man to do waiting, tend a furnace, and make himself useful at anything; has the best of references; wages no object, but a good home. Call at Mrs. Reynolds' New Protestant Agency, No. 105 East 27th st.

WAITER.—BY A FRENCHMAN AS WAITER IN A private family; he is a very competent waiter; has good testimonials from New-York and England; wages are not so much an object; City or country. Can be engaged at No. 602 6th av., between 35th and 36th sts.

WAITER.—BY A SWEDE WITH THE BEST CITY references as a first-class waiter; single; strictly sober; trained in Sweden and New-York. Can be seen to-day at the Swedish Servants' Office, No. 108 East 27th st., over Russian Baths.

WAITER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS GERMAN WAITER, well experienced, with good references as to capacity, to take charge of a private house or hotel. Address F. D., Box No. 270 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

WAITER.—BY AN ENGLISHMAN AS FIRST-CLASS waiter in a private family; good City recommendations. Address A. N., Box No. 322 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

WAITER.—BY A PROTESTANT MAN AS FIRST-class waiter; understands his business perfectly; has over ten years' City reference from his last place. Apply at No. 645 6th av.

WAITER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITER IN A private family; good City references; wages small. Address J. M., Box No. 325 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

WAITER.—BY A YOUNG COLORED MAN, WHO can furnish the best of satisfaction as to capability, honesty, and sobriety, in a first-class private family. Call on or address S. R. N., No. 541 6th av.

WAITER.—AS WAITER IN A PRIVATE FAMILY; English and a Protestant; thoroughly understands his business; care of silver and salads; can be most highly recommended by his last employer. Call for two days on J. H. Connolly, or address F. W., No. 1,278 Broadway, between 32d and 33d sts.

WAITER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITER IN A private family, by a man speaking French, German, and English; thoroughly experienced; references. Address Camille, Box No. 285 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

WAITER.—BY A CHINAMAN AS WAITER IN A Spanish family or private family; is a good waiter; will make himself useful; wages, $11 or $12; a good home the main object; good reference. Call at No. 112 West 15th st.

WAITER.—BY A FRENCHMAN AS WAITER IN A private family; City or country; can speak five different languages. Address J. L., Box No. 273 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

WAITER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITER IN A private family; thoroughly understands his business in every respect; several years' best City reference. Address J. F., 76 West 35th st., in the florist's.

WAITER.—BY A STRICTLY TEMPERATE SINGLE man, of long experience, in a private family; best City reference. Call or address Waiter, No. 107 West 17th st., near 6th av.

WAITER.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN; best of City reference; no objection to the country; will be found willing and obliging. Call or address F. J. G., No. 591 3d av., first floor, front room.

HELP WANTED.

CANVASSER WANTED—AMONG RETAIL grocers; must be of good address and accustomed to the business, and have good reference. Apply at No. 226 Front st., up stairs.

FAIR WAGES EASILY EARNED BY agents. Call on CHAS. CLUCAS & CO., 11 Dey st.

WANTED.—AN INTELLIGENT GERMAN SALESman to attend to that class of trade in the West and North-west, and to travel with the view of making business in woolen dress-goods, &c. Address Box No. 2,095, New-York Post Office.

WANTED—A YOUNG COLORED MAN TO ATTEND to fires, make himself useful about a house, and who has had some experience with horses. Such as can produce good reference can address M., Box No. 148 *Times* Office.

WANTED—SIX FIRST-CLASS DRESS-GOODS salesmen. Apply to Mr. Varker, at LORD & TAYLOR'S, Broadway and 20th st.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS DESIGNER FOR A woolen mill manufacturing fancy cassimeres. Address Box No. 1,926 Post Office, New-York.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS PROTESTANT COOK; City references. Apply at No. 10 East 44th st., on Wednesday morning.

MARBLE MANTELS.

GRATES AND FENDERS.

The largest manufacturers of low and half-low down grates for either hard or soft coal, or wood, with our celebrated dumping and shaking attachment.

Old grates altered to low, or half-low down andirons. Gas logs, screens, shovels, tongs, &c., in large variety, wholesale and retail. Send for catalogue and price list. Liberal discount to the trade.

CONOVER, WOOLLEY & CO., No. 368 Canal st., N. Y.

W. D. & A. S. NICHOLS' 250 ENTIRELY new designs marble, slate, and wood mantels. Manufactures iron cresting, stable fixtures, fence, grates, weather vanes, &c. Wholesale and retail. Send for catalogues, No. 73 Hudson st. opposite Worth st.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED MANTELS, NEW DESIGNS, from $12 upward; also, monumental work at greatly reduced prices. Marble turning for the trade. A. KLABER, No. 134 East 18th st.

STEWART'S NEW SLATE MANTELS, INLAID with tiles; also, marble and wood mantels, elegant designs; prices very low. No. 220 West 23d st.

SAVINGS BANKS.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
Nos. 396 and 398 Canal st., corner Laight.
Open daily from 10 to 3, and Monday evenings 5 to 7.
Assets, Over Eleven Million Dollars.
Surplus, One Million Dollars.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.
Books in English, French, and German.
G. S. CHAPIN, Treasurer. | N. J. HAINES, President.
T. S. ARMOUR, Secretary.

SHIPPING.

CUNARD LINE B. & N. A. R. M. S. P. CO.

NOTICE.

With the view of diminishing the chances of collision, the steamers of this line take a specified course for all seasons of the year.

On the outward passage from Queenstown to New-York or Boston, crossing meridian of 50 at 43 latitude, or nothing to the north of 43.

On the homeward passage, crossing the meridian of 50 at 42, or nothing to the north of 42.

FROM NEW-YORK FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

*RUSSIA...WED., Nov. 17 | ABYSSINIA...WED., Dec. 1
BOTHNIA...WED., Nov. 24 | ALGERIA....WED., Dec. 8

Steamers marked * do not carry steerage passengers.

Cabin passage, $80, $100, and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage tickets to and from all parts of Europe at very low rates. Freight and cabin office, No. 4 Bowling green. Steerage office, No. 111 Broadway. (Trinity Building.) CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN. Agent.

WHITE STAR LINE.

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL, CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL.

NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS.

Sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

BRITANNIC..........SATURDAY, Nov. 20, at 11 A. M.
GERMANIC..........SATURDAY, Nov. 27, at 2 P. M.
CELTIC..........SATURDAY, Dec. 4, at 9:30 A. M.
ADRIATIC..........SATURDAY, Dec. 11, at 3 P. M.

From White Star Dock, Pier No. 52 North River.

These steamers, the fastest in the trade, are uniform in size and unsurpassed in appointments. The saloon, staterooms, smoking and bath rooms are amidships where the noise and motion are least, affording a degree of comfort hitherto unattainable at sea.

Rates—Saloon, $60, $80, and $100, gold; return tickets on favorable terms; steerage, $28.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New-York. R. J. CORTIS, Agent.

INMAN LINE.—FIXED SOUTHERLY COURSE.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:
FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
CITY OF BROOKLYN......Saturday, Nov. 20, at 11 A. M.
CITY OF CHESTER.......Saturday, Nov. 27, at 2 P. M.
CITY OF MONTREAL......Saturday, Dec. 4, at 9 A. M.
CITY OF BERLIN........Saturday, Dec. 11, at 2 P. M.
CITY OF RICHMOND......Saturday, Dec. 18, at 9 A. M.
and each succeeding Saturday from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
CABIN..........$60, $80 and $100, Gold
STEERAGE..........$28, Currency

Drafts issued at low rates.

For cabin passage and general business apply at the company's office, No. 15 Broadway.

For steerage passage at No. 33 Broadway, or Pier No. 45 North River. JOHN G. DALE, Agent.

STATE LINE.

NEW-YORK TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, DUBLIN, BELFAST, AND LONDONDERRY.

These first-class full-powered steamers will sail from Eagle Pier, Hoboken Ferry, New-Jersey, as follows:
STATE OF VIRGINIA..........Thursday, Nov. 18
STATE OF INDIANA..........Thursday, Dec. 2
STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA..........Thursday, Dec. 16

And every alternate Thursday thereafter. First cabin, $60, $70, and $80; return tickets, $120. Second cabin, $45; return tickets, $80. Steerage at lowest rates.

Apply to AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., Agents, No. 72 Broadway, New-York.

Steerage office, No. 45 Broadway.

THE STATE LINE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY'S STEAMER STATE OF VIRGINIA,

Will sail from Eagle Pier, Hoboken, N. J., THURSDAY, Nov. 18, at 1 P. M.

Take Barclay and Christopher Street Ferries.

Saloon and cabin passage at reduced rates; steerage, $28 currency.

AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., Agents, Nos. 72 and 45 Broadway.

FOR LIVERPOOL,

(Via Queenstown,)

CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL.

TUESDAY.

Leaving Pier No. 46 North River as follows
NEVADA..........Nov. 23, at 2 P. M.
MONTANA..........Nov. 30, at 7 A. M.
IDAHO..........Dec. 7, at 12, noon.
DAKOTA..........Dec. 14, at 6:30 A. M.
WISCONSIN..........Dec. 21, at 12, noon
WYOMING..........Dec. 28, at 6:30 A. M.

For steerage and intermediate tickets, at current rates, apply at No. 29 Broadway. For cabin passage, at $80 or $65, gold, (according to stateroom,) apply at No. 63 Wall st.

WILLIAMS & GUION.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMERS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent (being more southerly than any other,) will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:
FRANCE, Trudelle..........Saturday, Nov. 27
LABRADOR, Sangler..........Saturday Dec. 11
AMERIQUE, Pouzols..........Saturday, Dec. 25

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD, (including wine,) first cabin, $110 to $120, according to accommodation. Second cabin, $72; third, $40. Return tickets at reduced rates. Steerage, $26, with superior accommodation, including all necessaries without extra charge. Steamers marked thus * do not carry steerage passengers. LOUIS DE BEBIAN, Agent, 55 Broadway.

NATIONAL LINE.

From Piers Nos. 44 and 47 North River.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.
FRANCE..........THURSDAY, Nov. 18, at 9 A. M.

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
Egypt, Nov. 20, 11 A. M. | Spain, Dec. 4, 9 A. M.
Helvetia, Nov. 27, 3 P. M. | Erin, Dec. 11, 3 P. M.

Cabin passage, $60 and $70, currency. Steerage at greatly reduced price. Return tickets at reduced rates. Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool at the lowest rates. Apply at the company's office, No. 69 Broadway, F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD.

STEAM-SHIP LINE BETWEEN NEW-YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, AND BREMEN.

Company's Pier, foot of 2d st., Hoboken.
MOSEL....Sat., Nov. 20 | HERMANN....Sat., Dec. 4
NECKAR....Sat., Nov. 27 | AMERICA....Sat., Dec. 11

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON, HAVRE, OR BREMEN:
First cabin..........$100 gold
Second cabin..........60 gold
Steerage..........30 currency

Return tickets at reduced rates. Prepaid steerage certificates, $32 currency. For freight or passage apply to OELRICHS & CO., No. 2 Bowling green.

ANCHOR LINE. CARRYING U. S. MAIL.

NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW.
ETHIOPIA..........SATURDAY, Nov. 20, noon.
CALEDONIA..........SATURDAY, Nov. 27, 2 P. M.

NEW-YORK TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, OR LONDONDERRY.

Cabin passage, $65, $75, and $80, currency.
Intermediate, $35; steerage, $28.
Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling green.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents.

WILSON LINE FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HULL.

Sailing from Pier No. 53 North River:
NAVARINO..........Dec. 1 | COLOMBO..........Dec. 29
OTHELLO..........Dec. 15 | HINDOO..........Jan. 12

First cabin, $70, currency; second cabin, $45, currency; excursion tickets on very favorable terms. Through tickets issued to Continental and Baltic ports. Apply for full particulars to CHARLES L. WRIGHT & CO., No. 56 South st.

FLORIDA LINE.

FROM PIER NO. 29 NORTH RIVER,
EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY, AT 3 P. M.
INSURANCE TO DESTINATION ONE-HALF PER CENT.
GREAT REDUCTION IN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER RATES.
ALWAYS AS LOW AS BY OTHER LINES, AND NO DETENTIONS.

Goods loaded on steamer when shipped.
Mark goods care RAVENEL & CO., Charleston, S. C.
For rates of freight or passage apply to
J. W. QUINTARD & CO., No. 177 West st.
Or to BENTLEY D. HASELL, No. 317 Broadway.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, and the SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST, SAILING SEMI-WEEKLY AT 3 P. M., from Pier No. 29 North River.
CITY OF ATLANTA..........Saturday, Nov. 20
GEORGIA..........Wednesday, Nov. 24

Superior accommodations for passengers.
☞ Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.
Goods forwarded free of commission.
Passage tickets and bills of lading issued and signed at the offices of
JAMES W. QUINTARD & CO., Agents, No. 177 West st., (corner of Warren,) or W. P. CLYDE & CO., No. 6 Bowling green.
BENTLEY D. HASELL, General Agent Great Southern Freight Line, No. 317 Broadway.

N. B.—Freights given dispatch by extra steamers as required.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA., THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE, CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.

FOUR STEAM-SHIPS PER WEEK. TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATURDAYS.

H. LIVINGSTON, Capt. MALLORY, THURSDAY, Nov. 18, from Pier No. 43 North River, at 3 P. M.
WILLIAM R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling green.

SAN JACINTO, Capt. HAZARD, SATURDAY, Nov. 20, from Pier No. 43 North River, at 3 P. M.
WILLIAM R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling green.

CITY OF HOUSTON, Capt. DEBNING, SATURDAY, Nov. 20, from Pier No. 12 North River, at 3 P. M.
E. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West st.

CLEOPATRA, Capt. BULKLEY, TUESDAY, Nov. 23, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, No. 62 South st.

Insurance on this line ONE-HALF PER CENT. Superior accommodations for passengers.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad and Florida steamers.
GEORGE YONGE, Agent Central Railroad of Georgia, No. 409 Broadway.

NEW-YORK AND HAVANA

DIRECT MAIL LINE.

These first-class steam-ships sail regularly at 3 P. M. from Pier No. 13 North River, as follows:
COLUMBUS..........THURSDAY, Nov. 25
CRESCENT CITY..........THURSDAY, Dec. 9

Accommodations unsurpassed. For freight or passage apply to WM. P. CLYDE & CO., No. 6 Bowling green; McKELLAR, LULING & CO., Agents in Havana.

SHIPPING.

ATLAS MAIL LINE.

BI-MONTHLY SERVICE TO JAMAICA, HAYTI, COLOMBIA, and ASPINWALL, and to PANAMA and SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS (via Aspinwall.) First-class, full-powered iron-screw steamers, from Pier No. 51 North River:

FOR PORT-AU-PRINCE, COLOMBIA, ISTHMUS OF PANAMA, and SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS (via Aspinwall:)
ANDES..........Nov. 24.
ALPS..........Dec. 8.

FOR KINGSTON, AUX CAYES, and JACMEL:
ATLAS..........Nov. 25.
CLARIBEL..........Dec. 18.

Superior first-class passenger accommodation.
PIM, FORWOOD & CO., Agents, No. 56 Wall st.

PACIFIC MAIL S. S. LINE.

FOR CALIFORNIA, JAPAN, AND CHINA.
Sailing from Pier No. 42 North River,
For Aspinwall.
COLON..........Nov. 30
touching at all Central American and Pacific ports.
EXCURSION TICKETS TO THE CHILIAN EXPOSITION AND RETURN,
Good till March, 1876, $351, gold.
Outward, only $221, gold.
From San Francisco for Japan and China.
GREAT REPUBLIC..........Dec. 1
FROM SAN FRANCISCO for AUSTRALIA and NEW-ZEALAND, via HONOLULU SANDWICH ISLANDS,
CITY OF SAN FRANCISCO..........Monday, Dec. 6
For freight or passage apply at Pier No. 42 North River.
H. J. BULLAY, Superintendent.

WEEKLY FLORIDA LINE.

For Port Royal, S. C.; Fernandina, Fla.; Brunswick, Ga., the favorite and well-known steamer HUNTSVILLE, Chester, Master, having superior accommodations for passengers, will sail SATURDAY, Nov. 20, from Pier No. 3 North River, at 3 P. M., for above ports, making connections with all points South and South-west, via Port Royal, the Florida and Brunswick Railroads.

First-class passage to Fernandina..........$20 00
First-class passage to Jacksonville..........22 50
First-class passage to Augusta..........20 00
First-class to Albany..........22 50

Through tickets issued to all points South and South-west.
For freight or passage, apply to HERM. GELPCKE, No. 5 William st.

NEW-YORK, HAVANA AND MEXICAN MAIL S. S. LINE.

Steamers leave Pier No. 3 North River at 3 P. M.:
FOR HAVANA DIRECT.
CITY OF VERA CRUZ..........Thursday, Nov. 18
CITY OF NEW-YORK..........Thursday, Nov. 25
CITY OF MERIDA..........Tuesday, Dec. 7
FOR VERA CRUZ AND NEW-ORLEANS, Calling at HAVANA, PROGRESO, CAMPEACHY, TUSPAN, and TAMPICO
CITY OF MERIDA..........Tuesday, Dec. 7
For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, Nos. 31 and 33 Broadway.
Steamers will leave New-Orleans Nov. 20 and Dec. 11 for Vera Cruz and all the above ports.

STEAMBOATS.

PROVIDENCE AND STONINGTON STEAM-SHIP COMPANY,

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND BOSTON.
STONINGTON LINE,
FOR PROVIDENCE, NEWPORT, AND BOSTON.

The elegant steamers RHODE ISLAND, NARRAGANSETT, and STONINGTON leave Pier No. 33 North River, foot of Jay st., daily, (except Sundays,) at 4:30 P. M. Through tickets to principal New-England points at railroad depots and ticket offices. State-rooms secured at offices of Westcott Express Company, and at No. 319 Broadway.

PROVIDENCE LINE, (direct.)

Steam-ships ELECTRA and GALATEA leave Pier No. 27 North River, foot of Robinson st., daily, (except Sundays,) at 4 P. M. Direct connection to Worcester and points beyond. Freights via either line taken at lowest rates.
D. S. BABCOCK, President.
L. W. FILKINS, General Passenger Agent.

SEA BIRD.

Capt. H. B. PARKER, for Red Bank and intermediate stations, Pier No. 35 North River, foot of Franklin st.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Tuesday, 16th...9:30 A. M.	Monday, 15th...7:30 A. M.
Thursday, 18th...11:00 A. M.	Wed'day, 17th...8:00 A. M.
Saturday, 20th...1:00 P. M.	Friday, 19th...10:30 A. M.
Tuesday, 23d...2:00 P. M.	Monday, 22d...1:00 P. M.
Thursday, 25th...2:00 P. M.	Wed'day, 24th...2:00 P. M.
Friday, 26th...2:00 P. M.	Friday, 26th...7:00 A. M.

FOR RONDOUT AND KINGSTON, LANDING at Highland Falls, (near West Point,) Cornwall, Newburg, Marlborough, Milton, Highland, (New-Paltz,) and Esopus, the steam-boat THOMAS CORNELL, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, leaving Harrison st., Pier No. 34 North River, at 4 P. M.

GREAT REDUCTION IN FARE BY PEOPLE'S Line Steam-boats to Albany. State-rooms warmed by steam-pipes. Passage only $1; berth, 50 cents. Deck passage, 50 cents. Leaving daily (Sunday excepted) at 6 P. M., from Pier 41 N. R., foot of Canal st.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck slip for New-Haven at 3 and 11 P. M., connecting with road.

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS ON Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 11:30 A. M.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE GREAT TRUNK LINE AND UNITED STATES MAIL ROUTE.

Trains leave New-York from foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts., as follows:

Express for Harrisburg, Pittsburg, the West and South, with Pullman Palace Cars attached, 9:30 A. M., 5 and 8:30 P. M. Sunday, 5 and 8:30 P. M.

For Williamsport and Lock Haven, (via Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Division, connecting at Philadelphia,) 9:30 A. M. For Williamsport, Lock Haven, Corry, and Erie, 8:30 P. M., connecting at Corry for Titusville, Petroleum Centre, and the Oil Regions.

For Baltimore, Washington, and the South "Limited Washington Express" of Pullman Palace Cars, daily, except Sunday, 9:30 A. M.; arrive Washington, 4:10 P. M. Regular at 8:40 A. M., 3 and 9 P. M. Sunday, 9 P. M.

Express for Philadelphia, 7, 7:30, 8:40, 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 3, 4, 4:10, 4:50, 5, 7, 8:30, 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday, 8 A. M., 4:50, 5, 6, 7, 8:30, and 9 P. M. Emigrant and second class, 7 P. M.

For Newark at 6, 6:30, 7, 7:40, 8, 9, 10, 11 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4, 4:10, 4:30, 5, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday, 8 A. M., 5:20, 6, 6:30, 7, and 8:10 P. M.

For Elizabeth, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:40, 8, 9, 10, 11 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4, 4:10, 4:30, 4:50, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday, 8 A. M., 5:20, 6, 6:30, 7, and 8:10 P. M.

For Rahway, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:40, 8, 10, 11 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 4:50, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 8:10, 10 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 8 A. M., 5:20, 6:30 and 7 P. M.

For Woodbridge, Perth Amboy, and South Amboy, 6 and 10 A. M., 2:30, 4:50, and 6 P. M.

For New-Brunswick, 7 and 8 A. M., 12 M., 2, 3:10, 4:10, 5:20, 6:10, 7, and 12 night. Sunday 8 A. M., and 6 and 7 P. M.

For East Millstone, 12 noon, 3 and 5:20 P. M.

For Kingston and Rocky Hill, 8:40 A. M., and 4:10 P. M.

For Princeton, 7, 8:40 A. M., 12:30, 2, 4:10, and 7 P. M.

For Lambertville, 9:30 A. M., 2, 4:10 and 5 P. M.

For Flemington, Philipsburg, and Belvidere, 9:30 A. M., and 2 P. M.

For Mercer and Somerset Branch, 3 P. M.

For Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, and Camden, 7:30 and 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 2, 4, 5, and 7 P. M.

For Freehold, 7:30 A. M., 2 and 4:10 P. M.

For Farmingdale and Squan, 7:30 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Hightstown, Pemberton, and Camden, via Perth Amboy, 2:30 P. M., and via Monmouth Junction, 4:10 P. M.

For Hightstown and Pemberton, 6 A. M. via Perth Amboy, and 7:30 A. M. via Monmouth Junction.

Trains arrive as follows: From Pittsburg, 6:55 and 10:30 A. M. and 9:20 P. M., daily; 10:15 A. M. and 6:50 P. M., daily, except Monday. From Washington and Baltimore, 6:20 A. M., 4:15, 5:15, and 10:27 P. M. Sunday 6:20 A. M. From Philadelphia, 5:10, 6:20, 6:55, 10:15, 11:20, 11:54 A. M., 2:15, 4:15, 5:10, 6:50, 8:44, 9:20, 10:27 P. M. Sunday 5:10, 6:20, 6:55, 10:15, 11:54 A. M., 6:50, 9:20, and 10:27 11:15 P. M.

Ticket Offices, Nos. 526 and 944 Broadway, No. 1 Astor House, and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts.; No. 4 Court st., Brooklyn; Nos. 114, 116, and 118 Hudson st., Hoboken. Emigrant Ticket Office, No. 8 Battery place.

FRANK THOMSON, General Manager. D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.

ALLENTOWN LINE TO THE WEST.

Passenger and freight station in New-York, foot of Liberty st. Connects at Somerville with South Branch Railroad; at Hampton Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad; at Phillipsburg, with Lehigh and Susquehanna Division; also with Lehigh Valley Railroad. Direct line to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, and the West; also to Central Pennsylvania and New-York State.

FALL ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing Nov. 4, 1875.—Leave New-York as follows:

5:30 A. M.—New Train for Easton, Belvidere, Bethlehem, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Tamanend, Wilkesbarre, Pottsville, Scranton, &c.

6:15 A. M.—Way Train for Dunellen.

7:45 A. M.—Way Train for Flemington and Easton, connects at Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

9:15 A. M.—Morning Express, Daily, (except Sundays,) for Easton, Allentown, Harrisburg, and the West. Connects at Easton for Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Towanda, Wilkesbarre, Pottsville, Scranton, Danville, Williamsport, &c.

10:15 A. M.—Way Train for Somerville and Flemington.

1 P. M.—Express for Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Mahanoy City, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Reading, Columbia, Lancaster, Ephrata, Pottsville, Harrisburg, &c.

2:45 P. M.—Express for Easton, Belvidere, Bath, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, and Scranton.

3:30 P. M.—Way Train for Dunellen.

4:00 P. M.—Way Train for Easton, Allentown, and Mauch Chunk. Connects at Junction with Delaware Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

4:30 P. M.—Way Train for Somerville and Flemington.

5:00 P. M.—Way Train for Dunellen.

5:15 P. M.—Evening Express, daily, for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Towanda, Reading, and Harrisburg.

5:30 P. M.—Way Train for Somerville.

6:00 P. M.—Way Train for Somerville.

6:30 P. M.—Way Train for Dunellen.

7:30 P. M.—Way Train for Somerville.

8:30 P. M.—For Easton.

9:30 P. M.—Way Train for Somerville.

12:00 P. M.—Way Train for Dunellen.

For Elizabeth at 4:40, 5:30, 6:15, 6:40, 7:00, 7:30, 7:45, 8:00, 8:45, 9:15, 9:30, 10:15, 11:15, A. M., 12:00 M., 12:40, 1:00, 1:45, 2:30, 2:45, 3:00, 3:30, 3:45, 4:00, 4:15, 4:30, 4:45, 5:00, 5:15, 5:30, 5:45, 6:00, 6:15, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:15, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:15, 12:00 P. M.

R. E. RICKER, Superintendent and Engineer.
H. P. BALDWIN, General Passenger Agent.

NEW-YORK, NEW-HAVEN AND HARTFORD RAILROAD.

After June 28, 1875, trains leave Grand Central Depot (42d st.) for New-Canaan Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 1:00 and 4:40 and 5:40 P. M.; Danbury and Norwalk Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 3:15 and 4:40 P. M.; Naugatuck Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3:00 P. M.; Housatonic Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3:00 P. M.; New-Haven and Northampton Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 4:40 P. M.; for Newport at 8:05 A. M. and 1 P. M.; Boston and Albany Railroad at 8:05 and 10 A. M., 3 and 9 P. M. (7 P. M. on Sunday;) Boston (via Shore Line) at 1 and 10 P. M., (10 P. M. on Sunday.)

Way trains as per local time tables.
J. T. MOODY, Superintendent New-York Division.
E. M. REED, Vice President, New-York.

RAILROADS.

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD.

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS, Aug. 8, 1875.

Leave depots foot of Cortlandt and Desbrosses sts. at

7 A. M.—For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton, Beaver Meadow, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Mount Carmel, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Elmira, &c., connecting with trains for Ithaca, Auburn, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and the West.

1 P. M.—For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Hazleton, Mahanoy City, Shenandoah, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Tunkhannock, &c., making close connection for Reading, Pottsville, and Harrisburg.

4 P. M.—For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, and Mauch Chunk, stopping at all stations.

6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Elmira, &c., connecting with trains for Ithaca, Auburn, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and the West. Pullman's sleeping coaches attached.

ROBERT H. SAYRE, Superintendent and Eng'r.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—After Sept. 26, 1875, through trains will leave Grand Central Depot:

8:00 A. M., Chicago and Northern Express, with drawing-room cars through to Rochester. Also St. Albans, via Manchester, Vt.

10:30 A. M., special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls, arriving at Niagara Falls 1:45 A. M.

11:00 A. M., Northern and Western Express.

4:00 P. M., Montreal Express, with sleeping cars from New-York to St. Albans, arriving at Montreal 8:50 A. M.

6:00 P. M., Express, daily, with sleeping cars, for Watertown and Canandaigua.

8:00 P. M., Pacific Express, daily, with sleeping cars, for Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls; also for Chicago, via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads.

11:00 P. M., Express, with sleeping cars, for Albany and Troy. Way trains as per local Time Table.

C. H. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.

ERIE RAILWAY.

Autumn Arrangement of through trains, September, 1875. From Chambers Street Depot. (For 23d st. see note below.)

9:00 A. M., daily, except Sundays, Cincinnati and Chicago Day Express. Drawing-room coaches to Buffalo and sleeping coaches to Cincinnati and Detroit.

10:45 A. M., daily, except Sundays, Express Mail for Buffalo and Niagara Falls. Sleeping coach to Buffalo.

7:00 P. M., daily, Pacific Express to the West. Sleeping coaches through to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Cincinnati, Detroit, and Chicago without change.

7:00 P. M., except Sundays, Western Emigrant train.

Above trains leave Twenty-third Street Ferry at 8:45 and 10:15 A. M., and 6:45 P. M.

For local trains, see time-tables and cards in hotels and depots.

JNO. N. ABBOTT, General Passenger Agent.

WICKFORD RAILROAD ROUTE TO NEWPORT, R. I.—Passengers for this line take 8:05 A. M. and 1 P. M. express trains from Grand Central Depot, arriving at 4:20 and 8:20 P. M.
THEODORE WARREN, Supt.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the District of New-Jersey.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FREDERICK J. McDONALD, bankrupt.—District of New-Jersey, ss.: A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by the said court against the estate of Frederick J. McDonald, of Clifton, in the County of Passaic, and State of New-Jersey, in said district, who has been duly adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition; and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property belonging to him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Jersey City, N. J., in said district, on the 15th day of December, A. D. 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of Staats S. Morris, Esq., No. 1 Montgomery st., Room 3, one of the Registers in Bankruptcy for said district.
SAMUEL PLUMMER, U. S. Marshal for said District,
Per JOHN C. BAILEY, Deputy.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of THOMAS A. VYSE, Jr., JOHN R. WALLER, and JOHN H. WEBER, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said court against the estate of Thomas A. Vyse, Jr., John R. Waller, and John H. Weber, of the County of New-York, of the State of New-York, in said District, adjudged bankrupts upon the petition of their creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupts, to them or to their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts to prove their debts and choose one or more Assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at No. 152 Broadway, in the City of New-York, in said district, on the 30th day of November, A. D. 1875, at twelve o'clock M., at the office of Henry Wilder Allen, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said court. OLIVER FISKE, Marshal—Messenger.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SAMUEL SECOR and JOHN A. SECOR, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said court against the estate of Samuel Secor and John A. Secor, of the County of New-York, of the State of New-York, in said district, adjudged bankrupts upon the petition of their creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupts, to them or to their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts, to prove their debts and choose one or more Assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at No. 129 Fulton street, in the City of New-York, in said district, on the first day of December, A. D. 1875, at twelve o'clock M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said court.
OLIVER FISKE, Marshal—Messenger.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 13th day of November, A. D. 1875, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of BENJAMIN H. WOODWORTH, heretofore carrying on business in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition, that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 4 Warren street, in the City of New-York, in said district, before Isaiah T. Williams, Esq., Register, on the 2d day of December, A. D. 1875, at two o'clock P. M.
OLIVER FISKE, United States Marshal, as Messenger, Southern District of New-York.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 9th day of November, A. D. 1875, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of MARK M. POMEROY, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 152 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register, on the 29th day of November, A. D. 1875, at twelve o'clock M.
OLIVER FISKE,
United States Marshal, as Messenger, Southern District of New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of New-Jersey.—In the matter of JOHN ELLIOTT CONDICT and others, bankrupts.—John B. Hollister, one of the said bankrupts, having applied to the court for a discharge from his debts, by order of the court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear before the said court, at the State-house, in the City of Trenton, in said district, on the 14th day of December, A. D. 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M., and show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.
W. S. BELVILLE, Clerk.
CHAS. F. HILL, Attorney. n18-1aw3wTh*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN MANNING, bankrupt.—In bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss.: At the City of New-York, the eighth day of November, 1875. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the estate and effects of John Manning, of the City of New-York in said district, who was on the sixteenth day of October, A. D., 1875, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of the United States, for the said Southern District of New-York.
n11-1aw3wTh* WM. J. TRIMBLE, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of New-Jersey.—In the matter of JOSEPH P. HAGUE, bankrupt.—The said bankrupt having applied to the court for a discharge from his debts, by order of the court notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear before the said court at the State-house in the City of Trenton, in said district, on the thirtieth day of November, A. D. 1875, at ten o'clock A. M., and show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.
n4-1aw3wTh* W. S. BELVILLE, Clerk.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—At the City of New-York, the 18th day of November, 1875.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of MICHAEL A. RUSSELL, of the City of New-York, in the County and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
JOHN H. PLATT, Assignee,
n18-1aw3wTh No. 40 Wall street, New-York.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss.: At the City of New-York, the 4th day of November, 1875.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of GEORGE C. RICH and AUGUSTA M. RICH, both of the City of New-York, in the County and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts, upon a creditors' petition, by the District Court of said district.
JOHN H. PLATT, Assignee,
n4 1aw3wTh No. 40 Wall street, New-York.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM TUCKER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their office, No. 68 Bank street, in the City of New-York, on or before the twenty-fourth day of May next.—Dated New-York, the seventeenth day of November, 1875.
HENRY TUCKER,
JACOB C. BOGERT,
STEPHEN H. V. MOORE, } Executors.
n18-1aw6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARTHA F. WURTS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of Jonathan Edwards, Equitable Trust Company, No. 52 William street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 3d day of April next.—Dated New-York, the 9th day of September, 1875. CHARLES F. WURTS, Executor.
s30-1aw6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SUSAN M. SUYDAM, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 401 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the thirtieth day of December next.—Dated New-York, the twenty-third day of June, 1875.
je24-1aw6mTh* WILLIAM H. OAKLEY, Executor.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

THE UP-TOWN OFFICE OF THE TIMES.

The up-town office of THE TIMES is located at No. 1,257 Broadway, bet. 31st and 32d sts. Open daily, Sundays included, from 4 A. M. to 9 P. M. Subscriptions received, and copies of THE TIMES for sale.

ADVERTISEMENTS RECEIVED UNTIL 9 P. M.

MRS. M. B. SUMNER,

NOS. 20 AND 22 EAST 35TH ST.,

Has one large suite, with private bath-room, and some upper rooms. Also, in her up-town house,

NO. 8 EAST 57TH ST.,

A very elegantly-furnished parlor floor and one large room on second floor; with or without private table in both houses.

TWENTY-EIGHTH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH AVS.—A nicely-furnished room, modern improvements, in a private family, to let, with board, to two gentlemen; terms moderate. Address A. B. C., Box No. 291 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

AN INVALID OR AGED PERSON WISHING a pleasant home in the City, where they will receive every necessary attention and kindly care, may obtain such by addressing, for three days, A. B., Box No. 251 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY. Best references given and required.

NO. 47 WEST 35TH ST.—DESIRABLE FRONT rooms, en suite or separately, with board; private table, if desired; also rooms for gentlemen; the house is handsomely furnished throughout, and first class in all its appointments; references.

A PRIVATE FAMILY OF ADULTS OF refinement offer a lovely home and very desirable rooms, beautifully furnished, with first-class table, to a gentleman and wife, or two gentlemen. Apply at No. 124 West 13th st., between 6th and 7th avs.

A SUITE OF HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED rooms on second floor, en suite or singly, with or without private table; family private; references required and given. No. 20 32d st., between Madison and 5th avs.

NO. 28 WEST 22D ST.—A SECOND FLOOR, handsomely furnished, with first-class board or private table; also, one single room on fourth floor, would let to a party of gentlemen without board; references.

NO. 333 WEST 22D ST.—LARGE, HANDsomely-furnished front room, southern exposure, with first-class board; terms moderate; also, front hall rooms, southern exposure; $6 50 to $7 per week; location unexceptionable.

TWENTY-EIGHTH ST., NO. 55, WEST.—Handsomely-furnished rooms, with or without board, in a small family, on second and third floors; rooms for single gentlemen; references exchanged.

NO. 26 WEST 16TH ST.—SPACIOUS, NICELY-furnished rooms on third and fourth floors; smaller rooms with grate fire, water, and gas; house twenty-eight feet wide.

NO. 117 WEST 34TH ST., FOUR DOORS West of Broadway—An elegant floor, handsomely furnished, with or without private table; references exchanged.

NO. 54 WEST 24TH ST.—SECOND FLOOR, four or five rooms, with board; no objection to children; home comforts; best references given and required. Mrs. SADLER, formerly of 14th st.

NO. 31 WEST 16TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV.—A private family have a handsome suite of apartments, with private table or breakfast only; highest references required.

TWO FRONT THIRD-STORY ROOMS, with first-class board, near Madison av. and Central Park, to rent; terms, $25 weekly for two persons. Address MADISON, Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

NO. 147 EAST 18TH ST.—TO LET TO A PARTY of gentlemen, three furnished bedrooms, with exclusive use of parlor; breakfast, gas, &c.; references exchanged.

ONE HANDSOME SUITE OF ROOMS ON second floor, two connecting on third, with or without private table; reference given and required. No. 23 West 26th st.

NO. 4 WEST 22D ST.—SECOND-FLOOR LARGE and hall room, handsomely furnished; other pleasant rooms, with board; desirable locality; house unexceptionable; reduced prices; references required.

NO. 252 WEST 17TH ST.—TO A QUIET party a physician will rent front parlor, bedroom adjoining, warmed by heater, $10 per week; or back parlor and alcove, $4 50; board if desired.

NO. 227 EAST 12TH ST., BETWEEN 2D and 3d avs.—Nicely furnished single and double rooms, with excellent board, in a French Family; references required.

NO. 47 WEST 50TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—Beautiful location—handsome rooms, with excellent board; every convenience, and all home comforts, at moderate prices.

SECOND FLOOR, FURNISHED.—PARTIES marketing for themselves can have meals prepared and served. Parties desiring board apply to S. A. DAILEY, No. 588 6th av.

FIFTH AV., NO. 224.—THIRD FLOOR, EN suite, with or without private table; also single rooms for gentlemen. For reference inquire at St. James' Hotel office.

NO. 82 IRVING PLACE, TWO DOORS FROM GRAMERCY PARK.—An entire second floor; large, light, and unusually pleasant sunny rooms; private table if preferred; references.

THE OWNER, OCCUPYING AN ELEGANT residence, No. 227 West 14th st., will rent, with board, second and upper floors, splendidly and newly furnished, to first-class parties; references exchanged.

FIFTH AV., NO. 341.—MRS. SEAVER WILL rent a very desirable suite of apartments, with private bath, to families, with private table, or to gentlemen with breakfast.

NO. 4 WEST 22D ST.—SECOND FLOOR LARGE and hall room, handsomely furnished, other rooms, with board; location very desirable; house unexceptionable; prices reduced; references required.

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS FOR parties desiring board on the avenues and side streets, with or without private tables. S. A. DAILEY, No. 588 6th av.

ONE SUITE OF ELEGANTLY-FURNISHED rooms and one single room to let, with board, by a family occupying their own house; reference required. No. 43 West 22d st.

HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED ROOMS TO let, with board, at No. 68 West 39th st., between 5th and 6th avs.

NO. 49 EAST 21ST ST.—DESIRABLE ROOMS on third floor, with first-class board; references exchanged.

THE MISS PEARSALLS HAVE TWO CONNECTING rooms, third-story front, with board. No. 54 West 38th st.

NO. 50 WEST 28TH ST.—A SUITE OF THREE sunny rooms to let, with unexceptionable board; references exchanged.

HARLEM.—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, NEAR 5TH av.; good table; all conveniences; prices reasonable; references. Inquire No. 35 West 126th st.

NO. 280 4TH AV.—A LARGE, SUNNY, SECOND-story front room to rent, with first-class board, by a private family; terms moderate.

TO LET—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, A LARGE FURnished front room, second floor, southern exposure; breakfast if desired. No. 23 East 24th st.

FIFTH AV., NO. 243.—A HANDSOME THIRD floor, with private table, or to gentlemen, with breakfast; two pleasant rooms on fourth floor.

FIFTH AV., NO. 291.—A VERY DESIRABLE and newly-furnished suite of apartments, with private table.

SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS, WITH private table, can be found, fronting Reservoir Park, at No. 33 West 42d st.

MRS. R. H. JENKINS OFFERS AN ELEGANT suite of rooms, or would let separately, with board, at No. 178 Madison av.

NO. 18 WEST 21ST ST.—SECOND FLOOR front, connecting rooms; also single rooms; with or without board; reference exchanged.

THIRTY-SEVENTH ST., NO. 35, WEST.—Parlor floor to let, with private table; also rooms for single gentlemen.

NO. 71 WEST 36TH ST.—SECOND-STORY front room and bedroom; southern exposure; large pantries, &c., to let, with board.

A DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOM ON fourth floor, with board, at No. 36 West 31st st.; references exchanged.

NO. 30 EAST 35TH ST.—ENTIRE SECOND floor to rent, with or without private table; terms low to suitable parties; also upper rooms; references.

A NICELY-FURNISHED ROOM TO LET, with board, to gentleman and wife or single gentlemen, at No. 47 West 38th st.

DESIRABLE ROOMS TO RENT WITH board; family private; references exchanged. No. 118 West 45th st.

NO. 28 EAST 22D ST.—HANDSOMELY FURnished rooms to let, single or en suite, with or without board, on second or third floors; reference.

NO. 2 WEST 39TH ST., FIRST HOUSE FROM 5TH AV.—Large, handsomely-furnished suite of apartments, with private table.

TO LET—A LARGE AND A SMALL APARTMENT, newly painted and furnished, with good private table; also, a doctor's office. No. 37 West 33d st.

NO. 51 EAST 21ST ST.—DESIRABLE ROOMS to rent, with first-class table; references exchanged.

FIFTH AV., NO. 347.—SUITE OF THREE rooms, second floor, front, with first-class table.

NO. 61 WEST 17TH ST.—SINGLE ROOM TO rent, with board, in a family of refinement.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

SUPERIOR FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET IN NO. 68 MADISON AV.—Rooms for single gentlemen at $4 to $8 per week; superior large parlor; bedroom on second floor. Also rooms on second, third, and fourth floors. References exchanged. Apply to Mrs. McDERMOTT, at the house.

DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, without board, in the first-class house. No. 34 West 25th st., near Madison square; choice location.

ONE FINELY-FURNISHED FLOOR IN the newly decorated house situated No. 27 West 39th st., near 5th av.; possession immediate.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM AND HALL room to let to gentlemen at No. 35 West 23d st., near 5th av. Hotel breakfast if desired.

NO. 18 WEST 25TH ST.—FURNISHED APARTments to let, without board, near 5th av. and Broadway.

WINTER RESORTS.

ROYAL VICTORIA HOTEL, NASSAU, N. P., BAHAMAS.—Now open; the most delightful climate in the world; steamers will leave Savannah, Ga., every ten days and make the trip in two days. For particulars, address JAMES LIDGERWOOD, 758 Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S. CASTE.

Proprietor and Manager..........Mr. LESTER WALLACK.
Commences at 8 o'clock. Terminates 10:40.

EVERY EVENING AND SATURDAY MATINEE,
Robertson's most perfect work,
CASTE.
WITH NEW SCENERY AND APPOINTMENTS,
and the following
UNPRECEDENTED DISTRIBUTION OF CHARACTERS.
GEORGE D'ALROY..........Mr. H. J. MONTAGUE
ECCLES (his original character) Mr. GEORGE HONEY
(by special arrangement with Arthur Cheney, Esq., proprietor of the Globe Theatre, Boston.)
CAPT. HAWTREE..........Mr. C. A. STEVENSON
SAM GERRIDGE..........Mr. E. M. HOLLAND
DIXON..........Mr. J. F. JOSEPHS
ESTHER ECCLES..........Miss ADA DYAS
POLLY ECCLES..........Miss EFFIE GERMON
THE MARQUISE DE ST. MAUR..........Mme. PONISI

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

As Mr. GEORGE HONEY'S engagement in Boston will preclude the possibility of his appearing here after Saturday evening, Mr. Wallack has much pleasure in announcing that, in order to maintain

THE EVEN EXCELLENCE OF THE CAST,
Mr. HARRY BECKETT

will, on his return from his Brooklyn engagement, assume for the first time the character of
ECCLES.

Due notice will be given of the reappearance of Mr. JOHN GILBERT.

EAGLE THEATRE. TOO MUCH CARE
EAGLE THEATRE. TOO MUCH CARE
Broadway and 33d st.
Mr. JOSH HART..........Sole Proprietor and Manager
THE MOST BEAUTIFUL THEATRE IN AMERICA.
MONDAY and EVERY EVENING, and MATINEES, until further notice, the great English comedian and vocalist, Mr. J. H. MACDERMOTT, J. H. MACDERMOTT.
Mr. Macdermott appears in a novel and original dramatic cantata, by Arthur Sullivan and W. T. Gilbert, entitled
TRIAL BY JURY.
The Learned Judge..........Mr. J. H. MACDERMOTT
Counselor for plaintiff, Mr. G. H. Coes; foreman of the court, Mr. J. Danvers; the defendant, Mr. W. Forrester; usher of the court, Mr. J. Hogan; the plaintiff, Miss Rose Keene; bridesmaids, Miss Julia Hogan and ladies of the chorus; gentlemen of the jury, Messrs. Quinn, Demilt, and gentlemen of the chorus.
Libretto of the opera given without cost.
A new melange of acts, sketches, songs, &c., by Rickey, Barney, Wild, Schoolcraft, Coes, Bradley, Edwards, Crosley, Elder, Crossin, &c.; Miss Ella Wesner, Miss Louise Franklin, &c.
The side-splitting farce entitled the
DRESS REHEARSAL; Or, WILD'S OLD MAN.
Concluding with the very amusing burlesque,
DID SHE GO | LED ASTRAY.
OR WAS SHE | LED ASTRAY.
Countess Arm-Anne-Sham-Dose....Mr. G. K. Fortescue
Assisted by the entire company. Box office open daily from 10 to 5. Seats can be secured two weeks in advance. MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

HEBREW CHARITY FAIR.

The managers of the fair in aid of the Mount Sinai Hospital having secured Gilmore's Garden, (late Barnum's Hippodrome,) Madison and 4th avs., 26th and 27th sts., beg to announce that the Fair will be inaugurated Dec. 6.

Those desiring to contribute (in the departments of dry goods, woolens, and clothing) who may have been overlooked by the committee, will confer a favor by sending their contributions to the respective Chairmen:

JACOB F. BAMBERGER, Chairman Dry Goods Department, No. 115 Worth st. | MAX STADLER, Chairman Woolen and Clothing Department, Nos. 31 and 33 White st.

H. BLUM, of L. & H. Blum.
R. BUCHMAN, of Rindskopf Bros. & Co.
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OLYMPIC THEATRE, NO. 624 BROADWAY.
JOHN F. POOLE..........Manager
THE LILLIPUTIAN CIRCUS,
EIGHT BEAUTIFUL TRAINED PONIES,
THE DASHING AND DARING YOUNG RIDERS,
MASTERS LEOTARD AND HARRY.
LURLINE, THE WATER QUEEN,
AND ALL THE GREAT OLYMPIC COMPANY,
MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
OPERA-HOUSE, BROADWAY AND 29TH ST.
CLOTILDE, OR THE BRUISED HEART.
THE FOUR TRAMPS.
The funniest entertainment in the world.
Seats secured. MATINEE SATURDAY at 2.

METROPOLITAN MUSEUM OF ART,
No. 128 West 14th st., New-York.
Open daily, Sundays excepted, from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.
MONDAYS and THURSDAYS free.

BOARD WANTED.

A GENTLEMAN WISHES TO FIND A COMfortable home, with good board; a fair sized room with closets; must have a southern exposure; location not above 30th st., between 6th and 4th avs.; references exchanged. Address, with full particulars, E. N. P., Box No. 127 *Times* Office.

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WANTED—TWO ROOMS, SECOND OR THIRD floor, and board for three in a private family; no attention will be paid to answer unless description of rooms and price are given. Address H., Box No. 287 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

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FUSSELL'S ICE CREAM.

THE BEST IN THE CITY.
Less than four quarts, 35c. per quart.
Four quarts or more, 30c. per quart.
Large quantities, 25c. per quart.
Charlotte Russe, 50c. per quart.
Small Charlotte Russe, 75c. per dozen.
Wine jelly, 50c. per quart.
Out-of-town orders promptly attended to.
J. FUSSELL & SONS, No. 12 Bible House.

HORTON'S ICE-CREAM,

made from pure Cream; known to be the best and always the cheapest. Parties, weddings, and other entertainments using five gallons, 25 Cents per Quart. CHARLOTTE RUSSE, rich and delicious, 72c. per dozen. DEPOTS, NOS. 305 4TH AV., AND 1,264 BROADWAY.

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EPILEPSY OR FITS.

A SURE CURE for this distressing complaint is now made known in a treatise (of 48 octavo pages) on Foreign and Native Herbal Preparations, published by Dr. O. PHELPS BROWN. The prescription was discovered by him in such a providential manner that he cannot conscientiously refuse to make it known, as it has cured everybody who has used it for Fits, never having failed in a single case. The ingredients may be obtained from any druggist.

A copy sent free to all applicants by mail.
Address Dr. O. PHELPS BROWN, No. 21 Grand st., Jersey City, N. J.

FOR PATENT BLIND FASTENINGS—SEcurely locking blinds top and bottom, preventing sagging, warping, and rattling—address PHILIPP WEIGAND, West Chester, Westchester County, N. Y.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—IN PURSUANCE OF an order of the Court of Chancery of New-Jersey, made in a certain cause therein depending, wherein FRANCIS HART and THEODORE L. DEVENNY are complainants, and THE TRENTON LOCK COMPANY are defendants, bearing date October nineteen, A. D. 1875, the undersigned, Receiver of the said Trenton Lock Company, hereby gives notice to all creditors of the said Trenton Lock Company to present to him at his office, No. 55 East State street, Trenton, N. J., (under oath or affirmation,) all their several claims and demands against the said company, on or before the nineteenth day February next, being four months from the date of said order, and in default thereof, they will be excluded from the benefits of such dividends as may thereafter be declared by said court upon the proceeds and effects of said Corporation.—Trenton, Nov. 5, 1875.
SAMUEL L. DAILY, Receiver.

TEACHERS.

AN EXPERIENCED CLASSICAL AND MATHEmatical teacher and gold medalist of foreign university desires private pupils; prepares for college (English or American); highest City reference. Address TEACHER, Box No. 315 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

A GRADUATE OF PRINCETON COLLEGE, aged thirty-five, high family connection, thorough classical education, familiar with German, accustomed to teach, wishes employment as private tutor or instructor in a City school; moderate terms will suffice. J. W. A., Box No. 555 New-York Post Office.

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PROF. C. DE LA VERGNE, TEACHER OF French, takes classes or single pupils. Address No. 30 West 27th st., New-York.

AMUSEMENTS.

CHICKERING HALL. 5TH AV. AND 18TH ST.
HANS VON BULOW
CONCERTS.
FRIDAY EVENING, NOV. 21, AT 8 O'CLOCK.
THIRD CONCERT.—PROGRAMME.
L. V. BEETHOVEN.
The FIFTH GRAND CONCERTO.....Opus 73 in E flat
(a) J. S. Bach.
Prelude and Fugue..........For the organ, in A minor
Arranged for the Piano by F. LISZT.
(b) F. MENDELSSOHN.
Prelude and Fugue..........Opus 35, No. 1
(c) JOACHIM RAFF.
Prelude and Fugue..........From the suite, opus 72
F. LISZT.
FIRST GRAND CONCERTO..........In E flat

VON BULOW MATINEE, SATURDAY AT 2 O'CLOCK.
GRAND BEETHOVEN PROGRAMME.
GRAND OVERTURE (opus 124) in C major.
"Dedication of the House."
FOURTH GRAND CONCERTO (opus 58) in G major.
SONATA APPASSIONATA (opus 57) in F minor.
15 VARIATIONS, Fugue and Finale, (opus 35,) in E flat.

NEXT MONDAY, Nov. 22, Fifth Concert, will be performed the great Russian Concerto, by TSCHAIKOWSKY.
CONDUCTOR..........Dr. LEOPOLD DAMROSCH
Reserved seats, $2. Seats at Schuberth's music store, No. 23 Union square, and No. 114 Broadway.
CHICKERING PIANOS are used by VON BULOW.

PARK THEATRE. ELEVENTH WEEK.
EVERY EVENING AND MATINEE SATURDAY.

MIGHTY DOLLAR, THE FLORENCES.

NO FREE LIST EXCEPT THE PRESS.
SEVENTY-FOURTH PERFORMANCE TO-NIGHT.
SEATS SECURED FOUR WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

GILMORE'S CONCERT GARDEN.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. 24,
GRAND TOURNAMENT.
MONSTER
GLADIATORIAL CONTEST,
WRESTLING MATCHES, BOXING, FENCING,
VELOCIPEDE RACES, AND OTHER SPORTS.
MAGNIFICENT BAND IN ATTENDANCE.
Full particulars in future advertisements.

THANKSGIVING, NOV. 25,
at
HOWARD MISSION,
NO. 40 NEW BOWERY, NEW-YORK.

Dinner to be provided for 1,300 persons, chiefly of poor children and those to whom they are related, all known to us by personal visitation. Contributions of the various supply of provisions, poultry, and other goods respectfully solicited and thankfully received at the mission.

Money may be sent to the Treasurer, H. E. TOMPKINS, Esq., Post Office Box No. 4,512.
Doors open from 11 to 4 o'clock.
WM. D. CLEGG, Superintendent.

HEBREW CHARITY FAIR,
IN AID OF THE
MOUNT SINAI HOSPITAL,
Will open at Gilmore's Garden on MONDAY EVENING, the 6th December next, at 7:30 o'clock.
E. B. HART, Chairman Executive Committee.
Season tickets are now ready and can be obtained of the undersigned. SAMUEL M. SCHAFER, Chairman Finance Committee, No. 15 Broad st.

TWO DAYS

MORE OF THE

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR.

2D AND 3D AVS., BETWEEN 63D AND 64TH STS.
ADMISSION, 50c. CHILDREN, 25c.

TONY PASTOR'S
NEW THEATRE,
Nos. 585 and 587 Broadway,
(opposite Metropolitan Hotel.)
MORE NEW STARS.
THE JAPANESE. THE JAPANESE.
100 STAR ARTISTS.
THE BEST PERFORMANCE EVER GIVEN IN NEW-YORK.
MATINEE TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

COLOSSEUM.

THE SIEGE OF PARIS

May be seen from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M., and from 7 to 10 P. M., daily. Admission, 50 cents.

DR. HOLLAND,
(Timothy Titcomb,)
ASSOCIATION HALL.
Y. M. C. A. LECTURE COURSE,
FRIDAY EVENING, NOV. 19.
HOBBY RIDING.
Tickets 50 cents, at the Hall.

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Collegiate Institute,

No. 40 Washington Square, New-York City.
(Location delightful and easy of access.)
DR. GEO. W. CLARKE, Principal, prepares pupils of all ages for business or college.
Thirty-third year. Now open.

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Central Park and 6th av. Boarding and Day School for Boys and Young Men of Seven to Twenty. New building unsurpassed for location, ventilation, interior arrangements. Prospectus sent on application.

LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
No. 5 East 22d st., corner Broadway.
Steadfast patrons a fair test of a school. One-fourth of present patrons have been such five years or more. Only good boys desired. Many have entered.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S
ENGLISH, FRENCH, and GERMAN BOARDING and DAY SCHOOL for young ladies and children, Nos. 6 and 8 East 53d st., (Central Park.)
Department Belles Lettres—Prof. Nairne. Historical Lectures—Dr. Labberton.
KINDERGARTEN Oct. 5.

ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL.
No. 252 Madison av., between 38th and 39th sts. School hours 9:30 A. M. to 2:30 P. M. The twenty-second annual circular contains the names of over twelve hundred pupils, present and past. Many of the latter are actively and prominently engaged in business or professional life, and are the references offered to the public. The circular (without the roll of pupils) is inserted in Trow's City Directory between pages 40 and 41.

FOR YOUNG LADIES BETWEEN FOURteen and eighteen; unsurpassed advantages of class study, under the best instructors, with free use of a rare library for reference, in a charming New-England home; unexceptionable references required. For circulars, address Box No. 84, Stockbridge, Mass.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S CLASSICAL, FRENCH, English, and Primary School, at No. 1,214 Broadway, near 30th st., reopens WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15. Terms, from $100 to $300 per year. A few boarders at $500 additional. Scholars boarded until families come to town. Carpentry, Latin conversation, physical education. Circulars at Putnam's Book-store, corner of 23d st. and 4th av., and at the school.

SEWARD INSTITUTE
FOR BOYS AND YOUNG MEN,
FLORIDA, Orange County, N. Y.—$160 pays for board, tuition, fuel, light, &c., for 20 weeks in this well-known institution; advantages superior; number limited; open Sept. 14. Send for catalogue. T. G. SCHRIVER, A. M.

ST. JOHN'S SCHOOL.—BOARDING AND DAY School for young ladies and children. Rev. THEODORE IRVING, Rector. No. 21 West 32d st. Separate department for boys.
Dr. Irving's class for the study of the fine arts will begin on Thursday, Nov. 4, at 11 o'clock.

GREENWICH INSTITUTE, GREENWICH, CONN.—A thorough English and Classical School in a beautiful location; high, central, and very healthful; twenty-five boarding pupils; no day scholars; two vacancies. HARRY PECK, Principal.

PAINE'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, NO. 62 BOWERY.—Book-keeping, Arithmetic, Mathematics, Classics, rudimental and higher English Branches; Penmanship, $3 monthly; Ladies taught Book-keeping and Correspondence; private instruction.

AN ARTIST WHO HAS STUDIED ABROAD desires to give instruction in pencil and crayon drawing; also, to form a class in modeling. Address S. C., Box No. 281 TIMES UP-TOWN OFFICE, NO. 1,257 BROADWAY.

MRS. JONSON AND MISS JONES' ENGLISH, French, and German boarding and day school for young ladies and children, No. 15 East 31st st.

D. S. EVERSON'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, corner 42d st. and 6th av., opposite Reservoir Park. "Short lessons thoroughly mastered."

WINCHESTER INSTITUTE, CONN.—FOR both sexes; fits boys for college. JAMES COWLES, Principal.

THE MISSES ROGERS' ENGLISH AND FRENCH Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, 352 West 20th st., reopens Wednesday, Sept. 15.

THE IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN-on-Hudson, offers unusual advantages for boys. Reopens Sept. 14. ARMAGNAC & ROWE, Principals.

MISS GIBBONS' ENGLISH AND FRENCH school for girls, No. 111 West 44th st., reopens Sept. 22.

MRS. ROBERTS AND MISS WALKER'S Day School for young ladies, No. 148 Madison av.

$250 A YEAR.—E. HINDS' INSTITUTE FOR twenty young boys, Hempstead, Long Island.

WILLIAM B. LEGGETT'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, No. 1,214 Broadway.

MISS F. B. PRIEST WILL REOPEN HER school, No. 229 East 19th st., Wednesday, Sept. 22.

A CLASS FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN AND private instruction. Thos. R. Ash, 17 E. 16th st.

DANCING.

Allen Dodworth's Dancing School.

NO. 212 FIFTH AV.

Brooklyn Branch at No. 135 Washington st. Classes or private lessons for ladies, gentlemen, and children. For particulars send for a circular.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. WACHTEL.
Fifth week of the brilliant season.
WACHTEL GRAND OPERA.
Director..........AD. NEUENDORFF.
FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 19,
Fifteenth subscription night.
POSTILLON DE LONJUMEAU.
THEODORE WACHTEL.....as.....Chapelou
SATURDAY, Nov. 20, at 2 o'clock,
GRAND MATINEE.
Beethoven's immortal work, in three acts,
FIDELIO.
Mlle. PAPPENHEIM, Mlle. BECKMANN, Mr. MILDER, Mr. FASSBENDER, Mr. FRANOSCH, Mr. ROHBECK, &c., &c., in the cast.
POPULAR PRICES FOR THIS MATINEE:
Box seats, $1 50. Admission, $1. (no extra charge for reserved seats.) Family circle, 50 cents.
EVENING PRICES—General admission, $1. Reserved seats, $2 and $3. Admission to family circle, 50 cents. Reserved seats in family circle, 50 cents extra.
Seats can be secured at box office Academy of Music, Hotel Brunswick, and No. 114 Broadway.
MONDAY, Nov. 22, last time this season of Verdi's IL TROVATORE.
WACHTEL in his great rôle of MANRICO.
WEDNESDAY, Nov. 24—THE MAGIC FLUTE.
Seats can now be secured for next week.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE. Every Night at 8.
Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY..........Proprietor and Manager

EDWIN

BOOTH.

TO-NIGHT,
Mr. BOOTH..........as..........HAMLET
LAST 3 NIGHTS of EDWIN BOOTH.
FRIDAY NIGHT,
Mr. BOOTH..........as..........RICHELIEU
LAST TIME.
SATURDAY NIGHT,
Mr. BOOTH..........as..........IAGO
His farewell appearance.
SATURDAY at 1:30,
FAREWELL EDWIN BOOTH MATINEE,
HAMLET.

THE BEST SEATS FOR ALL THEATRES and the opera, six days in advance, at TYSON'S NEW THEATRE TICKET OFFICE, WINDSOR HOTEL.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE.
Proprietor..........Mr. SHERIDAN SHOOK
Manager..........Mr. A. M. PALMER
Begins at 8; over at 10:45.
LAST PERFORMANCES OF LED ASTRAY.
MONDAY, Nov. 22, LAST NIGHT.
SATURDAY, Nov. 20, LAST MATINEE.
The public are respectfully reminded that these performances of this charming comedy are POSITIVELY THE LAST which can be given. | 208TH TO 215TH TIME OF LED ASTRAY, Illustrated with NEW AND BEAUTIFUL SCENERY, and the GREAT ORIGINAL CAST.
Seats secured for any of the remaining LED ASTRAY Nights.
TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 23,
will be presented for the first time Ernest Blum's and J. Steele Mackaye's romantic drama,
ROSE MICHEL,
with the most magnificent scenery and appointments ever set upon this stage, and with a cast of unusual strength. In this drama Mr. J. H. STODDART, Mr. FRED. ROBINSON, Mr. E. B. PLYMPTON, Miss NINA VARIAN, (by the kind courtesy of Lester Wallack, Esq.,) and Miss AUGUSTA RAYMOND will make their first appearance here.
RESERVED SEATS FOR ROSE MICHEL NOW ON SALE FOR TWO WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
EXTRA MATINEE ON THANKSGIVING DAY.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. JOYOUS PANTOMIME,
HUMPTY DUMPTY IN EVERY CLIME,
In which the inimitable American clown, Mr.

G. L. FOX,

and the great grotesque,
MR. JAMES S. MAFFITT,
appear. Everything new, and the production full of merry-making.
☞ For the accommodation of children and suburban residents,
TWO FAMILY MATINEES
will be given; one on WEDNESDAY and one on SATURDAY. POPULAR PRICES: Admission, $1; (children half price.) All reserved places, $1. Dress Circle, (entrance on 6th av.,) 50 cents; (children half price.) In the evening prices as heretofore.

LYCEUM THEATRE. The Juveniles' Farewell.
ONLY ONE NIGHT and a FAREWELL MATINEE of the WORLD-RENOWNED JUVENILE OPERA TROUPE, LITTLE CARMEN, LITTLE GUADALUPE, together with thirty children of extraordinary talent.
FRIDAY, Nov. 19, BENEFIT OF CARMEN, and last performance of ROBINSON CRUSOE.
SATURDAY, at 1:30, FAREWELL JUVENILE MATINEE. LAST TIME OF LA GRANDE DUCHESSE.

LYCEUM THEATRE. FRENCH PLAYS.
TO-NIGHT—Tenth Subscription Night—
Positively last night of Augier & Sandeau's
LE GENDRE DE M. POIRIER,
preceded by the farce of LES DEUX SOURDS.
SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 20, first time of Dumas' LA PRINCESSE GEORGES.
Next Week—First performance of the original version of THE TWO ORPHANS,
produced by the kind permission of Shook & Palmer.
Sale of seats commences this morning.

THIRD AVENUE THEATRE,
Between 30th and 31st sts.
BENJ. W. HITCHCOCK..........Proprietor
GEORGE WINSHIP..........Stage Director
LOTS OF FUN—NO VULGARITY.
FIRST-CLASS MINSTRELSY AND VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT
EVERY EVENING at 8 o'clock.
MATINEE SATURDAY at 2 o'clock.
Reserved seats, 50 cents; Parquet, 25 cents.

BROOKLYN THEATRE.
Lessees and Managers......Messrs. SHOOK & PALMER
Business Manager..........Mr. HART JACKSON
EVERY EVENING this week and at SATURDAY MATINEE at 2 P. M.
THE OVERLAND ROUTE,
with
Mr. JOHN GILBERT and Mr. HARRY BECKETT.
Box office open daily from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M.

PARISIAN VARIETIES, 16TH ST. & BROADWAY.
TEMPLE OF SENSATIONAL ART.
MATINEE. | PALACE OF DELIGHTS. OLIO OF STARS. Evenings at 8 o'clock, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday matinees at 2 o'clock. Melange of lovely women, emotional art, living tableaux, elegant varieties, piquant sketches, and spicy specialities. 18 ACTS, BY 40 STAR PERFORMERS. Most popular and delightful resort in New-York. Matinee to-day. Matinee to-day. | MATINEE.

CHICKERING HALL.
FIRST CONCERT OF THE NEW-YORK QUARTET,
assisted by MISS S. DOWLAND and MR. C. WEICKERT,
On SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 20, at 8.
Subscription tickets for six soirées, and reserved seat, $6. Single tickets, $1 50. Reserved seats, 50c. extra.

BILLIARDS.

BILLIARDS.
GRAND NATIONAL TOURNAMENT
AT TAMMANY HALL, NOV. 18, 1875.
$3,500 IN CASH PRIZES.
THIS AFTERNOON AT 3,
WM. SEXTON VS. RUDOLPHE.
THIS EVENING AT 8,
A. GARNIER VS. J. DION,
WM. SEXTON VS. C. DION.
Admission, 50c. Reserved seats, $1. LADIES FREE.

AMERICAN STANDARD BEVEL BILLIARD tables, with Delaney's wire cushions, solely used in all championship and match games; second-hand tables at great bargains.
W. H. GRIFFITH & CO., No. 40 Vesey st.

LECTURES.

COLLEGE OF PHARMACY
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
WASHINGTON PLACE.
Prof. W. DE F. DAY, M. D., will deliver a lecture entitled PREVENTION BETTER THAN CURE, at the COLLEGE ROOMS, on THURSDAY EVENING, 18th inst., at 8 o'clock. Members and their friends are cordially invited. By order,
M. L. M. PEIXOTTO, Secretary.

PROF. A. J. STEELE
Will deliver an address on ELECTRICAL SCIENCE IN THERAPEUTICS, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at the Electro-Medical College, No. 18 Cooper Union. Physicians, medical students, ladies, and gentlemen are cordially invited. Various electrical apparatus will be used in illustrating the subject. Those who propose joining the class Dec. 1, 1875, should not fail to attend this meeting.

LECTURE, (SATIRICO-HUMOROUS.)—Third time by request, NATURE AND ART; OR, LOVE AND MARRIAGE. Mr. De LARA, THIS EVENING at 8 o'clock; Temple, Lexington av., corner of 55th st.

MEETINGS.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE.—THE REGULAR weekly meeting of the Polytechnic Association will be held THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock, in hall No. 24, Cooper Union. Interesting papers will be read by Dr. L. Feuchtwanger, Mr. Everett, and Mr. Mulford. Admission free. J. V. C. SMITH, Chairman.
JOHN W. SUTTON, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SOCIETY for the Relief of Poor Widows with Small Children will be held on THURSDAY, Nov. 18, at 12 o'clock, in the chapel of the University Place Church.

MUSICAL.

WATERS' CONCERTO ORGANS CANNOT be excelled in tone or beauty. They defy competition. The concerto stop is a fine imitation of the human voice. Prices extremely low for cash, or part cash and balance in small monthly payments, or for rent at low prices. Second-hand pianos and organs at great bargains. Warerooms, No. 481 Broadway, New-York. HORACE WATERS & SONS.

BARGAINS.—FIRST-CLASS PIANOS AT SPECIAL low prices. Upright and square 7 and 7⅓ octave, new and used, $80, $175, $200, $225, $275, $350, upward, at No. 300 4th av., Association Building. CHAMBERS & SON.

A—FOR RENT—UPRIGHT, SQUARE, AND GRAND pianos of our own make; also, for sale and rent, a number of fine second-hand pianos, in perfect order. WILLIAM KNABE & CO., No. 112 5th av., above 16th st.

STATIONERY.

DIARIES FOR 1876 AND DAILY JOURNALS from 25 cents to $5. Blank Books, Stationery, and Printing, all kinds at low prices. Orders solicited. FRANCIS & LOUTREL, No. 45 Maiden lane.

SLOTE & JANES, STATIONERS, PRINTERS, AND BLANK-BOOK MANUFACTURERS, NO. 93 FULTON ST.—Special attention given to ordered work.

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

IMPORTANT MOVEMENT BY BANKERS

PROPOSED REDUCTION OF THE RATE OF INTEREST IN THE SAVINGS BANKS.

An important meeting of bank Presidents and Cashiers was held in the Continental Building, on Montague street, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, for the purpose of considering the propriety of reducing the present rate of interest. The meeting was a secret one, but some of the gentlemen who participated were of opinion that no harm would result from making the proceedings public. Most of the banks in Brooklyn were represented. The meeting was organized by the election of Charles J. Lowery, counsel of the Dime Savings Bank, to the chair, and John C. Perry, counsel of the Long Island Savings Bank was elected Secretary. The object of the meeting was stated by the Chairman, and a free interchange of views then took place. Mayor-elect Schroeder, President of the German Savings Bank, and Charles C. Bishop, Cashier of the German Savings Bank, of the Eastern District, were the principal speakers. They urged that whatever action was taken in the proposed measure, it should be taken slowly and cautiously, and their reasons for any course of action they might decide upon should be fully set forth to their patrons at the proper time. No plan of action was proposed, nor did those present feel themselves authorized to suggest any until the result of the present meeting shall have been reported to their respective Boards of Directors. One reason assigned for the proposed step is that the best investments made by the banks is in Government bonds, and that as these are now selling at a high premium, to invest in them to any considerable extent would not be a wise policy. Again, that the next best investments are on bonds and mortgages, and in this line there are few first-class investments offering. Indeed, there are few investments to be made out of which more than four per cent. can be realized. It was the unanimous opinion of all present at the meeting that it would be useless to attempt any measure in the direction proposed unless all the savings institutions in Brooklyn and New-York and vicinity were a unit in the movement. It was stated by a delegate that the New-York savings institutions were suffering in the same direction as the home institutions, and he had no doubt they would all heartily enter into the proposed reduction. It was also stated that at all events the reduction would not take place until July next. The banks are now glutted with unemployed capital, few opportunities presenting themselves for paying investments.

The Secretary and Cashier of the Germania Bank, when questioned yesterday concerning the meeting, said they knew of no sound reason for keeping the proceedings from the public. Mr. Schroeder, their President, took an active part. All the resolutions offered at the meeting were proposed by Mayor-elect Schroeder, and were in substance as follows:

First—That the new law in reference to savings banks should provide that they shall not be compelled to pay a higher rate of interest than their earnings justify.

Second—That in the present state of business affairs, it is not expedient to pay a higher rate of interest than five per cent., and that a reduction be made to that figure accordingly, to go into effect Jan. 1, 1876.

Third—That the meeting appoint a committee of five to confer with the New-York banks, to report back at a future meeting.

All the resolutions were adopted.

COUNTING THE VOTES.

THE BOARD OF COUNTY CANVASSERS AT WORK—AN AMENDMENT TO THE REGISTRY LAW WANTED.

The Board of County Canvassers assembled yesterday morning for the purpose of canvassing the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards. The strong fight between Alderman Simonson and Joseph Cudlipp in the Eighth Aldermanic District prevented the completion of the work, however. A long delay occurred at the very outset of the canvass. In the First Election District of the Twenty-third Ward the vote for District Alderman stood: Cudlipp, 101; Simonson, 1, and blank, 41. Supervisor Simonson moved to send for the inspectors in that district to explain the large number of "blank" votes. A motion to amend by sending for all the inspectors in both wards was carried, but on motion of Supervisor Morris was reconsidered, and it was decided to compare the returns with the "tally books" in the Mayor's office. Supervisor Howland moved that in deference to Alderman Simonson, the inspectors in the Third, Fourth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, and Twelfth Districts of the Twenty-third Ward be sent for. This motion was also carried. The canvass for nearly all other officers was completed; also for District Aldermen in the First, Second, Fifth, Sixth, and Eighth Election Districts of the Twenty-third Ward. As the Committee on Corrected Returns found it would be impossible to hear from the inspectors of the several districts in time to make a report yesterday, the board took a recess until to-day at 10 A. M.

Supervisor Cole offered the following preamble and resolution, which were adopted:

Whereas, Experience has clearly demonstrated the fact that the present method of correcting errors or discrepancies found in the election district returns is liable to great abuse and susceptible of inflicting great wrong, as the district inspectors who make the errors, and who alone, under the law, have power to correct them, do so in almost if not all cases simply from memory, or other imperfect data, and as it not unfrequently occurs that the correction of such errors determines the election of a candidate, the greatest care should be exercised in making them, and the Board of County Canvassers should have the means at its disposal of determining for itself the correctness of such corrections. This can only be done by having all the ballots cast at the election preceding such canvass of votes preserved inviolable until all the returns are canvassed and the result declared by the Board of County Canvassers; be it therefore

Resolved, That the Board of County Canvassers hereby respectfully request the Common Council of this City to make application to the Legislature when it next convenes for the passage of an amendment to the present Registry law, providing for the preservation and care by the Police authorities or the Mayor, with proper restrictions and safeguards, of all the ballots cast at every election held in this City until after the statement and declaration of the result of every such election is made by the Board of County Canvassers. The said amendment also to be so framed as to permit the Board of County Canvassers, under like restrictions and safeguards, to recorrect such ballots, when necessary, in order to determine and correct finally and with certainty any error or discrepancy that may appear during the canvass of the returns from the several election districts by the said Board of County Canvassers.

BUSINESS EMBARRASSMENTS.

Mark M. Pomeroy, editor of *Pomeroy's Democrat*, has gone into bankruptcy. His creditors are numerous and are scattered throughout the country. Among the largest creditors are the following:

James E. Jones	$33,342
Perkins & Goodwin	18,000
Charles P. Sykes	13,200
Mrs. Anna A. Reed	10,000
Charter Oak Life Insurance Company of Hartford	10,000
William A. Smith	4,200
New-York *Sun* Association	4,000
George E. Jarvis	3,200
Saratoga City National Bank	3,105
Taylor, Olmstead & Taylor	2,000

The debts aggregate over $140,000, and there are no assets except his wearing apparel, which is exempt under the law. Among the claims is one for $2,000 for diamonds which he purchased. A meeting of the creditors will be held soon to take action in the matter.

The affairs of the Irving Fire Insurance Company of this City, which failed after the Chicago fire, are settled, with the exception of about $3,000, which is in the hands of the Receiver, Mr. Martin L. Crowell, awaiting the call for return premiums. The losses due at the time of the failure amounted to $550,000, and the unexpired premiums to $42,000, making the aggregate liabilities $592,000. The Receiver has paid dividends of forty-five per cent. amounting to $247,000, and about $38,000 have been paid for return premiums.

Livingston & Co., real estate brokers, of No. 239 Broadway; Seiler & Maxwell, boot and shoe manufacturers, of No. 87 Thomas street, and Jonathan T. Frost, of the Spingler House, No. 9 Union square, suspended yesterday. Mr. T. J. Coe has resumed the management of the hotel in question.

The liabilities of White, Willis & Chapman, millinery, of No. 511 Broadway, whose failure was announced yesterday, are $50,000. They are unable as yet to state their assets. The stock of R. Rosenberg, corsets, &c., of No. 48 Franklin street, was sold out by the Sheriff to satisfy judgments obtained by Philip Adams and Simon Feldner.

DECISION IN THE LARD "CORNER" CASES.

The Lard Committee of the Produce Exchange rendered its decision yesterday on the rehearing of the recent "corner" cases. It establishes the market price of lard on Oct. 30, at 16¼c., which is 1-16c. above that fixed on the first hearing, and condemns Theodore Perry to pay $5,550 on a shortage of 750 tierces; J. F. Cook & Co., to pay $8,750 on 1,250 tierces, and Stephen R. Post to pay $10,550 on 1,500 tierces. This is exclusive of interest from Nov. 1, and costs amounting to between $20 and $30 on each case.

THE UNION LEAGUE OF AMERICA.

The State Executive Committee of the Union League of America for the State of New-York met at 12 o'clock yesterday, in one of the parlors of the St. Nicholas Hotel, for the purpose of making arrangements to attend the annual session of the National Council of the League, which meets in Philadelphia on Dec. 8, instead of Jan. 8, as previously reported. Charles W. Godard, of Brooklyn, occupied the chair, and Thomas G. Baker, of New-York, acted as Secretary. Mr. Baker is Secretary of the State League. There were also present at the meeting Mr. George Clarck, of Utica; Mr. S. N. Lecomte, of New-York; Mr. W. V. Alexander, of Albany, and Mr. C. C. Pinckney. The meeting was a private one, but it was understood that arrangements were perfected to have the State of New-York fully represented at the National Council, and also that a plan of future action, not only as regards the work to be done at the council, but the ends to be aimed at by the League in its attempts to exert an influence upon State and national affairs, was agreed upon. One of the most important planks in its platform is a resolution passed at a meeting held recently in Philadelphia, pledging the League of America to use its most earnest endeavors to sustain the public school system of the country, and that resolution received the unanimous approval of the meeting held yesterday. The meeting in Philadelphia on the 8th of December will be an important one, and will consist of one delegate from each Congressional district in the United States. In addition to the public school resolution there is also one in favor of economy in public affairs, another in favor of a protective tariff, and another in favor of hard money.

TOLEDO, WABASH AND WESTERN.

LARGE MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS—VALUE AND CONDITION OF THE ROAD.

The stockholders of the Toledo, Wabash and Western Railroad had a large meeting yesterday afternoon at Nos. 31 and 33 Broad street. W. B. Scott was made Chairman, and Nelson Abbott Secretary. Mr. O. D. Ashley, Chairman of the committee appointed at the meeting of Sept. 30, read a report, of which the following are abstracts:

According to the request conveyed in the resolutions passed at that meeting two of the committee attended the annual meeting of the stockholders at Toledo on Oct. 6. They were courteously received by the Directors and at the election. Mr. Solon Humphreys, of New-York, and the Chairman of your committee were unanimously elected to replace two of the five retiring Directors. The stockholders also passed a resolution requesting the Directors to procure, if possible, a delay or postponement of foreclosure proceedings under the gold bond mortgage. A majority of the committee of holders of the gold bonds under whose direction the foreclosure proceedings have been taken, being also Directors in the company, were present at Toledo, and several informal interviews were held with them by the delegates from your committee. In these interviews the matters at issue were freely discussed, and it was agreed that both committees should meet in New-York during the following week. From that time until recently negotiations having in view an amicable adjustment of the affairs of the company, under which the interests of the stockholders could be preserved, have been going on. A number of plans have been presented and discussed, but not one of those originating with the stockholders' committee has seemed acceptable to the committee of gold bondholders. Your committee recognized at the start the necessity of a contribution of money on the part of the stockholders, and in every scheme presented a payment in installments of from $7 50 to $10 per share, or from $1,200,000 to $1,600,000 has been contemplated, but your committee have stipulated that this contribution should be in the form of subscriptions to income bonds or preferred stock, holding that for new capital which would be applied for the reduction of debt the stockholders were entitled to a security in its place.

The committee representing holders of gold bonds were unwilling to concede this, and furthermore urged the contribution of $20 per share, or $3,200,000, or the contribution of $10 per share and a surrender of one-half the stock. In the proposed contribution of $20 per share the gold bonds would be paid off at the rate of sixty per cent., while in the proposition to pay one-half of this amount and surrender one-half of the stock, the holders of the gold bonds sold, amounting to $2,503,000, would receive that stock in full satisfaction of the debt.

It may be proper at this point to state that the bondholders' committee consider it indispensable to sell out the property under foreclosure in order to rearrange onerous leases and unequal contracts. This step has therefore been contemplated in all its negotiations, your committee not considering it necessary to object to foreclosure if the stockholders could again become the holders of the fee in an equitable readjustment of the property.

After a sale as contemplated by the gold bondholders the bonds held under prior mortgages would amount to $17,099,000, exclusive of $600,000 of equipment bonds. The holders of equipment bonds claim a right to exchange their bonds for the consolidated mortgage bonds, which claim must be settled by the courts. If these bonds are included the mortgages would amount to $17,699,000, while in its present condition the debt is $21,202,000, exclusive of overdue coupons. The debt of the leased lines and the interest paid jointly with other roads would swell the total to $25,600,000, on which interest is now paid or should be paid.

The next step contemplated in the programme of the holders of gold bonds is to ask the prior mortgagees to fund coupons and to receive partial payment in the order of rank and priority of the mortgage. The whole amount of coupons to be funded under this arrangement will be near $3,000,000. According to the calculations made by the foreclosing bondholders it would require about $500,000 or $600,000 to carry out this part of the scheme. Besides this the secured debt, amounting, with interest, to $1,000,000, must be paid. These are the only pressing claims on the company, under the bondholders' plan, and this amount your committee were willing to try to furnish through the stockholders. But the bondholders' committee, not satisfied with the proffer of an amount sufficient to relieve the company of its embarrassments, assume that the stockholders will save themselves at a cheap rate by paying $20 per share, or $3,200,000, and receiving nothing in place of the money paid in.

The gold bonds are secured by a fourth mortgage on a large part of the trunk line, a third mortgage on a small portion, and a second on the Decatur and East St. Louis Division. It appeared to your committee that the holders of a mortgage subject to more than $1,700,000 of senior mortgages, and expecting to ask of those creditors an accommodation on several millions, could well afford to grant to the stockholders the privilege of keeping their own property upon payment of more than a million and a half of dollars in cash. But the committee representing this interest have entertained different views, and seem disposed to insist upon conditions which are onerous enough to suggest the idea of an intention to exclude the stockholders entirely.

The committee refrained from making any recommendations, contenting themselves with pointing out the various courses that might be pursued. Mr. William Ward offered a series of resolutions that the Chairman appoint a committee of three, with power to employ counsel, bring suits, and effect a settlement, its Chairman to be salaried, and to hire an office and clerks, &c.; that an assessment of fifty cents per share be levied on the stock, each share so paying to have attached to it a certificate of payment, signed by the Chairman of the committee, and to be thenceforth known as "assessed stock," and that the Committee on Securities of the Stock Exchange be requested to put such assessed stock on the Exchange list, and that it be quoted as such on call. These resolutions were adopted unanimously, and the Chairman appointed O. D. Ashley, H. S. Henry, and I. B. Newcomb the committee. T. G. Carter, of Springfield, Ill., and O. D. Ashley addressed the meeting regarding the value and condition of the Toledo, Wabash and Western Railroad, after which the meeting adjourned.

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST DISASTER.

Supervising Inspector Low has succeeded in tracing the "oil" of the City of Waco to a firm in Cleveland, Ohio, and has instructed the local board at Cleveland to investigate. It is suspected that the stuff was not oil at all, but naphtha or gasoline, as it was shipped to a gas-light company in Galveston, which has no use for refined oil, but does use the explosive substances above named. Notwithstanding Rev. Mr. Moelling's testimony, the Supervisor does not believe that there was any oil in barrels on board. He thinks the gentleman was excited, and his memory exaggerated a few water-barrels into a deck load of barrels of Petroleum.

The Havana steamer City of Havana was refused a clearance by the Customs authorities on Tuesday afternoon, because she had on board 2,200 cases of Devoe's "brilliant oil." The Messrs. Alexandre protested that there was no other "practical" route, and that the oil was up to the standard allowed. The Collector and the Supervising Inspector, owing to the obscurity in the wording of the law, both refuse to take the responsibility of deciding that point, and the matter was referred to the Secretary of the Treasury, who, late yesterday afternoon, telegraphed to Collector Arthur to give her a clearance. The City of Havana has on board forty passengers, who, with the mails, were delayed twenty-four hours.

The Chief Clerk of the Foreign Clearing Bureau of the Custom-house was suspended yesterday for giving a clearance, on Tuesday, to the Pacific Mail steam-ship Acapulco, which has petroleum on board.

THE FLATBUSH ASYLUM INVESTIGATION.

The investigation into the abuses alleged to exist in the lunatic asylum at Flatbush was concluded yesterday by Dr. John Ordronaux, State Commissioner of Lunacy. Several ladies who were members of the Charity State Aid Association were present during the investigation. The first witness examined was Charity Commissioner Cunningham. His testimony was for the greater part a repetition of the evidence given by former witnesses. He thought that no advantage was to be derived from buying supplies in open market. Concerning the reappointment of Patrick Corr, who was discharged for undue intimacy with some of the females in the asylum, and of Losette, the nurse, who had been discharged for cruelty to the patients, the witness said that they were reappointed without his consent and without consultation with him. The testimony of Mr. Cunningham concluded the investigation. Dr. Ordronaux then made a brief address, thanking the gentlemen associated with him during the investigation for the time and attention they had given the matters brought to their notice, after which the committee adjourned sine die. Dr. Ordronaux's report will be made to the Legislature.

SEEDSMEN TROUBLED ABOUT A LEGAL DECISION.

The seedsmen are troubled over the recent decision of the Court of Common Pleas in the case of a purchaser against a dealer, in which the former claimed and was accorded damages to cover the failure of a crop of cabbage, the product of seed sold by the defendant in the case. Few, if any, of the seedsmen raise their own seeds, and in purchasing them from the farmers they are obliged to rely solely on the assurances of the latter and their own judgment as to the quality of the stock. The retail purchasers, the merchants hold, must of necessity buy from them with the same understanding, for the dealers cannot actually warrant each package of seed sold by them to produce excellent crops, even if they were to undertake the trouble of making a critical analysis of the seeds. Fearing that the decision of the court might concern all sales, a number of prominent seedsmen held a private meeting at the Astor House yesterday to take steps to protect themselves in the event of future legal proceedings similar to the case cited above. Mr. Thorburn, of No. 15 John street, was chosen Chairman, and Mr. Reeves, of the firm of Reeves & Simonson, of No. 56 Cortlandt street, Secretary. The object for which the meeting had been called was then thoroughly discussed, and a committee was appointed to prepare resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the meeting, which adjourned until Saturday at noon.

SUICIDE OF A NEWARK ALDERMAN.

HE SHOOTS HIMSELF IN THE BATH-ROOM AT HIS RESIDENCE—BUSINESS TROUBLES SUPPOSED TO BE THE CAUSE.

At an early hour yesterday morning a rumor was circulated in Newark, N. J., that Alderman J. C. Johnson had committed suicide by shooting himself with a revolver. At first the rumor was generally discredited, but subsequent inquiry revealed the fact that it was true. Alderman Johnson resided at No. 123 Clinton street, and was a gentleman widely known and highly respected. He retired on Tuesday night at the usual hour, and was apparently in a cheerful frame of mind. About 4 o'clock yesterday morning his wife heard him get up and go into the bath-room, and a few moments later she was alarmed by the report of a pistol. She rushed in and found her husband lying on the floor with a Colt's five-barreled revolver by his side and the blood oozing from a bullet-hole in his right temple. From the nature of the wound and the position in which the body was found, it was inferred that the suicide bent down before the mirror so as to get a surer aim. The ball passed diagonally through his head, in such a manner that the physicians who were summoned are of the opinion that death was instantaneous. Mr. Johnson was about forty-seven years old. In 1874 he was elected Alderman, and his course while in the Board won for him the esteem of all parties. He was a prominent member of the Board of Trade and held the office of President last year. He was also one of the Directors, and for a time acting President of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' National Bank of New-York, and also a Director in a savings bank in Newark. Although not a professed Christian, he was President of the Board of Trustees of the South Park Presbyterian Church and a regular attendant at the services. He was President and Treasurer, as well as the principal stockholder, in the Newark Tea Tray Company, which had lately become involved in serious difficulties. This fact caused him great annoyance and trouble, although it is confidently believed that his New-York resources would have enabled him to pull through successfully. His brother-in-law, Mr. Harrison, advised him to realize his assets in New-York, and devote his entire attention to the Tray Company, and he agreed to follow that advice, but it seems that after Mr. Harrison left him his despondency returned. The sad event is the subject of conversation throughout the entire city, and the opinion is generally expressed that deceased must have been demented. No arrangements have yet been made for the funeral.

MR. BOWEN'S LIBEL SUITS.

THE CASE AGAIN POSTPONED—ATTEMPTS BY THE DEFENDANTS TO COMPROMISE THE MATTER.

One of the two libel suits which Mr. Henry C. Bowen has brought against the Brooklyn *Eagle* was called in the City Court yesterday by Judge McCue, who stated that he deemed it advisable, for certain reasons, to send the case before either Judge Reynolds or Judge Neilson. As the latter Judge was sitting in Part II., counsel concluded to proceed in that court. Corporation Counsel De Witt, who appeared for the defendants, stated that the defense was not ready to proceed with the case. Judge Fullerton, who appeared for the complainant, said that his client was present with all his witnesses. The defense, the speaker said, had had ample opportunity to get all their evidence and prepare for the trial. He hoped, as a matter of justice, that his Honor would see fit to proceed with the trial. Mr. De Witt, in reply, said that he was in ill-health, and the senior counsel in the case, Mr. Beach, was engaged trying a case in New-York. He urged, further, that the defense regarded Mr. Tilton as a material witness, and could not proceed without him. Judge Fullerton said that the other side knew Mr. Tilton was going away, and they should have taken his testimony *de bene esse*, as Mr. McDermott's had been taken. After some further argument, during which Judge Fullerton made an unsuccessful effort to have the other side stipulate that they would try the case in January, Judge Neilson ordered the case to go over until the December term. An intimate friend of Mr. Bowen stated to a TIMES reporter last evening that no compromise would be made, and that Mr. Bowen would try the case if he was put off for five years. He said further that the defendants had made five or six attempts to compromise the case, and in these efforts they were assisted by the Plymouth Church people. The latter, he said, took this action because they knew that if the suits were tried new and startling revelations would be made. The same informant asserted that Mr. Horace B. Claflin made an effort yesterday morning, on the part of the defendants, to have the case compromised.

THE INQUIRY INTO CRIME.

EX-CORONER YOUNG TESTIFIES IN REGARD TO THE RYAN MURDER—A PRIVATE DETECTIVE'S EXPERIENCE IN THE FIFTEENTH PRECINCT.

The Assembly Committee on Crime met yesterday in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, Mr. T. Cooper Campbell presiding. Mr. Salsbury clerk to the committee, produced a list of 252 persons sent to the Catholic Protectory from January, 1873, to October, 1874. Nelson W. Young, ex-Coroner, was next examined regarding his action in the case of the man Ryan, who was found dead in his house at No. 204 Broome street, on Dec. 22, 1873. He went to the house, in company with Dr. Marsh, and found the premises in a disorderly condition; the door of the building was open, and blood was seen all over the house; when he reached the house there were two Police officers there, also Capt. Hedden, Patrick Ryan, the brother of the deceased, and other persons who had no right to be there; Patrick Ryan was very noisy, and Capt. Hedden threatened to remove him from the room, but the witness objected and he was allowed to remain; the premises had not been searched, and he expressed his surprise at a search not having been made; there was easy access to the house by the roof for persons coming from the adjoining houses; he was indignant that the body should have been removed from the hall before his arrival; boxes and closets had been opened, and when he got there every mark of circumstantial evidence had been removed; Capt. Hedden thought Ryan first murdered his sister and then committed suicide, but witness was not of that opinion; he believed that both brother and sister were murdered; the inquest was conducted by his successor, Coroner Eickhoff; he believed the Police retarded the investigation of this case, because Capt. Hedden thought that Ryan had committed suicide and from the fact that the officers who first had charge of the case had been removed and others substituted in their place; the law made it a misdemeanor to touch or remove a body before the arrival of the Coroner, and the Police should not have removed the body until he had seen it. The witness in conclusion said that the deceased was a man of good character, and he did not believe the rumors which were circulated regarding his moral character; there was nothing unusual in this City for a brother and sister to occupy the same room, as people were compelled by force of circumstances to have more than one bed in the same room, and there should be no reflection cast on the deceased for having occupied the same room with his sister.

Dr. Marsh, Deputy Coroner, who made the post-mortem examination of Ryan's body, said that he had no doubt that Ryan's sister had been murdered, but regarding Ryan himself he was not positive; in what he saw there was nothing incompatible with the theory of suicide.

Warden Quinn, of the Tombs, was next examined regarding persons who were sentenced at Special Sessions to the Penitentiary, but who had not arrived there. By the records of the court, George Schillinger was sentenced to the Penitentiary in February, 1874, for one month, but, according to the commitment paper produced by the witness, the prisoner was only sent to the City Prison; in three other cases the witness showed that writs of certiorari were granted and the prisoners were subsequently discharged on bail.

William T. Bith, of No. 284 Mott street, a private detective for the Citizens' Association, submitted a list of houses of ill-repute in West Third street, Greene street, and Wooster street. Some of these places were now closed, some of them were still open, although the proprietors had been arrested, and no action was taken in other cases. In some of the cases the landlords were endeavoring to get rid of the tenants. Some of the houses were "pulled" four times, but the parties returned the following day and resumed the business. They brought many persons before the Justices at Washington Place Police Court, charged with disorderly conduct, and supported the charge by witnesses, but no conviction was obtained. The citizens of the Fifteenth Ward, in consequence of these failures to obtain justice, would no longer bring any of these cases before the Police Justices. The citizens had no confidence in some of them, and one of the parties charged had boasted that there was no use to arrest him, that he could settle the matter with certain Justices for $100. Witness admitted that Justices Morgan and Bixby had done all in their power to aid the Citizens' Association, and that Capt. Van Dusen was also active and willing to serve them.

Mr. L. Dubernet, of No. 15 West Third street, testified to the bad character of certain houses in his neighborhood, and of the inability of the citizens to suppress them.

Mr. Ernst Grunderr, of West Third street, corroborated the testimony of the last witness, and said that there was no use in going before the Police Courts.

Mr. George H. Young, an attorney, of No. 308 West Fifteenth street, testified that he was counsel in some of those cases which had been dismissed by the Magistrates; he thought the Justices required too positive a proof of certain acts, and that it was, therefore, impossible to obtain a conviction.

J. Arthur McCagney, John Neville, and Francis Blair testified to the bad character of houses in West Third street and Houston street.

The committee then adjourned until this morning, when they will visit the school-ship Mercury.

CITY AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

The "W. B. D." who wrote to us complaining of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, was not Mr. William Butler Duncan.

The claim of the Bull's Head Bank against Strang, Hollad & Co., is for $4,000 instead of $40,000 as was stated in THE TIMES of Tuesday last.

The coastwise steamer City of Atlanta came into collision with the schooner John F. Doty off Communipaw on Tuesday afternoon. The schooner was considerably damaged.

Dr. Henry B. Oakes, of New-Brunswick, Nova Scotia, a guest of the Ashland House, in Fourth avenue, was found to be insane last night and was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

The installation sermon of Rev. L. G. Barrett, of the Berean Baptist Church, corner of Bedford and Downing streets, was preached last evening by Rev. G. C. Lorimer, D. D., of Boston.

The Cunard steam-ship Bothnia, which left Liverpool on Nov. 6 and Queenstown on Nov. 7, reached this port yesterday with advices later by two days than those received by the Britannia.

A fair for the benefit of the Industrial School of Amity Baptist Church will be held this evening in the church chapel, Fifty-fourth street, west of Eighth avenue. Refreshments will be served and a small admission fee charged.

Prof. D. E. De Lara will deliver this evening a lecture on "Art and Nature," as one of the free course of lectures before the Young Men's Association, at the Temple Ahawath Chesed, at Lexington avenue and Fifty-fifth street.

The monthly meeting of the Baptist Sunday-school Teachers of the City will be held this evening in the Calvary Baptist Church, Twenty-third street. It will be addressed by Rev. J. F. Elder, D. D., and Rev. D. C. Potter.

A meeting of the North Side Association will be held at the Morrisania Steam-boat Company's office, Morrisania, on Saturday at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of taking action on the reports of the Commissioners of Rapid Transit.

The wind in this City yesterday attained a velocity of forty-five miles per hour, the highest velocity since the evening of the St. Andrew's Church disaster of last year, when the wind-gauge measured forty-eight miles per hour.

The following is the correct vote for Assemblyman in the Twentieth District; Englehart, Republican, 4,336; Stewart, Tammany, 3,953; Philips, Anti-Tammany, 1,060; Hanly, Independent; 157; Englehart's majority over Stewart, 383.

The return game between the Columbia football twenty and the representatives of Rutgers College will be called at 2 P. M. on Saturday, the 20th inst., at the St. George's Cricket Grounds, Hoboken. Seats will be provided for ladies.

Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., D. D., Rector of the Church of the Holy Trinity, will deliver a lecture in Grace Chapel, Twenty-third street, east of Third avenue, on Thursday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Subject—"Christian Teaching in the Homes of the Poor."

At Controller Green's request, the Board of Apportionment was convened yesterday, for the purpose of taking further steps to oppose the application for $350,000 to build an armory for the Seventh Regiment. Owing to the want of a quorum, however, the meeting was adjourned.

The schooner Acorn, laden with lumber, was driven ashore yesterday at Fire Island. An unknown brig, of apparently 250 tons burden, and Nova Scotia build, was driven on Romer's Shoals, where, when last seen, she was thumping heavily on the bottom, and the sea was making a clean breach over her.

Mr. William Edsall, for many years the Treasurer and one of the Directors of the commercial agency of the McKillop & Sprague Company, has retired from his official position. His associates have expressed by appropriate resolutions their appreciation of his past services and their full confidence in his integrity.

At a public meeting of the Republican Central Club of the Eleventh Assembly District, held at their rooms, No. 470 Sixth avenue, Samuel G. Acton presiding, it was unanimously resolved that the club should hereafter be known as the Central Republican Presidential Campaign Club of the Eleventh Assembly District, and that monthly public meetings should be held.

The Legislative Committee investigating the affairs of the Quarantine and Emigration Commissions have nearly completed their labors so far as regards the taking of testimony. Assemblymen Alvord and Waebner have been appointed a subcommittee to take further evidence as soon as the chair may designate. The committee held a secret session yesterday morning at the Metropolitan Hotel.

The trial of Capt. McElwain, of the Seventh Precinct, who stands charged with having permitted a panel-house to exist at No. 320 West Thirty-seventh street during January, 1874, when he was Captain of the Twentieth Precinct, was resumed yesterday before Commissioners Matsell and Voorhis. The testimony of a number of witnesses was heard, and at 10 o'clock P. M. the case was adjourned until Monday morning next.

The Pacific Mail Steam-ship Company's Directors met yesterday and appointed Messrs. James D. Smith, Osborn, and Houston a committee to meet a similar committee of the Directors of the Panama Railroad Company and endeavor to settle all unadjusted claims between the two companies. This has no reference to the proposed new line of steamships. It has been agreed that all matters that the committee cannot settle will be referred to Judge Fancher, of the Chamber of Commerce Board of Arbitration, whose decision will be accepted as final.

Superintendent Walling received a dispatch from Chief of Police Liscomb, of Manchester, Va., on Monday night, requesting the arrest of David Miles and Rachel Miles, both colored, who had taken passage on the steam-ship Old Dominion, from Richmond, for this port, and who were wanted for "felony." The matter was referred to Capt. Caffrey, of the Fifth Precinct, and when the steamer arrived at her pier on Tuesday night she was boarded by Officers Hagan and Cashman, of the Fifth Precinct, who found the pair on the vessel, and arrested them. During yesterday afternoon a telegram was received from the Police Superintendent at Manchester, requesting the Superintendent to discharge the woman and hold the man, who was charged with being guilty of seduction, under promise of marriage, until an officer arrives from Manchester.

Between Saturday night and Monday morning a pistol factory in New-Haven, Conn., was entered by burglars and eighty revolvers, valued at $800, were carried off. On Tuesday morning, at about 6:30 o'clock, Patrolman McBride, of the Fourth Precinct, in this City, observed three suspicious-looking men carrying a valise leaving the New-Haven boat, which had just arrived, at the foot of Peck slip. He watched the men closely, when the latter, seeing that they were suspected, dropped the valise and fled. The officer secured the property and pursued the fugitives, but they succeeded in making their escape. The valise was found to contain twenty-four revolvers, which were yesterday identified by a Police officer from New-Haven as a portion of the proceeds of the burglars, and they were delivered to him by order of Superintendent Walling.

BROOKLYN.

The primaries for the election of delegates to the new Republican General Committee of Kings County will be held on Monday afternoon and evening next.

Michael Brennan, an ex-convict, hung himself in a cell of the Butler Street Police Station during Tuesday night. Brennan had been arrested for maltreating his wife and family.

John J. Burroughs, who shot and killed his wife Elizabeth on Saturday morning last, was arraigned in the Court of Oyer and Terminer yesterday. He pleaded not guilty, and his trial was set down for the 29th inst.

The First Presbyterian Church and the South Presbyterian Church are soon to become one church organization. Both churches will dissolve and reorganize as a new church, under the title of the Clinton Street Presbyterian Church, of which Rev. Dr. Van Dyke will be Pastor.

William D. Odell, a clerk in the liquidation department of the New-York Custom-house, died at his residence in Sands street, Brooklyn, yesterday, aged eighty-one years. He was the father of ex-Naval Officer Moses F. Odell, and had been in the Customs service upward of twenty-five years.

Corporation Counsel De Witt served a summons and complaint on the bondsmen of ex-City Treasurer Sprague. As the notes given are of separate amounts, the bondsmen will be sued separately. Mr. Henry Sanger gave two notes, for $23,393 82 and $7,797 94 respectively. The first suit will be brought against him.

Mayor Hunter has written a letter to Corporation Counsel De Witt regretting that Mr. De Witt took offense at a former letter sent him by the Mayor requesting information as to the status of the case of ex-City Treasurer Sprague, ex-Tax Collector Badeau, and Fire Commissioner McLaughlin. The Mayor is of opinion that Mr. De Witt misapprehended the object and scope of his letter, but still urges his request for the information asked for.

NEW-JERSEY.

Rev. Oscar Hugo, by invitation of the citizens of Union Hill, will address a mass-meeting this evening at the Conservatory of Music, on Franklin street, on the subject of the recent expulsion of the Bible from the public schools.

The city authorities of Bayonne have taken the initiatory steps toward providing the city with water. A committee has been appointed to inquire into the matter and ascertain where an ample supply can be obtained, together with the probable cost of building a reservoir and water-works and laying pipe.

At the meeting of the Hudson County Board of Health it was officially announced that diphtheria was on the increase, particularly in the Bergen district.

Rev. C. Chauncey Burr, editor of the *Evening Palisades*, a small paper published in the township of West Hoboken, was arrested yesterday on a criminal charge of libel preferred against him by Miss Cunningham, the Principal of the public school in Hoboken, whom he stands charged with cruelly beating one of her pupils, a little girl named Julia Doran.

During a drunken row in Murphy's saloon, on First street, Jersey City, Monday, John F. Shandley was stabbed three times by two brothers, John and Patrick Kerrigan. His wounds are not dangerous. His aged mother, who heard his cries and went to his assistance, was stabbed in the cheek and roughly handled. The Kerrigans were arrested and held for trial.

It is believed that Mary and Florence Mali, or Merli, the Italian girls arrested in Paterson on Wednesday for passing counterfeit ten-dollar bills on the National Bank and Farmers' and Manufacturers' Bank of Poughkeepsie, are the agents of a gang of New-York counterfeiters. They are believed to have passed several similar counterfeit bills in Paterson three months ago. The counterfeits are well executed.

William Kroner, a butcher, residing on Jersey Heights, has been arrested and held to bail to answer a charge of compounding a felony. A short time ago he caused the arrest of an old man named Bartholomew Ritter on a charge of entering his shop, and, as alleged, compromised the matter in consideration of a watch, chain, and clock, given to him by Ritter. He has procured a warrant for Ritter's arrest on the original charge.

CRUELTY TO SCHOOL CHILDREN.

PUPILS ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN SEVERELY BEATEN IN NEW-JERSEY PUBLIC SCHOOLS—THE CASES TO BE INVESTIGATED.

The Bayonne Board of Education propose to investigate the charge of cruelty to a pupil, preferred against Miss Crouch, a teacher in School No. 1, at Bergen Point. The alleged cruel beating was administered about three weeks ago, and since that time the victim, a boy named Willie Hausman, has been unable to leave the house. It is alleged that on the day he received the whipping, which consisted of a blow on the side of the head with the teacher's hand, and some strokes on the hand with a thin strip of wood, he complained of a headache when he went home, and the following week was taken with a violent fever, from which he has not yet recovered. Miss Crouch says she touched the boy very lightly on the side of the head with the palm of her hand, and it seems scarcely probable that the blow produced the fever, which did not set in until a week afterward.

Lena Holzman, aged six years, who attends the public school in Union Hill, went home yesterday and complained to her father that her teacher, Miss Buckholtz, had whipped her with great severity. The child showed her hands, on which were black and blue ridges, the result of blows with a rattan. Mr. Holzman is greatly enraged, and will bring the matter to the notice of the Board of Education at its next meeting.

A WOMAN FALSELY ACCUSED.

A respectably-dressed elderly lady entered a Bleecker street car, yesterday, and when she put her hand into her pocket to pay her fare she found that her pocket-book was gone. She rushed back into the ferry-boat, and after searching under the seat where she had sat on her passage across the river, burst into tears and wringing her hands in despair, informed the ladies who had gathered around her that she had lost her pocket-book containing $15, which was all the money she had. Her tears and apparently genuine distress aroused the sympathy of a few of the more charitable of the ladies, who, acting from the impulse of the moment, immediately started a voluntary contribution in her behalf, and by the time the boat had reached the Brooklyn side of the river they had placed $6 50 in the hands of the poor woman. After the boat had been made fast to the bridge and the Brooklyn passengers began to come into the cabin, an old woman entered who declared that she had seen the same woman a few days before on a Third avenue car, making precisely the same complaint and shedding tears over the loss of a pocket-book containing $15. This rather checked the charity of those who had been contributing to the fund, but the woman who had been robbed vehemently denied the truth of the charge, saying that she was housekeeper for a clergyman residing on the west side of New-York, whose address she gave. A TIMES reporter called last night at the place designated by the woman as her residence, and in answer to his summons at the door bell, the woman herself opened the door and showed him into the parlor, where a son of the clergyman corroborated her story in every particular. This statement is made in justification of those charitable ladies whose womanly impulses impelled them to so commendable an act.

TROTTING AT FLEETWOOD PARK.

Two trots were advertised to come off at Fleetwood Park yesterday, but one of them, the 2:26 purse, was postponed until to-day. The other race, a purse of $100 for 2:45 horses, was trotted, the starters being Colonel Campbell, Daisy, John B., and Remington. The first heat was taken by Daisy, when Campbell came to the front, winning the next three heats and the race.

SUMMARY.

FLEETWOOD PARK, MORRISANIA, N. Y., Wednesday, Nov. 17.—Purse $100, for horses that had never beaten 2:45; mile heats, best three in five, in harness; $60 to first horse, $30 to second, and $10 to third.

A. Cornellison's blk. g. Colonel Campbell	2	1	1	1
G. Jones' s. m. Daisy	1	2	2	2
John Splan's b. g. John B.	3	3	4	4
M. Roden's b. g. Remington	4	4	3	3
D. B. Goff's br. m. Lide	dr.			
D. Moore's b. g. Scrub	dr.			

TIME.

	Quarter.	Half.	Mile.
First heat	39½	1:20	2:46
Second heat	39	1:17	2:42
Third heat	39	1:17	2:47
Fourth heat	39	1:19	2:47

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR.

The annual fair and mechanical exhibition of the American Institute for 1875 will be closed on Saturday night. The managers report that so far as the matter of attendance is concerned, the present fair has not been so successful as in former years, but that the number, variety, and importance of the articles exhibited, and the number of new inventions which have been put on view, have been nearly equal to anything ever before seen since the society was organized. The arrangements for the closing exercises on Saturday night have not yet been completed, except that the premiums will then be awarded, and probably an address delivered by Mr. Orestes Cleveland, President of the society, and by Mr. Ely. The attendance last night was very large.

PUBLIC SCHOOL APPOINTMENTS.

Mayor Wickham yesterday appointed the following gentlemen as School Commissioners, for a term of three years, commencing Jan. 1, 1876:

William Dowd, President of the Bank of North America.

Edward Schell, President of the Manhattan Savings Bank.

Jacob D. Vermilye, of the Merchants' Bank.

Charles Place, Treasurer of the Mutual Gas-light Company.

Lawrence G. Goulding, publisher of Goulding's Directory, and formerly Trustee of the Seventh Ward School.

John Grenville Kane, a retired merchant, formerly connected with the Dock Department.

Ernest Caylus, of the firm of Caylus, De Ruyter & Co.

Appointments were tendered to Mr. Marshall O. Roberts and Judge Freedman, but they declined to accept them. The Mayor also appointed the following gentlemen as School Inspectors for the same term as that of the School Commissioners: John P. Huggins, Francis O'Reilly, John N. Abbott, Aaron C. Anderson, Elijah H. Kemble, Hosea B. Perkins, and H. Morris. George W. Abbe was appointed a School Inspector in place of James W. Gerard, resigned.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

R. M. Pulsifer, of the Boston *Herald*, is at the Westminster Hotel.

Capt. Tibbits, of the steam-ship City of Brooklyn, is at the Everett House.

Adjt. Gen. Franklin Townsend, of Albany, is at the Hotel Brunswick.

Col. John D. Kurtz, of the Engineer Corps, United States Army, is at the Metropolitan Hotel.

E. B. Judson, of Syracuse, and William H. Seward, of Auburn, N. Y., are at the Windsor Hotel.

Congressman H. H. Hathorn, of Saratoga, and Charles Bradlaugh, of England, are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

Ex-Senator Alexander Ramsey, of Minnesota, and Canal Commissioner-elect C. A. Walrath, of Oneida, N. Y., are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Congressman W. W. Warren, of Massachusetts, and Capt. E. R. Moodie, of the steam-ship Bothnia, are at the New-York Hotel.

Franklin B. Gowen, President of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company; Gen. J. K. Moorhead, of Pittsburg, and Hon. E. H. Ellis, of England, are at the Brevoort House.

A HOME FOR THE AGED.

A pleasant reception was given yesterday and last evening at the Home for Aged and Infirm Deaf Mutes, at No. 220 East Thirteenth street, to the friends and patrons of the institution. Rev. Thomas Gallaudet, D. D., General Manager of the Church Mission to Deaf Mutes, of which the Home is an auxiliary, was present to receive visitors and conduct them through the well-furnished and comfortable apartments of the inmates. Several ladies were also present attending to the refreshment tables, the proceeds of which are to be added to the funds of the institution. The Home was established about eighteen months ago, and is designed to be national in its character.

THE SEVENTH REGIMENT ARMORY.

Judge Donohue granted yesterday an order to show cause, returnable to-day, why a writ of mandamus should not issue, directed to the Mayor, President of the Board of Aldermen, President of the Department of Taxes and Assessments, and the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, commanding them to insert in the tax levy for 1876 the sum of money appropriated by the Board of Aldermen for erecting the new armory for the Seventh Regiment. The application was made on behalf of Col. Emmons Clark and the other officers of the regiment.

PREPARE.—The indications of a speedy visit from the Ice King suggests the necessity of an immediate procural of Furs to do him honor, and to escape the evil results of his boisterous attentions. To do this you must call at KNOX'S, No. 212 Broadway, No. 533 Broadway, or at his Fifth Avenue Hotel establishment, each of which contains a magnificent stock of Ladies' Furs, and Gentlemen's Collars and Cuffs, now offering at very moderate prices.—*Advertisement.*

AN ASTONISHING FACT.

That thousands suffer with Piles, Ulcers, and Bunions, finding no relief. Let them try DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR and have ease at once.—*Advertisement.*

COUGHS, HOARSENESS, AND ALL DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.—Speedy and certain cure. HEGEMAN'S TOLU AND LIVERWORT EXPECTORANT. Sold by druggists. Only 50 cents per bottle.—*Advertisement.*

PASSENGERS SAILED.

In steam-ship Russia, for Liverpool.

Otto Andreae,
William Beck,
F. B. Behr,
A. C. Briscoe,
Henry Brunner,
G. H. Cammell,
Miss Clough,
William Cockburn,
Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Dana,
Mr. and Mrs. George H. Danforth, infant, and two children,
Herman Dietz,
Charles M. Dutilh,
G. De Forest Lord,
Miss Jennie McGraw,
Miss Lottie McGraw,
W. D. Morgan,
John F. Orne,
Mr. and Mrs. A. Post,
J. R. Raymond,
Mr. Reese,
Mr. and Mrs. C. Robertson,
J. F. Schenck,
J. Shafter,
Mrs. Edwina W. Smith,
George Smith,
J. K. Smith,
Mr. Tremnell,
G. B. Tompkins,
Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Turner.
C. E. Fisher,
Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Flesh,
Mr. Fraser,
Mrs. Fussell,
G. A. Glaenzer,
Charles H. Halcomb,
Ebenezer Hall,
Harmon Hendricks,
Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Howden and two children,
Mrs. Hoyt,
Mrs. Jenkins,
Charles Johnston,
Mrs. Kerswill,
Mr. and Mrs. A. Van Wart,
Fred. Vokes,
Fawdon Vokes,
Miss Jessie Vokes,
Miss Victoria Vokes,
Miss Rosina Vokes,
Mr. Von Hoffman,
W. A. Wadsworth,
Mrs. W. A. Wadsworth,
Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Wetmore and three children,
H. G. Wheeler,
Mrs. Wilhainson,
Mrs. Fields,
F. E. Bacon,
Manuel Casuso.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

In steam-ship Bothnia, from Liverpool.

Mrs. Adams and child,
J. J. Van Alen,
Miss Alexander,
Mr. and Mrs. E. Anderson and two children,
Alton Angier,
Dr. and Mrs. G. B. Barbour,
Mrs. Barrolinet,
A. Bartlett,
Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Bates,
Mrs. Bell,
Miss Bell,
Capt. Jackson Clark,
Miss Cody,
Atwood Collins,
Miss Nettie Collins,
Miss Carrie Collins,
C. M. Congreve,
Mr. and Mrs. G. Cooper,
J. S. Cram,
Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Crocker and two children,
Mr. and Mrs. George N. Curtis,
Atherton M. Curtis,
George W. Curtis,
Miss Fellowes,
Burney Fellowes,
Mrs. F. Fisher,
H. M. Fisher,
Mr. and Mrs. Frisbie,
E. P. Galiup,
Mrs. H. H. Garner,
Miss Garner,
J. J. Gest,
R. H. Hamilton,
E. W. Hanscom,
Miss A. Hartley,
E. Haseltine,
Mr. and Mrs. H. Hawley and two children,
Mr. and Mrs. H. Hayes and child,
Rev. E. F. Hayward,
J. H. Hicks,
J. Hoiman,
Mrs. J. MacLean,
Mrs. McArthur,
Mr. Marchant,
E. T. Miller,
Miss Miller,
G. H. Mitchell,
F. D. Morris,
Mrs. H. B. Morton,
Mrs. Morton,
Miss V. Neal,
Mr. Oakford,
P. B. O'Brien,
T. W. Pearsall,
W. H. Power,
F. J. Quin,
Hon. C. A. Rapallo,
F. Riggs,
Miss M. Roberts,
Mr. Rossbach,
Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Russell,
Miss Russell and sister,
Mrs. Benedict,
Mrs. O. W. Bird,
Master Ollie Bird,
Miss May Bird,
G. W. Brega,
Mr. and Mrs. W. Brown,
R. Brown,
Mrs. E. Callard,
N. W. S. Catlin,
J. Chadwick,
Mrs. Chickering,
Miss Chickering,
R. J. Dean,
J. Dexter,
Mrs. Dodge,
J. Duckworth,
S. Duncan,
Miss M. C. Dunlevy,
A. C. Edward,
H. P. Elcum,
J. Erskine,
Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Evans,
Mrs. E. Fales,
Miss Fales,
E. Fales,
Mr. and Mrs. C. Fellowes,
Mrs. R. Howell,
E. O. Hurd,
Miss G. L. Ives,
J. Pinckney Izard,
Mr. Jaffray,
Mr. and Mrs. H. James,
Mrs. D. H. James,
A. Johnston,
Miss Johnston,
Mrs. R. J. Jewitt,
Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Kane, and two children,
Mrs. H. L. Kellogg,
Mrs. Wynn Kenrick,
W. A. P. Lagrove,
Mr. Lee,
Mr. Leechman,
J. A. Little,
Parker Dean,
Mr. Chapman,
Mr. and Mrs. Winthrop Sargent,
W. Schneider,
Mr. Shoomaker,
A. H. Smith,
H. St. John Smith,
Mr. Starr,
Mrs. Strickland and child,
Miss Strickland,
Mrs. Tows,
R. D. Tucker,
Mr. Vijil,
Mr. and Mrs. Wade,
T. A. Whitehead,
Mr. Whiting,
W. H. Wiles,
B. R. Winthrop,
J. H. Woods,
Mr. Woodworth,
Mrs. M. T. Yorke,
Rev. W. Gleason.

In steam-ship City of Brooklyn, from Liverpool.

Thomas Shorey,
Mrs. Shorey, child, and infant,
C. C. Sterlin,
Samuel Emlen,
Mrs. Emlen,
Councillor Walsh,
Lieut. Commander Ch. V. Blake, U. S. N.,
Mrs. M. T. H. Blake, child, and infant,
J. Beesley,
Mrs. Beesley and child,
Mrs. Hogan,
Mrs. Bridgman,
J. A. Burnett,
Mrs. Burnett,
Miss Josephine Burnett,
Miss Emma Burnett,
Miss M. King,
William Price,
Solomon Ginzburg,
Rev. Edward O'Farrell.

In steam-ship City of New-York, from Havana.—Mr. and Mrs. Albert Broch, Max Lilienthal, Antonio F. Macias, Ricardo Barros, Jose Medina, Manuel A. Calvo, Daniel del Mayo, Pablo Estrada, Jose C. E. Pedriero.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises......6:50 | Sun sets....4:40 | Moon rises.10:16

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..11:50 | Gov.Island.12:39 | Hell Gate.. 2:01

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....WEDNESDAY, Nov. 17.

CLEARED.

Steam-ships City of Havana Phillips, Havana, Progreso, Vera Cruz, &c., F. Alexandre & Sons; Defiance—Pierce, Philadelphia, James Hand; South Carolina, Nickerson, J. W. Quinard & Co.; Annie, Steen, Wilmington, Del., Abiel Abbott; Ellen S. Terry, Salver, Newbern, N. C., Josiah J. White; France, (Br.,) Altree, London, England, F. W. J. Hurst.

Ship Sonora, Paine, San Francisco, Cal., Sutton & Co.

Barks Atlantic, Lantare, Bridgetown Bar, H. Trowbridge's Sons; Talisman, (Norw.,) Dahler, Antwerp—Bel., Funch, Edye & Co.; Jannette, (Dutch,) Lehrier, Rotterdam, Funch, Edye & Co.

Brigs Orloff, (Br.,) Belfountain, St. Johns, N. F., Hatton, Watson & Co.; Oliver, (Br.,) Weeks, Jeremie, Hayti, Wilson & Asmus; Starlight, Stow, Bridgetown Bar, L. W. & P. Armstrong.

Schrs. Nettie Walker, Drew, St. Kitts, W. I., Jones & Lough; Hattie Card, Moore, Jacksonville, Fla., Warren Ray; Hero, Baker, Salem, Mass., C. F. Robbins; Rebecca Florence, Richards, Puerto Cabello, Ven., J. Amsinck & Co.; Spartil, Crossman, Boston, Mass., Jed Frye & Co.; Emma G. Edwards, Chamberlain, Richmond, Va., Slaght & Petty.

ARRIVED.

Steam-ship Bothnia, (Br.,) Moodie, Liverpool Nov. 6, via Queenstown 7th, with mdse. and passengers to C. G. Francklyn. Nov. 15, lat. 40 25, lon. 65 10, signaled an Anchor Line steam-ship bound E.

Steam-ship City of Brooklyn, (Br.,) Tibbits, Liverpool Nov. 4, via Queenstown 5th, with mdse. and passengers to John G. Dale. Nov. 10, lat. 48 30, lon. 34 20, passed ship Agnes, (Ger.,) bound W.; 12th, lat. 45 21, lon. 45 40, exchanged night signals with a Red Star steam-ship bound E.; 15th, 446 miles E. of Sandy Hook, passed an Anchor Line steam-ship do.

Steam-ship Hudson, Gager, New-Orleans Nov. 10, via South-west Pass 11th, with mdse. and passengers to Clark & Seaman.

Steam-ship Cornwall, (Br.,) Stamper, Bristol Nov. 2, with mdse. and passengers to W. D. Morgan.

Steam-ship Albemarle, Gibbs, Lewes, Del., with mdse. to Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.

Steam-ship City of Bristol, from Bordeaux. Has had strong westerly gales the entire passage; Nov. 6, lat. 44 42, lon. 37 37, passed steam-ship Columbia, (Br.,) from Bordeaux, for New-York; 8th, lat. 44 12, lon. 42 39, passed steam-ship Algeria, hence for Liverpool; 16th, at 3:50 A. M., no lat., &c., was in company with a Guion steamer bound W.

Steam-ship Huntsville, Chester, Fernandina Nov. 10, Brunswick 11th, and Port Royal 12th, with mdse. and passengers to Herman Gelpeke.

Steam-ship Benefactor, Jones, Wilmington, N. C., 3 ds., with mdse. and passengers to William P. Clyde.

Steam-ship City of New-York, Timmerman, Havana Nov. 13, with mdse. and passengers to F. Alexandre & Sons.

Steam-ship Nereus, Berry, Boston.

Steam-ship Chesapeake, Mangam, Portland, with mdse., &c., to J. F. Ames.

Brig Excelsior, Mayer, of and from Bermuda 8 ds., in ballast to Duncan McColl.

Schr. Burdett Hart, Fargo, Old Harbor, Jam., via Delaware Breakwater, 23 ds., with logwood to A. H. Solomon—vessel to Bentley, Gildersleeve & Co. Has been 7 ds. N. of Hatteras, with heavy N. and N. E. gales, during which sprung foremast head and split sails.

Schr. Idabella, Fischer, Wilmington, N. C., 4 ds., with naval stores to Squire Bros.

Schr. Gentile, Eldridge, Newport.

Schr. Elisha T. Smith, Baker, Newport.

Schr. Angler, Bessie, New-Bedford.

Schr. R. Leach, Pendleton, New-Bedford.

Schr. T. W. Spencer, Courser, New-Bedford, for Rondout.

Schr. Amos Briggs, Dunn, New-Bedford, for Rondout.

Schr. James B. Brittain, Foster, Dennis.

Schr. E. C. Gates, Freeman, Wickford.

Schr. Dexter Clark, Curtis, Pawtucket.

Schr. Brunette, Rich, Pawtucket, for Port Johnson.

Schr. Florence, Sackett, Providence.

WIND—Sunset, a gale, N. W.; clear.

SAILED.

Steam-ships State of Nevada, for Antwerp; Russia, for Liverpool; City of Austin, for Galveston; South Carolina, for Charleston; ships Valiant, for Bombay and Calcutta; Semiramis, for Bremen; Auguste, for do.; Fawn, for Havre; Isaac Webb, for Liverpool; barks Frank, for Valencia; Zodiac and Prima Donna, for London; J. E. Southergreen, for Glasgow; brigs Clara J. Adams, for St. Thomas; Eastern Star, for Port Spain; schr. Abby K. Bentley, for Charleston.

FOREIGN PORTS.

CARDENAS, Nov. 15.—Arr. brig Euroclydon, (Br.,) from Pictou, N. S.; schr. Charles A. Bovey, (Br.,) Scott, St. John, N. B.

Sld. bark Burn Brae, (Br.,) Murphy, for N. of Hatteras.

HALIFAX, Nov. 16.—Sld. brig Texada, Myers, Porto Rico.

HAVANA, Nov. 15.—Arr. schr. John McAdam, Rathburn, New-Orleans.

16th, steamers Margaret Baker, New-Orleans; City of Merida, Reynolds, Vera Cruz.

17th, steamer Crescent City, Curtis, New-York.

MATAMORAS, Nov. 15.—Arr. schr. Frank W. Emery, Falker, Philadelphia.

Sld. 17th, brig Sofia, (Sp.,) Garriga, Charleston.

SAGUA, Nov. 16.—Arr. schr. Northern Light, from Boston.

SYDNEY, C. B., Nov. 15.—Arr. brig W. W. Lord, (Br.,) Landry, London, and cld. 16th for New-York.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS BY CABLE.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—Sld. Zealandia, Mercurius, Christopher Columbus.

Arr. on the 12th inst., John Antonietta; on the 14th inst., Thomas Louise Poll, Bath; on the 15th inst., Indrum, St. Olaf; on the 16th, Embla, Slavia, Jacob, Buckinghamshire, Maggie A. Franklin, Little Harry, Consiglio; on the 17th inst., Monitor, Albatros, Paolina S., Memory Tonsberghus, (the latter at Vial.)

LARNE, Nov. 17.—The steamer State of Pennsylvania, Capt. Knight, of the State Line, from New-York Nov. 4, arr. here to-day on the way to Glasgow.

SOUTHAMPTON, Nov. 17.—The steamer Oder, Capt. Von Oterendorp, of the North German Lloyd, from New-York Nov. 6, arr. here to-day on the way to Bremen.

OPERA GLASSES.

SUPERB IN EVERY RESPECT,

OF THE

HIGHEST QUALITY AND ELEGANCE.

FRANCIS TOMES & CO.,

No. 6 Maiden Lane.

C. G. Gunther's Sons,

NOS. 502 AND 504 BROADWAY,

CALL ATTENTION TO THEIR STOCK OF

LADIES' FURS.

ALSO TO THEIR ASSORTMENT OF

SEALSKIN SACQUES

WHICH IS THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE EVER OFFERED.

C. G. Gunther's Sons,

NOS. 502 AND 504 BROADWAY.

CARRIAGES

FOR

AUTUMN AND WINTER USE.

WOOD BROS.,

NO. 740 BROADWAY,

Are selling, at a **large discount** from former prices, their unequaled stock of richly finished Carriages, of the **best quality only**, designed and made under their own personal superintendence, from the **latest French and English Fashions**, trimmed with the softest imported moroccos and satins, and **guaranteed** in all respects the **best** Carriages made.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Our business being organized at vastly less expense than that of some of our competitors, we can afford, and in view of the hard times, **are resolved to give buyers the benefit of our economy.**

Low prices and the unequaled quality of our goods naturally cause warm competition; therefore buyers should receive with caution the malicious misrepresentations of rival manufacturers, and examine our stock and judge for themselves before purchasing.

WOOD BROS.

WEBER

PIANO-FORTES

NILSSON.	I shall take every opportunity to *recommend* and *praise* your instruments.
KELLOGG.	For the last six years your Pianos have been my *choice* for the *Concert-room* and my own *house*.
LUCCA.	Your uprights are *extraordinary* instruments and deserve their *great success*.
PATTI.	I have used the Pianos of every celebrated maker, but *give yours the preference over all*.
STRAUSS.	Your Pianos astonish me. *I have never yet seen any Pianos which equal yours.*
WEHL.	Mme. Parepa called your Piano the finest in the United States. *I fully indorse* that opinion. They have no *Rival anywhere.*

Prices Reasonable. Terms Easy.

WAREROOMS:

Fifth av., corner Sixteenth st., N. Y.

CHENEY BROTHERS'

AMERICAN

BLACK AND COLORED

Gros Grain Silks.

Warranted not to cut or change color in wearing.

For real service undoubtedly the best and cheapest Silks made.

A full assortment of all the choice seasonable shades at

JAMES McCREERY & CO.'S,

BROADWAY, CORNER 11TH ST.

KNABE

GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANOS.

WM. KNABE & CO.,

WAREROOMS,

NO. 112 5TH AV.,

ABOVE 16TH ST.

ROEBUCK'S WEATHER-STRIPS

Are a neat, ornamental wood molding in WALNUT, WHITE, or OAK, with a STRIP of RUBBER inserted. A sure preventive of DRAFTS through DOORS and WINDOWS. Best and cheapest. For sale or applied by

S. ROEBUCK & CO.,

No. 58 Fulton st., near Cliff.

Established 1863.

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